

SENATE JOURNAL

STATE OF ILLINOIS

NINETY-SECOND GENERAL ASSEMBLY

38TH LEGISLATIVE DAY

THURSDAY, MAY 10, 2001

10:30 O'CLOCK A.M.

No. 38
[May 10, 2001]

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment.
 Honorable James "Pate" Philip, Wood Dale, Illinois, presiding.
 Prayer by Reverend Margaret Grove, First United Methodist Church,
 Springfield, Illinois.
 Senator Radogno led the Senate in the Pledge of Allegiance.

The Journal of Tuesday, May 8, 2001, was being read when on motion of Senator Myers further reading of same was dispensed with and unless some Senator had corrections to offer, the Journal would stand approved. No corrections being offered, the Journal was ordered to stand approved.

Senator Myers moved that reading and approval of the Journal of Wednesday, May 9, 2001 be postponed pending arrival of the printed Journal.

The motion prevailed.

REPORTS RECEIVED

The Secretary placed before the Senate the following reports:

A Special Report, Telecommunications Deregulation Issues and Impacts, April 2001, submitted by the Illinois Economic and Fiscal Commission.

A report on the Economic and Revenue Updates, May 8, 2001, submitted by the Illinois Economic and Fiscal Commission.

The foregoing reports were ordered received and placed on file in the Secretary's Office.

LEGISLATIVE MEASURES FILED

The following floor amendments to the House Bills listed below have been filed with the Secretary, and referred to the Committee on Rules:

Senate Amendment No. 2 to House Bill 469
 Senate Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 1810
 Senate Amendment No. 2 to House Bill 1970

EXCUSED FROM ATTENDANCE

Senator Maitland was excused from attendance due to illness.

Senator Lightford was excused from attendance due to illness.

REPORTS FROM STANDING COMMITTEES

Senator Lauzen, Chairperson of the Committee on Commerce and Industry to which was referred House Bills numbered 1664 and 3203 reported the same back with the recommendation that the bills do pass.

Under the rules, the bills were ordered to a second reading.

Senator Lauzen, Chairperson of the Committee on Commerce and
 [May 10, 2001]

Industry to which was referred House Bill No. 2221 reported the same back with amendments having been adopted thereto, with the recommendation that the bill, as amended, do pass.

Under the rules, the bill was ordered to a second reading.

Senator Klemm, Chairperson of the Committee on Executive to which was referred House Bills numbered 1029, 1519, 1521, 1523, 1531, 1599, 2428, 2641, 2646, 3078, 3095 and 3392 reported the same back with the recommendation that the bills do pass.

Under the rules, the bills were ordered to a second reading.

Senator Klemm, Chairperson of the Committee on Executive to which was referred House Bills numbered 201, 263, 269, 333, 505, 604, 778, 1215, 1623, 1655, 2283, 2432, 2439, 2602 and 2807 reported the same back with amendments having been adopted thereto, with the recommendation that the bills, as amended, do pass.

Under the rules, the bills were ordered to a second reading.

Senator Klemm, Chairperson of the Committee on Executive, to which was referred Senate Resolution No. 88 reported the same back with the recommendation that the resolution be adopted.

Under the rules, Senate Resolution 88 was placed on the Secretary's Desk.

Senator Klemm, Chairperson of the Committee on Executive, to which was referred Senate Resolution No. 70 reported the same back with amendments having been adopted thereto, with the recommendation that the resolution, as amended, be adopted.

Under the rules, Senate Resolution 70 was placed on the Secretary's Desk.

Senator Klemm, Chairperson of the Committee on Executive, to which was referred Senate Joint Resolution No. 6 reported the same back with the recommendation that the resolution be adopted.

Under the rules, Senate Joint Resolution 6 was placed on the Secretary's Desk.

Senator O'Malley, Chairperson of the Committee on Financial Institutions to which was referred House Bills numbered 1051, 1089, 2376 and 3008 reported the same back with the recommendation that the bills do pass.

Under the rules, the bills were ordered to a second reading.

Senator O'Malley, Chairperson of the Committee on Financial Institutions to which was referred House Bills numbered 1030 and 2538 reported the same back with amendments having been adopted thereto, with the recommendation that the bills, as amended, do pass.

Under the rules, the bills were ordered to a second reading.

Senator Burzynski, Chairperson of the Committee on Licensed Activities to which was referred House Bills numbered 273, 1356, 1551, 1825, 2148, 2463, 2595 and 3194 reported the same back with the recommendation that the bills do pass.

Under the rules, the bills were ordered to a second reading.

Senator Burzynski, Chairperson of the Committee on Licensed Activities to which was referred House Bills numbered 1695 and 2391 reported the same back with amendments having been adopted thereto, with the recommendation that the bills, as amended, do pass.

Under the rules, the bills were ordered to a second reading.

[May 10, 2001]

Senator Peterson, Chairperson of the Committee on Revenue to which was referred House Bills numbered 760, 843, 1094, 1813, 2113, 2392 and 3292 reported the same back with the recommendation that the bills do pass.

Under the rules, the bills were ordered to a second reading.

Senator Peterson, Chairperson of the Committee on Revenue to which was referred House Bills numbered 183, 1270, 3288 and 3289 reported the same back with amendments having been adopted thereto, with the recommendation that the bills, as amended, do pass.

Under the rules, the bills were ordered to a second reading.

Senator T. Walsh, Chairperson of the Committee on State Government Operations to which was referred House Bills numbered 3375 and 3574 reported the same back with the recommendation that the bills do pass.

Under the rules, the bills were ordered to a second reading.

Senator T. Walsh, Chairperson of the Committee on State Government Operations to which was referred House Bills numbered 854, 1640, 1728 and 3307 reported the same back with amendments having been adopted thereto, with the recommendation that the bills, as amended, do pass.

Under the rules, the bills were ordered to a second reading.

MESSAGES FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

A message from the House by
Mr. Rossi, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 39

A bill for AN ACT in relation to civil procedure.

Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 39

Passed the House, as amended, May 9, 2001.

ANTHONY D. ROSSI, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 39

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 39 on page 2, line 33, before the period, by inserting the following:

" , except that the redemption period shall be 6 months from the date of sale and the real estate homestead exemption under Section 12-901 shall apply" .

Under the rules, the foregoing Senate Bill No. 39, with House Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary's Desk.

A message from the House by
Mr. Rossi, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

[May 10, 2001]

SENATE BILL NO. 48

A bill for AN ACT concerning corporate fiduciaries.

Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 48

Passed the House, as amended, May 9, 2001.

ANTHONY D. ROSSI, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 48

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 48 on page 1, line 5, by changing "Section 2-6.5 and" to "Sections 2-6.5,"; and on page 1, line 6, by changing "Section" to "6-13.5, and"; and on page 4, line 13 and line 20 by changing "\$5,000,000", each time it appears, to "\$4,000,000"; and on page 4 by inserting immediately below line 24 the following:

"(205 ICS 620/6-13.5 new)

Sec. 6-13.5. Pledging requirements.

(a) The Commissioner may require a trust company holding a certificate of authority under this Act to pledge to the Commissioner securities or a surety bond which shall run to the Commissioner in an amount, not to exceed \$1,000,000, that the Commissioner deems appropriate for costs associated with the receivership of the trust company. In the event of a receivership of a trust company, the Commissioner may, without regard to any priorities, preferences, or adverse claims, reduce the pledged securities or the surety bond to cash and, as soon as practicable, utilize the cash to cover costs associated with the receivership.

(b) If the trust company chooses to pledge securities to satisfy the provisions of this Section, the securities shall be held at a depository institution or a Federal Reserve Bank approved by the Commissioner. The Commissioner may specify the types of securities that may be pledged in accordance with this Section. Any fees associated with holding such securities shall be the responsibility of the trust company.

(c) If the trust company chooses to purchase a surety bond to satisfy the provisions of this Section, the bond shall be issued by a bonding company, approved by the Commissioner, that is authorized to do business in this State and that has a rating in one of the 3 highest grades as determined by a national rating service. The bond shall be in a form approved by the Commissioner. The trust company may not obtain a surety bond from any entity in which the trust company has a financial interest."

Under the rules, the foregoing Senate Bill No. 48, with House Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary's Desk.

A message from the House by

Mr. Rossi, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 55

A bill for AN ACT concerning taxes.

Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the

[May 10, 2001]

Senate, to-wit:

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 55

Passed the House, as amended, May 9, 2001.

ANTHONY D. ROSSI, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 55

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 55 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Retailers' Occupation Tax Act is amended by changing Section 14 as follows:

(35 ILCS 120/14) (from Ch. 120, par. 453)

Sec. 14. Short title; additional tax. This Act shall be known as the "Retailers' Occupation Tax Act" and the tax herein imposed shall be in addition to all other occupation or privilege taxes imposed by the State of Illinois or by any municipal corporation or political subdivision thereof.

(Source: Laws 1933, p. 924.)".

Under the rules, the foregoing Senate Bill No. 55, with House Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary's Desk.

A message from the House by

Mr. Rossi, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 93

A bill for AN ACT concerning the Metropolitan Water Reclamation District.

Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 93

Passed the House, as amended, May 9, 2001.

ANTHONY D. ROSSI, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 93

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 93 on page 1, line 6, after "amended", by inserting "by changing Section 10 and"; and on page 1, immediately below line 6, by inserting the following:

"(70 ILCS 2605/10) (from Ch. 42, par. 329)

Sec. 10. At the time or before incurring any indebtedness, the board of trustees shall provide for the collection of a direct annual tax sufficient to pay the interest on such debt as it falls due, and also to pay and discharge the principal thereof as the same shall fall due, and at--least within 30 ~~twenty~~ years from the time of contracting the same: Provided that any such tax levied to pay the interest on bonds and to discharge the principal thereof for bonds heretofore issued prior to November 6, 1956, or for Refunding Bonds thereafter issued to refund said bonds, shall be levied and extended only upon property within the territorial limits of such sanitary districts as said territorial limits existed on November 6, 1956.

(Source: Laws 1955, p. 677.)".

Under the rules, the foregoing Senate Bill No. 93, with House Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary's Desk.

[May 10, 2001]

A message from the House by
 Mr. Rossi, Clerk:
 Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 116

A bill for AN ACT to amend the School Code by changing Section 14-1.09.2.

Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 116

Passed the House, as amended, May 9, 2001.

ANTHONY D. ROSSI, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 116

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 116 on page 2, line 15, by replacing "positive" with "nonaversive"; and on page 2, by replacing lines 19 through 21 with the following: "this Section for which they are appropriately trained.".

Under the rules, the foregoing Senate Bill No. 116, with House Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary's Desk.

A message from the House by
 Mr. Rossi, Clerk:
 Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 216

A bill for AN ACT in relation to children.

Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 216

Passed the House, as amended, May 9, 2001.

ANTHONY D. ROSSI, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 216

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 216 as follows:
 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:
 "Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the Abandoned Newborn Infant Protection Act.

Section 5. Public policy. Illinois recognizes that newborn infants have been abandoned to the environment or to other circumstances that may be unsafe to the newborn infant. These circumstances have caused injury and death to newborn infants and give rise to potential civil or criminal liability to parents who may be under severe emotional distress. This Act is intended to provide a mechanism for a newborn infant to be relinquished to a safe environment and for the parents of the infant to remain anonymous if they choose and to avoid civil or criminal liability for the act of relinquishing the infant. It is recognized that establishing an adoption plan is preferable to relinquishing a child using the

[May 10, 2001]

procedures outlined in this Act, but to reduce the chance of injury to a newborn infant, this Act provides a safer alternative.

A public information campaign on this delicate issue shall be implemented to encourage parents considering abandonment of their newborn child to relinquish the child under the procedures outlined in this Act, to choose a traditional adoption plan, or to parent a child themselves rather than place the newborn infant in harm's way.

Section 10. Definitions. In this Act:

"Abandon" has the same meaning as in the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act.

"Abused child" has the same meaning as in the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act.

"Child-placing agency" means a licensed public or private agency that receives a child for the purpose of placing or arranging for the placement of the child in a foster family home or other facility for child care, apart from the custody of the child's parents.

"Department" or "DCFS" means the Illinois Department of Children and Family Services.

"Emergency medical facility" means a freestanding emergency center or trauma center, as defined in the Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Systems Act.

"Emergency medical professional" includes licensed physicians, and any emergency medical technician-basic, emergency medical technician-intermediate, emergency medical technician-paramedic, trauma nurse specialist, and pre-hospital RN, as defined in the Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Systems Act.

"Fire station" means a fire station within the State that is staffed with at least one full-time emergency medical professional.

"Hospital" has the same meaning as in the Hospital Licensing Act.

"Legal custody" means the relationship created by a court order in the best interest of a newborn infant that imposes on the infant's custodian the responsibility of physical possession of the infant, the duty to protect, train, and discipline the infant, and the duty to provide the infant with food, shelter, education, and medical care, except as these are limited by parental rights and responsibilities.

"Neglected child" has the same meaning as in the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act.

"Newborn infant" means a child who a licensed physician reasonably believes is 72 hours old or less at the time the child is initially relinquished to a hospital, fire station, or emergency medical facility, and who is not an abused or a neglected child.

"Relinquish" means to bring a newborn infant, who a licensed physician reasonably believes is 72 hours old or less, to a hospital, fire station, or emergency medical facility and to leave the infant with personnel of the facility, if the person leaving the infant does not express an intent to return for the infant or states that he or she will not return for the infant. In the case of a mother who gives birth to an infant in a hospital, the mother's act of leaving that newborn infant at the hospital (i) without expressing an intent to return for the infant or (ii) stating that she will not return for the infant is not a "relinquishment" under this Act.

"Temporary protective custody" means the temporary placement of a newborn infant within a hospital or other medical facility out of the custody of the infant's parent.

Section 15. Presumptions.

(a) There is a presumption that by relinquishing a newborn infant in accordance with this Act, the infant's parent consents to the termination of his or her parental rights with respect to the infant.

[May 10, 2001]

(b) There is a presumption that a person relinquishing a newborn infant in accordance with this Act:

- (1) is the newborn infant's biological parent; and
- (2) either without expressing an intent to return for the infant or expressing an intent not to return for the infant, did intend to relinquish the infant to the hospital, fire station, or emergency medical facility to treat, care for, and provide for the infant in accordance with this Act.

(c) A parent of a relinquished newborn infant may rebut the presumption set forth in either subsection (a) or subsection (b) pursuant to Section 55, at any time before the termination of the parent's parental rights.

Section 20. Procedures with respect to relinquished newborn infants.

(a) Hospitals. Every hospital must accept and provide all necessary emergency services and care to a relinquished newborn infant, in accordance with this Act. The hospital shall examine a relinquished newborn infant and perform tests that, based on reasonable medical judgment, are appropriate in evaluating whether the relinquished newborn infant was abused or neglected.

The act of relinquishing a newborn infant serves as implied consent for the hospital and its medical personnel and physicians on staff to treat and provide care for the infant.

The hospital shall be deemed to have temporary protective custody of a relinquished newborn infant until the infant is discharged to the custody of a child-placing agency or the Department.

(b) Fire stations and emergency medical facilities. Every fire station and emergency medical facility must accept and provide all necessary emergency services and care to a relinquished newborn infant, in accordance with this Act.

The act of relinquishing a newborn infant serves as implied consent for the fire station or emergency medical facility and its emergency medical professionals to treat and provide care for the infant, to the extent that those emergency medical professionals are trained to provide those services.

After the relinquishment of a newborn infant to a fire station or emergency medical facility, the fire station or emergency medical facility's personnel must arrange for the transportation of the infant to the nearest hospital as soon as transportation can be arranged.

If the parent of a newborn infant returns to reclaim the child within 72 hours after relinquishing the child to a fire station or emergency medical facility, the fire station or emergency medical facility must inform the parent of the name and location of the hospital to which the infant was transported.

Section 25. Immunity for relinquishing person.

(a) The act of relinquishing a newborn infant to a hospital, fire station, or emergency medical facility in accordance with this Act does not, by itself, constitute a basis for a finding of abuse, neglect, or abandonment of the infant pursuant to the laws of this State nor does it, by itself, constitute a violation of Section 12-21.5 or 12-21.6 of the Criminal Code of 1961.

(b) If there is suspected child abuse or neglect that is not based solely on the newborn infant's relinquishment to a hospital, fire station, or emergency medical facility, the personnel of the hospital, fire station, or emergency medical facility who are mandated reporters under the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act must report the abuse or neglect pursuant to that Act.

(c) Neither a child protective investigation nor a criminal investigation may be initiated solely because a newborn infant is

[May 10, 2001]

relinquished pursuant to this Act.

Section 27. Immunity of facility and personnel. A hospital, fire station, or emergency medical facility, and any personnel of a hospital, fire station, or emergency medical facility, are immune from criminal or civil liability for acting in good faith in accordance with this Act. Nothing in this Act limits liability for negligence for care and medical treatment.

Section 30. Anonymity of relinquishing person. If there is no evidence of abuse or neglect of a relinquished newborn infant, the relinquishing person has the right to remain anonymous and to leave the hospital, fire station, or emergency medical facility at any time and not be pursued or followed. Before the relinquishing person leaves the hospital, fire station, or emergency medical facility, the hospital, fire station, or emergency medical facility personnel shall i) verbally inform the relinquishing person that by relinquishing the child anonymously, he or she will have to petition the court if he or she desires to prevent the termination of parental rights and regain custody of the child and ii) shall offer the relinquishing person the information packet described in Section 35 of this Act. However, nothing in this Act shall be construed as precluding the relinquishing person from providing his or her identity or completing the application forms for the Illinois Adoption Registry and Medical Information Exchange and requesting that the hospital, fire station, or emergency medical facility forward those forms to the Illinois Adoption Registry and Medical Information Exchange.

Section 35. Information for relinquishing person. A hospital, fire station, or emergency medical facility that receives a newborn infant relinquished in accordance with this Act must offer an information packet to the relinquishing person and, if possible, must clearly inform the relinquishing person that his or her acceptance of the information is completely voluntary, that registration with the Illinois Adoption Registry and Medical Information Exchange is voluntary, that the person will remain anonymous if he or she completes a Denial of Information Exchange, and that the person has the option to provide medical information only and still remain anonymous. The information packet must include all of the following:

(1) All Illinois Adoption Registry and Medical Information Exchange application forms, including the Medical Information Exchange Questionnaire and the web site address and toll free phone number of the Registry.

(2) Written notice of the following:

(A) No sooner than 60 days following the date of the initial relinquishment of the infant to a hospital, fire station, or emergency medical facility, the child-placing agency or the Department will commence proceedings for the termination of parental rights and placement of the infant for adoption.

(B) Failure of a parent of the infant to contact the Department and petition for the return of custody of the infant before termination of parental rights bars any future action asserting legal rights with respect to the infant.

(3) A resource list of providers of counseling services including grief counseling, pregnancy counseling, and counseling regarding adoption and other available options for placement of the infant.

Upon request, the Department of Public Health shall provide the application forms for the Illinois Adoption Registry and Medical Information Exchange to hospitals, fire stations, and emergency medical facilities.

Section 40. Reporting requirements.

[May 10, 2001]

(a) Within 12 hours after accepting a newborn infant from a relinquishing person or from a fire station or emergency medical facility in accordance with this Act, a hospital must report to the Department's State Central Registry for the purpose of transferring physical custody of the infant from the hospital to either a child-placing agency or the Department.

(b) Within 24 hours after receiving a report under subsection (a), the Department must request assistance from law enforcement officials to investigate the matter using the National Crime Information Center to ensure that the relinquished newborn infant is not a missing child.

(c) Once a hospital has made a report to the Department under subsection (a), the Department must arrange for a licensed child-placing agency to accept physical custody of the relinquished newborn infant.

(d) If a relinquished child is not a newborn infant as defined in this Act, the hospital and the Department must proceed as if the child is an abused or neglected child.

Section 45. Medical assistance. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a newborn infant relinquished in accordance with this Act shall be deemed eligible for medical assistance under the Illinois Public Aid Code, and a hospital providing medical services to such an infant shall be reimbursed for those services in accordance with the payment methodologies authorized under that Code. In addition, for any day that a hospital has custody of a newborn infant relinquished in accordance with this Act and the infant does not require medically necessary care, the hospital shall be reimbursed by the Illinois Department of Public Aid at the general acute care per diem rate, in accordance with 89 Ill. Adm. Code 148.270(c).

Section 50. Child-placing agency procedures.

(a) The Department's State Central Registry must maintain a list of licensed child-placing agencies willing to take legal custody of newborn infants relinquished in accordance with this Act. The child-placing agencies on the list must be contacted by the Department on a rotating basis upon notice from a hospital that a newborn infant has been relinquished in accordance with this Act.

(b) Upon notice from the Department that a newborn infant has been relinquished in accordance with this Act, a child-placing agency must accept the newborn infant if the agency has the accommodations to do so. The child-placing agency must seek an order for legal custody of the infant upon its acceptance of the infant.

(c) Within 3 business days after assuming physical custody of the infant, the child-placing agency shall file a petition in the division of the circuit court in which petitions for adoption would normally be heard. The petition shall allege that the newborn infant has been relinquished in accordance with this Act and shall state that the child-placing agency intends to place the infant in an adoptive home.

(d) If no licensed child-placing agency is able to accept the relinquished newborn infant, then the Department must assume responsibility for the infant as soon as practicable.

(e) A custody order issued under subsection (b) shall remain in effect until a final adoption order based on the relinquished newborn infant's best interests is issued in accordance with this Act and the Adoption Act.

(f) When possible, the child-placing agency must place a relinquished newborn infant in a prospective adoptive home.

(g) The Department or child-placing agency must initiate proceedings to (i) terminate the parental rights of the relinquished

[May 10, 2001]

newborn infant's known or unknown parents, (ii) appoint a guardian for the infant, and (iii) obtain consent to the infant's adoption in accordance with this Act no sooner than 60 days following the date of the initial relinquishment of the infant to the hospital, fire station, or emergency medical facility.

(h) Before filing a petition for termination of parental rights, the Department or child-placing agency must do the following:

(1) Search its Putative Father Registry for the purpose of determining the identity and location of the putative father of the relinquished newborn infant who is, or is expected to be, the subject of an adoption proceeding, in order to provide notice of the proceeding to the putative father. At least one search of the Registry must be conducted, at least 30 days after the relinquished newborn infant's estimated date of birth; earlier searches may be conducted, however. Notice to any potential putative father discovered in a search of the Registry according to the estimated age of the relinquished newborn infant must be in accordance with Section 12a of the Adoption Act.

(2) Verify with law enforcement officials, using the National Crime Information Center, that the relinquished newborn infant is not a missing child.

Section 55. Petition for return of custody.

(a) A parent of a newborn infant relinquished in accordance with this Act may petition for the return of custody of the infant before the termination of parental rights with respect to the infant.

(b) A parent of a newborn infant relinquished in accordance with this Act may petition for the return of custody of the infant by contacting the Department for the purpose of obtaining the name of the child-placing agency and then filing a petition for return of custody in the circuit court in which the proceeding for the termination of parental rights is pending.

(c) If a petition for the termination of parental rights has not been filed by the Department or the child-placing agency, the parent of the relinquished newborn infant must contact the Department, which must notify the parent of the appropriate court in which the petition for return of custody must be filed.

(d) The circuit court may hold the proceeding for the termination of parental rights in abeyance for a period not to exceed 60 days from the date that the petition for return of custody was filed without a showing of good cause. During that period:

(1) The court shall order genetic testing to establish maternity or paternity, or both.

(2) The Department shall conduct a child protective investigation and home study to develop recommendations to the court.

(3) When indicated as a result of the Department's investigation and home study, further proceedings under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 as the court determines appropriate, may be conducted. However, relinquishment of a newborn infant in accordance with this Act does not render the infant abused, neglected, or abandoned solely because the newborn infant was relinquished to a hospital, fire station, or emergency medical facility in accordance with this Act.

(e) Failure to file a petition for the return of custody of a relinquished newborn infant before the termination of parental rights bars any future action asserting legal rights with respect to the infant unless the parent's act of relinquishment that led to the termination of parental rights involved fraud perpetrated against and not stemming from or involving the parent. No action to void or revoke the termination of parental rights of a parent of a newborn

infant relinquished in accordance with this Act, including an action based on fraud, may be commenced after 12 months after the date that the newborn infant was initially relinquished to a hospital, fire station, or emergency medical facility.

Section 60. Department's duties. The Department must implement a public information program to promote safe placement alternatives for newborn infants. The public information program must inform the public of the following:

(1) The relinquishment alternative provided for in this Act, which results in the adoption of a newborn infant under 72 hours of age and which provides for the parent's anonymity, if the parent so chooses.

(2) The alternative of adoption through a public or private agency, in which the parent's identity may or may not be known to the agency, but is kept anonymous from the adoptive parents, if the birth parent so desires, and which allows the parent to be actively involved in the child's adoption plan.

The public information program may include, but need not be limited to, the following elements:

(i) Educational and informational materials in print, audio, video, electronic or other media.

(ii) Establishment of a web site.

(iii) Public service announcements and advertisements.

(iv) Establishment of toll-free telephone hotlines to provide information.

Section 65. Evaluation.

(a) The Department shall collect and analyze information regarding the relinquishment of newborn infants and placement of children under this Act. Fire stations, emergency medical facilities, and medical professionals accepting and providing services to a newborn infant under this Act shall report to the Department data necessary for the Department to evaluate and determine the effect of this Act in the prevention of injury or death of newborn infants. Child-placing agencies shall report to the Department data necessary to evaluate and determine the effectiveness of these agencies in providing child protective and child welfare services to newborn infants relinquished under this Act.

(b) The information collected shall include, but need not be limited to: the number of newborn infants relinquished; the services provided to relinquished newborn infants; the outcome of care for the relinquished newborn infants; the number and disposition of cases of relinquished newborn infants subject to placement; the number of children accepted and served by child-placing agencies; and the services provided by child-placing agencies and the disposition of the cases of the children placed under this Act.

(c) The Department shall submit a report by January 1, 2002, and on January 1 of each year thereafter, to the Governor and General Assembly regarding the prevention of injury or death of newborn infants and the effect of placements of children under this Act. The report shall include, but need not be limited to, a summary of collected data, an analysis of the data and conclusions regarding the Act's effectiveness, a determination whether the purposes of the Act are being achieved, and recommendations for changes that may be considered necessary to improve the administration and enforcement of this Act.

Section 70. Construction of Act. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to preclude the courts of this State from exercising their discretion to protect the health and safety of children in individual cases. The best interests and welfare of a child shall be a paramount consideration in the construction and interpretation of this Act. It

[May 10, 2001]

is in the child's best interests that this Act be construed and interpreted so as not to result in extending time limits beyond those set forth in this Act.

Section 75. Repeal. This Act is repealed on July 1, 2007.

Section 90. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by changing Section 4-1.2 as follows:

(305 ILCS 5/4-1.2) (from Ch. 23, par. 4-1.2)

Sec. 4-1.2. Living Arrangements - Parents - Relatives - Foster Care.

(a) The child or children must (1) be living with his or their father, mother, grandfather, grandmother, brother, sister, stepfather, stepmother, stepbrother, stepsister, uncle or aunt, or other relative approved by the Illinois Department, in a place of residence maintained by one or more of such relatives as his or their own home, or (2) have been (a) removed from the home of the parents or other relatives by judicial order under the Juvenile Court Act or the Juvenile Court Act of 1987, as amended, (b) placed under the guardianship of the Department of Children and Family Services, and (c) under such guardianship, placed in a foster family home, group home or child care institution licensed pursuant to the "Child Care Act of 1969", approved May 15, 1969, as amended, or approved by that Department as meeting standards established for licensing under that Act, or (3) have been relinquished in accordance with the Abandoned Newborn Infant Protection Act. A child so placed in foster care who was not receiving aid under this Article in or for the month in which the court proceedings leading to that placement were initiated may qualify only if he lived in the home of his parents or other relatives at the time the proceedings were initiated, or within 6 months prior to the month of initiation, and would have received aid in and for that month if application had been made therefor.

(b) The Illinois Department may, by rule, establish those persons who are living together who must be included in the same assistance unit in order to receive cash assistance under this Article and the income and assets of those persons in an assistance unit which must be considered in determining eligibility.

(c) The conditions of qualification herein specified shall not prejudice aid granted under this Code for foster care prior to the effective date of this 1969 Amendatory Act.
(Source: P.A. 90-17, eff. 7-1-97.)

Section 92. The Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act is amended by changing Section 3 as follows:

(325 ILCS 5/3) (from Ch. 23, par. 2053)

Sec. 3. As used in this Act unless the context otherwise requires:

"Child" means any person under the age of 18 years, unless legally emancipated by reason of marriage or entry into a branch of the United States armed services.

"Department" means Department of Children and Family Services.

"Local law enforcement agency" means the police of a city, town, village or other incorporated area or the sheriff of an unincorporated area or any sworn officer of the Illinois Department of State Police.

"Abused child" means a child whose parent or immediate family member, or any person responsible for the child's welfare, or any individual residing in the same home as the child, or a paramour of the child's parent:

a. inflicts, causes to be inflicted, or allows to be inflicted upon such child physical injury, by other than accidental means, which causes death, disfigurement, impairment of physical or emotional health, or loss or impairment of any

[May 10, 2001]

bodily function;

b. creates a substantial risk of physical injury to such child by other than accidental means which would be likely to cause death, disfigurement, impairment of physical or emotional health, or loss or impairment of any bodily function;

c. commits or allows to be committed any sex offense against such child, as such sex offenses are defined in the Criminal Code of 1961, as amended, and extending those definitions of sex offenses to include children under 18 years of age;

d. commits or allows to be committed an act or acts of torture upon such child;

e. inflicts excessive corporal punishment;

f. commits or allows to be committed the offense of female genital mutilation, as defined in Section 12-34 of the Criminal Code of 1961, against the child; or

g. causes to be sold, transferred, distributed, or given to such child under 18 years of age, a controlled substance as defined in Section 102 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act in violation of Article IV of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, except for controlled substances that are prescribed in accordance with Article III of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act and are dispensed to such child in a manner that substantially complies with the prescription.

A child shall not be considered abused for the sole reason that the child has been relinquished in accordance with the Abandoned Newborn Infant Protection Act.

"Neglected child" means any child who is not receiving the proper or necessary nourishment or medically indicated treatment including food or care not provided solely on the basis of the present or anticipated mental or physical impairment as determined by a physician acting alone or in consultation with other physicians or otherwise is not receiving the proper or necessary support or medical or other remedial care recognized under State law as necessary for a child's well-being, or other care necessary for his or her well-being, including adequate food, clothing and shelter; or who is abandoned by his or her parents or other person responsible for the child's welfare without a proper plan of care; or who is a newborn infant whose blood, urine, or meconium contains any amount of a controlled substance as defined in subsection (f) of Section 102 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act or a metabolite thereof, with the exception of a controlled substance or metabolite thereof whose presence in the newborn infant is the result of medical treatment administered to the mother or the newborn infant. A child shall not be considered neglected for the sole reason that the child's parent or other person responsible for his or her welfare has left the child in the care of an adult relative for any period of time. A child shall not be considered neglected for the sole reason that the child has been relinquished in accordance with the Abandoned Newborn Infant Protection Act. A child shall not be considered neglected or abused for the sole reason that such child's parent or other person responsible for his or her welfare depends upon spiritual means through prayer alone for the treatment or cure of disease or remedial care as provided under Section 4 of this Act. A child shall not be considered neglected or abused solely because the child is not attending school in accordance with the requirements of Article 26 of The School Code, as amended.

"Child Protective Service Unit" means certain specialized State employees of the Department assigned by the Director to perform the duties and responsibilities as provided under Section 7.2 of this

[May 10, 2001]

Act.

"Person responsible for the child's welfare" means the child's parent; guardian; foster parent; relative caregiver; any person responsible for the child's welfare in a public or private residential agency or institution; any person responsible for the child's welfare within a public or private profit or not for profit child care facility; or any other person responsible for the child's welfare at the time of the alleged abuse or neglect, or any person who came to know the child through an official capacity or position of trust, including but not limited to health care professionals, educational personnel, recreational supervisors, and volunteers or support personnel in any setting where children may be subject to abuse or neglect.

"Temporary protective custody" means custody within a hospital or other medical facility or a place previously designated for such custody by the Department, subject to review by the Court, including a licensed foster home, group home, or other institution; but such place shall not be a jail or other place for the detention of criminal or juvenile offenders.

"An unfounded report" means any report made under this Act for which it is determined after an investigation that no credible evidence of abuse or neglect exists.

"An indicated report" means a report made under this Act if an investigation determines that credible evidence of the alleged abuse or neglect exists.

"An undetermined report" means any report made under this Act in which it was not possible to initiate or complete an investigation on the basis of information provided to the Department.

"Subject of report" means any child reported to the central register of child abuse and neglect established under Section 7.7 of this Act and his or her parent, guardian or other person responsible who is also named in the report.

"Perpetrator" means a person who, as a result of investigation, has been determined by the Department to have caused child abuse or neglect.

(Source: P.A. 90-239, eff. 7-28-97; 90-684, eff. 7-31-98; 91-802, eff. 1-1-01.)

Section 95. The Juvenile Court Act of 1987 is amended by changing Section 2-3 as follows:

(705 ILCS 405/2-3) (from Ch. 37, par. 802-3)

Sec. 2-3. Neglected or abused minor.

(1) Those who are neglected include:

(a) any minor under 18 years of age who is not receiving the proper or necessary support, education as required by law, or medical or other remedial care recognized under State law as necessary for a minor's well-being, or other care necessary for his or her well-being, including adequate food, clothing and shelter, or who is abandoned by his or her parents or other person responsible for the minor's welfare, except that a minor shall not be considered neglected for the sole reason that the minor's parent or other person responsible for the minor's welfare has left the minor in the care of an adult relative for any period of time; or

(b) any minor under 18 years of age whose environment is injurious to his or her welfare; or

(c) any newborn infant whose blood, urine, or meconium contains any amount of a controlled substance as defined in subsection (f) of Section 102 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, as now or hereafter amended, or a metabolite of a controlled substance, with the exception of controlled substances

[May 10, 2001]

or metabolites of such substances, the presence of which in the newborn infant is the result of medical treatment administered to the mother or the newborn infant; or

(d) any minor under the age of 14 years whose parent or other person responsible for the minor's welfare leaves the minor without supervision for an unreasonable period of time without regard for the mental or physical health, safety, or welfare of that minor.

Whether the minor was left without regard for the mental or physical health, safety, or welfare of that minor or the period of time was unreasonable shall be determined by considering the following factors, including but not limited to:

- (1) the age of the minor;
- (2) the number of minors left at the location;
- (3) special needs of the minor, including whether the minor is physically or mentally handicapped, or otherwise in need of ongoing prescribed medical treatment such as periodic doses of insulin or other medications;
- (4) the duration of time in which the minor was left without supervision;
- (5) the condition and location of the place where the minor was left without supervision;
- (6) the time of day or night when the minor was left without supervision;
- (7) the weather conditions, including whether the minor was left in a location with adequate protection from the natural elements such as adequate heat or light;
- (8) the location of the parent or guardian at the time the minor was left without supervision, the physical distance the minor was from the parent or guardian at the time the minor was without supervision;
- (9) whether the minor's movement was restricted, or the minor was otherwise locked within a room or other structure;
- (10) whether the minor was given a phone number of a person or location to call in the event of an emergency and whether the minor was capable of making an emergency call;
- (11) whether there was food and other provision left for the minor;
- (12) whether any of the conduct is attributable to economic hardship or illness and the parent, guardian or other person having physical custody or control of the child made a good faith effort to provide for the health and safety of the minor;
- (13) the age and physical and mental capabilities of the person or persons who provided supervision for the minor;
- (14) whether the minor was left under the supervision of another person;
- (15) any other factor that would endanger the health and safety of that particular minor.

A minor shall not be considered neglected for the sole reason that the minor has been relinquished in accordance with the Abandoned Newborn Infant Protection Act.

(2) Those who are abused include any minor under 18 years of age whose parent or immediate family member, or any person responsible for the minor's welfare, or any person who is in the same family or household as the minor, or any individual residing in the same home as the minor, or a paramour of the minor's parent:

- (i) inflicts, causes to be inflicted, or allows to be inflicted upon such minor physical injury, by other than accidental means, which causes death, disfigurement, impairment of physical or emotional health, or loss or impairment of any

[May 10, 2001]

bodily function;

(ii) creates a substantial risk of physical injury to such minor by other than accidental means which would be likely to cause death, disfigurement, impairment of emotional health, or loss or impairment of any bodily function;

(iii) commits or allows to be committed any sex offense against such minor, as such sex offenses are defined in the Criminal Code of 1961, as amended, and extending those definitions of sex offenses to include minors under 18 years of age;

(iv) commits or allows to be committed an act or acts of torture upon such minor; or

(v) inflicts excessive corporal punishment.

A minor shall not be considered abused for the sole reason that the minor has been relinquished in accordance with the Abandoned Newborn Infant Protection Act.

(3) This Section does not apply to a minor who would be included herein solely for the purpose of qualifying for financial assistance for himself, his parents, guardian or custodian.

(Source: P.A. 89-21, eff. 7-1-95; 90-239, eff. 7-28-97.)

Section 96. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by changing Sections 12-21.5 and 12-21.6 as follows:

(720 ILCS 5/12-21.5)

Sec. 12-21.5. Child Abandonment.

(a) A person commits the offense of child abandonment when he or she, as a parent, guardian, or other person having physical custody or control of a child, without regard for the mental or physical health, safety, or welfare of that child, knowingly leaves that child who is under the age of 13 without supervision by a responsible person over the age of 14 for a period of 24 hours or more, except that a person does not commit the offense of child abandonment when he or she relinquishes a child in accordance with the Abandoned Newborn Infant Protection Act.

(b) For the purposes of determining whether the child was left without regard for the mental or physical health, safety, or welfare of that child, the trier of fact shall consider the following factors:

(1) the age of the child;

(2) the number of children left at the location;

(3) special needs of the child, including whether the child is physically or mentally handicapped, or otherwise in need of ongoing prescribed medical treatment such as periodic doses of insulin or other medications;

(4) the duration of time in which the child was left without supervision;

(5) the condition and location of the place where the child was left without supervision;

(6) the time of day or night when the child was left without supervision;

(7) the weather conditions, including whether the child was left in a location with adequate protection from the natural elements such as adequate heat or light;

(8) the location of the parent, guardian, or other person having physical custody or control of the child at the time the child was left without supervision, the physical distance the child was from the parent, guardian, or other person having physical custody or control of the child at the time the child was without supervision;

(9) whether the child's movement was restricted, or the child was otherwise locked within a room or other structure;

[May 10, 2001]

(10) whether the child was given a phone number of a person or location to call in the event of an emergency and whether the child was capable of making an emergency call;

(11) whether there was food and other provision left for the child;

(12) whether any of the conduct is attributable to economic hardship or illness and the parent, guardian or other person having physical custody or control of the child made a good faith effort to provide for the health and safety of the child;

(13) the age and physical and mental capabilities of the person or persons who provided supervision for the child;

(14) any other factor that would endanger the health or safety of that particular child;

(15) whether the child was left under the supervision of another person.

(d) Child abandonment is a Class 4 felony. A second or subsequent offense after a prior conviction is a Class 3 felony.

(Source: P.A. 88-479.)

(720 ILCS 5/12-21.6)

Sec. 12-21.6. Endangering the life or health of a child.

(a) It is unlawful for any person to willfully cause or permit the life or health of a child under the age of 18 to be endangered or to willfully cause or permit a child to be placed in circumstances that endanger the child's life or health, except that it is not unlawful for a person to relinquish a child in accordance with the Abandoned Newborn Infant Protection Act.

(b) A violation of this Section is a Class A misdemeanor. A second or subsequent violation of this Section is a Class 3 felony. A violation of this Section that is a proximate cause of the death of the child is a Class 3 felony for which a person, if sentenced to a term of imprisonment, shall be sentenced to a term of not less than 2 years and not more than 10 years.

(Source: P.A. 90-687, eff. 7-31-98.)

Section 96.5. The Neglected Children Offense Act is amended by changing Section 2 as follows:

(720 ILCS 130/2) (from Ch. 23, par. 2361)

Sec. 2. Any parent, legal guardian or person having the custody of a child under the age of 18 years, who knowingly or wilfully causes, aids or encourages such person to be or to become a dependent and neglected child as defined in section 1, who knowingly or wilfully does acts which directly tend to render any such child so dependent and neglected, or who knowingly or wilfully fails to do that which will directly tend to prevent such state of dependency and neglect is guilty of the Class A misdemeanor of contributing to the dependency and neglect of children, except that a person who relinquishes a child in accordance with the Abandoned Newborn Infant Protection Act is not guilty of that misdemeanor. Instead of imposing the punishment hereinbefore provided, the court may release the defendant from custody on probation for one year upon his or her entering into recognizance with or without surety in such sum as the court directs. The conditions of the recognizance shall be such that if the defendant appears personally in court whenever ordered to do so within the year and provides and cares for such neglected and dependent child in such manner as to prevent a continuance or repetition of such state of dependency and neglect or as otherwise may be directed by the court then the recognizance shall be void, otherwise it shall be of full force and effect. If the court is satisfied by information and due proof under oath that at any time during the year the defendant has violated the terms of such order it may forthwith revoke the order and sentence him or her under the

[May 10, 2001]

original conviction. Unless so sentenced, the defendant shall at the end of the year be discharged. In case of forfeiture on the recognizance the sum recovered thereon may in the discretion of the court be paid in whole or in part to someone designated by the court for the support of such dependent and neglected child.

(Source: P.A. 77-2350.)

Section 97. The Adoption Act is amended by changing Section 1 as follows:

(750 ILCS 50/1) (from Ch. 40, par. 1501)

Sec. 1. Definitions. When used in this Act, unless the context otherwise requires:

A. "Child" means a person under legal age subject to adoption under this Act.

B. "Related child" means a child subject to adoption where either or both of the adopting parents stands in any of the following relationships to the child by blood or marriage: parent, grand-parent, brother, sister, step-parent, step-grandparent, step-brother, step-sister, uncle, aunt, great-uncle, great-aunt, or cousin of first degree. A child whose parent has executed a final irrevocable consent to adoption or a final irrevocable surrender for purposes of adoption, or whose parent has had his or her parental rights terminated, is not a related child to that person, unless the consent is determined to be void or is void pursuant to subsection O of Section 10.

C. "Agency" for the purpose of this Act means a public child welfare agency or a licensed child welfare agency.

D. "Unfit person" means any person whom the court shall find to be unfit to have a child, without regard to the likelihood that the child will be placed for adoption. The grounds of unfitness are any one or more of the following, except that a person shall not be considered an unfit person for the sole reason that the person has relinquished a child in accordance with the Abandoned Newborn Infant Protection Act:

(a) Abandonment of the child.

(a-1) Abandonment of a newborn infant in a hospital.

(a-2) Abandonment of a newborn infant in any setting where the evidence suggests that the parent intended to relinquish his or her parental rights.

(b) Failure to maintain a reasonable degree of interest, concern or responsibility as to the child's welfare.

(c) Desertion of the child for more than 3 months next preceding the commencement of the Adoption proceeding.

(d) Substantial neglect of the child if continuous or repeated.

(d-1) Substantial neglect, if continuous or repeated, of any child residing in the household which resulted in the death of that child.

(e) Extreme or repeated cruelty to the child.

(f) Two or more findings of physical abuse to any children under Section 4-8 of the Juvenile Court Act or Section 2-21 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987, the most recent of which was determined by the juvenile court hearing the matter to be supported by clear and convincing evidence; a criminal conviction or a finding of not guilty by reason of insanity resulting from the death of any child by physical child abuse; or a finding of physical child abuse resulting from the death of any child under Section 4-8 of the Juvenile Court Act or Section 2-21 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.

(g) Failure to protect the child from conditions within his environment injurious to the child's welfare.

[May 10, 2001]

(h) Other neglect of, or misconduct toward the child; provided that in making a finding of unfitness the court hearing the adoption proceeding shall not be bound by any previous finding, order or judgment affecting or determining the rights of the parents toward the child sought to be adopted in any other proceeding except such proceedings terminating parental rights as shall be had under either this Act, the Juvenile Court Act or the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.

(i) Depravity. Conviction of any one of the following crimes shall create a presumption that a parent is depraved which can be overcome only by clear and convincing evidence: (1) first degree murder in violation of paragraph 1 or 2 of subsection (a) of Section 9-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or conviction of second degree murder in violation of subsection (a) of Section 9-2 of the Criminal Code of 1961 of a parent of the child to be adopted; (2) first degree murder or second degree murder of any child in violation of the Criminal Code of 1961; (3) attempt or conspiracy to commit first degree murder or second degree murder of any child in violation of the Criminal Code of 1961; (4) solicitation to commit murder of any child, solicitation to commit murder of any child for hire, or solicitation to commit second degree murder of any child in violation of the Criminal Code of 1961; or (5) aggravated criminal sexual assault in violation of Section 12-14(b)(1) of the Criminal Code of 1961.

There is a rebuttable presumption that a parent is depraved if the parent has been criminally convicted of at least 3 felonies under the laws of this State or any other state, or under federal law, or the criminal laws of any United States territory; and at least one of these convictions took place within 5 years of the filing of the petition or motion seeking termination of parental rights.

There is a rebuttable presumption that a parent is depraved if that parent has been criminally convicted of either first or second degree murder of any person as defined in the Criminal Code of 1961 within 10 years of the filing date of the petition or motion to terminate parental rights.

(j) Open and notorious adultery or fornication.

(j-1) (Blank).

(k) Habitual drunkenness or addiction to drugs, other than those prescribed by a physician, for at least one year immediately prior to the commencement of the unfitness proceeding.

There is a rebuttable presumption that a parent is unfit under this subsection with respect to any child to which that parent gives birth where there is a confirmed test result that at birth the child's blood, urine, or meconium contained any amount of a controlled substance as defined in subsection (f) of Section 102 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act or metabolites of such substances, the presence of which in the newborn infant was not the result of medical treatment administered to the mother or the newborn infant; and the biological mother of this child is the biological mother of at least one other child who was adjudicated a neglected minor under subsection (c) of Section 2-3 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.

(l) Failure to demonstrate a reasonable degree of interest, concern or responsibility as to the welfare of a new born child during the first 30 days after its birth.

(m) Failure by a parent (i) to make reasonable efforts to correct the conditions that were the basis for the removal of the child from the parent, or (ii) to make reasonable progress toward

[May 10, 2001]

the return of the child to the parent within 9 months after an adjudication of neglected or abused minor under Section 2-3 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 or dependent minor under Section 2-4 of that Act, or (iii) to make reasonable progress toward the return of the child to the parent during any 9-month period after the end of the initial 9-month period following the adjudication of neglected or abused minor under Section 2-3 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 or dependent minor under Section 2-4 of that Act. If a service plan has been established as required under Section 8.2 of the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act to correct the conditions that were the basis for the removal of the child from the parent and if those services were available, then, for purposes of this Act, "failure to make reasonable progress toward the return of the child to the parent" includes (I) the parent's failure to substantially fulfill his or her obligations under the service plan and correct the conditions that brought the child into care within 9 months after the adjudication under Section 2-3 or 2-4 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 and (II) the parent's failure to substantially fulfill his or her obligations under the service plan and correct the conditions that brought the child into care during any 9-month period after the end of the initial 9-month period following the adjudication under Section 2-3 or 2-4 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.

(m-1) Pursuant to the Juvenile Court Act of 1987, a child has been in foster care for 15 months out of any 22 month period which begins on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1998 unless the child's parent can prove by a preponderance of the evidence that it is more likely than not that it will be in the best interests of the child to be returned to the parent within 6 months of the date on which a petition for termination of parental rights is filed under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987. The 15 month time limit is tolled during any period for which there is a court finding that the appointed custodian or guardian failed to make reasonable efforts to reunify the child with his or her family, provided that (i) the finding of no reasonable efforts is made within 60 days of the period when reasonable efforts were not made or (ii) the parent filed a motion requesting a finding of no reasonable efforts within 60 days of the period when reasonable efforts were not made. For purposes of this subdivision (m-1), the date of entering foster care is the earlier of: (i) the date of a judicial finding at an adjudicatory hearing that the child is an abused, neglected, or dependent minor; or (ii) 60 days after the date on which the child is removed from his or her parent, guardian, or legal custodian.

(n) Evidence of intent to forgo his or her parental rights, whether or not the child is a ward of the court, (1) as manifested by his or her failure for a period of 12 months: (i) to visit the child, (ii) to communicate with the child or agency, although able to do so and not prevented from doing so by an agency or by court order, or (iii) to maintain contact with or plan for the future of the child, although physically able to do so, or (2) as manifested by the father's failure, where he and the mother of the child were unmarried to each other at the time of the child's birth, (i) to commence legal proceedings to establish his paternity under the Illinois Parentage Act of 1984 or the law of the jurisdiction of the child's birth within 30 days of being informed, pursuant to Section 12a of this Act, that he is the father or the likely father of the child or, after being so informed where the child is not yet born, within 30 days

of the child's birth, or (ii) to make a good faith effort to pay a reasonable amount of the expenses related to the birth of the child and to provide a reasonable amount for the financial support of the child, the court to consider in its determination all relevant circumstances, including the financial condition of both parents; provided that the ground for termination provided in this subparagraph (n)(2)(ii) shall only be available where the petition is brought by the mother or the husband of the mother.

Contact or communication by a parent with his or her child that does not demonstrate affection and concern does not constitute reasonable contact and planning under subdivision (n). In the absence of evidence to the contrary, the ability to visit, communicate, maintain contact, pay expenses and plan for the future shall be presumed. The subjective intent of the parent, whether expressed or otherwise, unsupported by evidence of the foregoing parental acts manifesting that intent, shall not preclude a determination that the parent has intended to forgo his or her parental rights. In making this determination, the court may consider but shall not require a showing of diligent efforts by an authorized agency to encourage the parent to perform the acts specified in subdivision (n).

It shall be an affirmative defense to any allegation under paragraph (2) of this subsection that the father's failure was due to circumstances beyond his control or to impediments created by the mother or any other person having legal custody. Proof of that fact need only be by a preponderance of the evidence.

(o) Repeated or continuous failure by the parents, although physically and financially able, to provide the child with adequate food, clothing, or shelter.

(p) Inability to discharge parental responsibilities supported by competent evidence from a psychiatrist, licensed clinical social worker, or clinical psychologist of mental impairment, mental illness or mental retardation as defined in Section 1-116 of the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code, or developmental disability as defined in Section 1-106 of that Code, and there is sufficient justification to believe that the inability to discharge parental responsibilities shall extend beyond a reasonable time period. However, this subdivision (p) shall not be construed so as to permit a licensed clinical social worker to conduct any medical diagnosis to determine mental illness or mental impairment.

(q) The parent has been criminally convicted of aggravated battery, heinous battery, or attempted murder of any child.

(r) The child is in the temporary custody or guardianship of the Department of Children and Family Services, the parent is incarcerated as a result of criminal conviction at the time the petition or motion for termination of parental rights is filed, prior to incarceration the parent had little or no contact with the child or provided little or no support for the child, and the parent's incarceration will prevent the parent from discharging his or her parental responsibilities for the child for a period in excess of 2 years after the filing of the petition or motion for termination of parental rights.

(s) The child is in the temporary custody or guardianship of the Department of Children and Family Services, the parent is incarcerated at the time the petition or motion for termination of parental rights is filed, the parent has been repeatedly incarcerated as a result of criminal convictions, and the parent's repeated incarceration has prevented the parent from discharging his or her parental responsibilities for the child.

[May 10, 2001]

(t) A finding that at birth the child's blood, urine, or meconium contained any amount of a controlled substance as defined in subsection (f) of Section 102 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or a metabolite of a controlled substance, with the exception of controlled substances or metabolites of such substances, the presence of which in the newborn infant was the result of medical treatment administered to the mother or the newborn infant, and that the biological mother of this child is the biological mother of at least one other child who was adjudicated a neglected minor under subsection (c) of Section 2-3 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987, after which the biological mother had the opportunity to enroll in and participate in a clinically appropriate substance abuse counseling, treatment, and rehabilitation program.

E. "Parent" means the father or mother of a legitimate or illegitimate child. For the purpose of this Act, a person who has executed a final and irrevocable consent to adoption or a final and irrevocable surrender for purposes of adoption, or whose parental rights have been terminated by a court, is not a parent of the child who was the subject of the consent or surrender, unless the consent is void pursuant to subsection O of Section 10.

F. A person is available for adoption when the person is:

(a) a child who has been surrendered for adoption to an agency and to whose adoption the agency has thereafter consented;

(b) a child to whose adoption a person authorized by law, other than his parents, has consented, or to whose adoption no consent is required pursuant to Section 8 of this Act;

(c) a child who is in the custody of persons who intend to adopt him through placement made by his parents;

(c-1) a child for whom a parent has signed a specific consent pursuant to subsection O of Section 10; ~~or~~

(d) an adult who meets the conditions set forth in Section 3 of this Act; ~~or-~~

(e) a child who has been relinquished as defined in Section 10 of the Abandoned Newborn Infant Protection Act.

A person who would otherwise be available for adoption shall not be deemed unavailable for adoption solely by reason of his or her death.

G. The singular includes the plural and the plural includes the singular and the "male" includes the "female", as the context of this Act may require.

H. "Adoption disruption" occurs when an adoptive placement does not prove successful and it becomes necessary for the child to be removed from placement before the adoption is finalized.

I. "Foreign placing agency" is an agency or individual operating in a country or territory outside the United States that is authorized by its country to place children for adoption either directly with families in the United States or through United States based international agencies.

J. "Immediate relatives" means the biological parents, the parents of the biological parents and siblings of the biological parents.

K. "Intercountry adoption" is a process by which a child from a country other than the United States is adopted.

L. "Intercountry Adoption Coordinator" is a staff person of the Department of Children and Family Services appointed by the Director to coordinate the provision of services by the public and private sector to prospective parents of foreign-born children.

M. "Interstate Compact on the Placement of Children" is a law enacted by most states for the purpose of establishing uniform

procedures for handling the interstate placement of children in foster homes, adoptive homes, or other child care facilities.

N. "Non-Compact state" means a state that has not enacted the Interstate Compact on the Placement of Children.

O. "Preadoption requirements" are any conditions established by the laws or regulations of the Federal Government or of each state that must be met prior to the placement of a child in an adoptive home.

P. "Abused child" means a child whose parent or immediate family member, or any person responsible for the child's welfare, or any individual residing in the same home as the child, or a paramour of the child's parent:

(a) inflicts, causes to be inflicted, or allows to be inflicted upon the child physical injury, by other than accidental means, that causes death, disfigurement, impairment of physical or emotional health, or loss or impairment of any bodily function;

(b) creates a substantial risk of physical injury to the child by other than accidental means which would be likely to cause death, disfigurement, impairment of physical or emotional health, or loss or impairment of any bodily function;

(c) commits or allows to be committed any sex offense against the child, as sex offenses are defined in the Criminal Code of 1961 and extending those definitions of sex offenses to include children under 18 years of age;

(d) commits or allows to be committed an act or acts of torture upon the child; or

(e) inflicts excessive corporal punishment.

Q. "Neglected child" means any child whose parent or other person responsible for the child's welfare withholds or denies nourishment or medically indicated treatment including food or care denied solely on the basis of the present or anticipated mental or physical impairment as determined by a physician acting alone or in consultation with other physicians or otherwise does not provide the proper or necessary support, education as required by law, or medical or other remedial care recognized under State law as necessary for a child's well-being, or other care necessary for his or her well-being, including adequate food, clothing and shelter; or who is abandoned by his or her parents or other person responsible for the child's welfare.

A child shall not be considered neglected or abused for the sole reason that the child's parent or other person responsible for his or her welfare depends upon spiritual means through prayer alone for the treatment or cure of disease or remedial care as provided under Section 4 of the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act.

R. "Putative father" means a man who may be a child's father, but who (1) is not married to the child's mother on or before the date that the child was or is to be born and (2) has not established paternity of the child in a court proceeding before the filing of a petition for the adoption of the child. The term includes a male who is less than 18 years of age. "Putative father" does not mean a man who is the child's father as a result of criminal sexual abuse or assault as defined under Article 12 of the Criminal Code of 1961.

S. "Standby adoption" means an adoption in which a terminally ill parent consents to custody and termination of parental rights to become effective upon the occurrence of a future event, which is either the death of the terminally ill parent or the request of the parent for the entry of a final judgment of adoption.

T. "Terminally ill parent" means a person who has a medical prognosis by a physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its

[May 10, 2001]

branches that the person has an incurable and irreversible condition which will lead to death.

(Source: P.A. 90-13, eff. 6-13-97; 90-15, eff. 6-13-97; 90-27, eff. 1-1-98 except subdiv. (D)(m) eff. 6-25-97; 90-28, eff. 1-1-98 except subdiv. (D)(m) eff. 6-25-97; 90-443, eff. 8-16-97; 90-608, eff. 6-30-98; 90-655, eff. 7-30-98; 91-357, eff. 7-29-99; 91-373, eff. 1-1-00; 91-572, eff. 1-1-00; revised 8-31-99.)

Section 999. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law."

Under the rules, the foregoing Senate Bill No. 216, with House Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary's Desk.

A message from the House by
Mr. Rossi, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 252

A bill for AN ACT concerning unemployment insurance.

Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 252

Passed the House, as amended, May 9, 2001.

ANTHONY D. ROSSI, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 252

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 252 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Unemployment Insurance Act is amended by adding Section 232.2 as follows:

(820 ILCS 405/232.2 new)

Sec. 232.2. Students; organized camps.

A. The term "employment" does not include service performed by a full-time student in the employ of an organized camp if:

1. the camp:

(a) did not operate for more than 7 months in the calendar year and did not operate for more than 7 months in the preceding calendar year; or

(b) had average gross receipts for any 6 months in the preceding calendar year which were not more than 33 1/3% of its average gross receipts for the other 6 months in the preceding calendar year; and

2. the full-time student performs services in the employ of the camp for less than 13 calendar weeks in the calendar year.

B. For the purposes of this Section, an individual shall be treated as a full-time student for any period:

1. during which the individual is enrolled as a full-time student at an educational institution; or

2. which is between academic years or terms if:

(a) the individual was enrolled as a full-time student at an educational institution for the immediately preceding academic year or term; and

(b) there is a reasonable assurance that the individual will be so enrolled for the immediately succeeding academic year or term after the period described

[May 10, 2001]

in clause (a) of this subdivision 2."

Under the rules, the foregoing Senate Bill No. 252, with House Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary's Desk.

A message from the House by
Mr. Rossi, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 539

A bill for AN ACT regarding taxes.

Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 539

Passed the House, as amended, May 9, 2001.

ANTHONY D. ROSSI, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 539

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 539 on page 8, line 21, by replacing "2a" with "2"; and on page 10, line 27, by replacing "2a" with "2"; and on page 34, immediately below line 7, by inserting the following:

"Section 10. The Environmental Impact Fee Law is amended by changing Section 315 as follows:

(415 ILCS 125/315)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2003)

Sec. 315. Fee on receivers of fuel for sale or use; collection and reporting. A person that is required to pay the fee imposed by this Law shall pay the fee to the Department by return showing all fuel purchased, acquired, or received and sold, distributed or used during the preceding calendar month, including losses of fuel as the result of evaporation or shrinkage due to temperature variations, and such other reasonable information as the Department may require. Losses of fuel as the result of evaporation or shrinkage due to temperature variations may not exceed ~~1% one percent~~ 1% of the total gallons in storage at the beginning of the month, plus the receipts of gallonage during the month, minus the gallonage remaining in storage at the end of the month. Any loss reported that is in excess of this amount shall be subject to the fee imposed by Section 310 of this Law. On and after July 1, 2001, for each 6-month period January through June, net losses of fuel (for each category of fuel that is required to be reported on a return) as the result of evaporation or shrinkage due to temperature variations may not exceed 1% of the total gallons in storage at the beginning of each January, plus the receipts of gallonage each January through June, minus the gallonage remaining in storage at the end of each June. On and after July 1, 2001, for each 6-month period July through December, net losses of fuel (for each category of fuel that is required to be reported on a return) as the result of evaporation or shrinkage due to temperature variations may not exceed 1% of the total gallons in storage at the beginning of each July, plus the receipts of gallonage each July through December, minus the gallonage remaining in storage at the end of each December. Any net loss reported that is in excess of this amount shall be subject to the fee imposed by Section 310 of this Law. For purposes of this Section, "net loss" means the number of

[May 10, 2001]

gallons gained through temperature variations minus the number of gallons lost through temperature variations or evaporation for each of the respective 6-month periods.

The return shall be prescribed by the Department and shall be filed between the 1st and 20th days of each calendar month. The Department may, in its discretion, combine the return filed under this Law with the return filed under Section 2b of the Motor Fuel Tax Law. If the return is timely filed, the receiver may take a discount of 2% to reimburse himself for the expenses incurred in keeping records, preparing and filing returns, collecting and remitting the fee, and supplying data to the Department on request. However, the 2% discount applies only to the amount of the fee payment that accompanies a return that is timely filed in accordance with this Section.

(Source: P.A. 91-173, eff. 1-1-00.)".

Under the rules, the foregoing Senate Bill No. 539, with House Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary's Desk.

A message from the House by

Mr. Rossi, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 606

A bill for AN ACT concerning energy efficiency.

Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 606

Passed the House, as amended, May 9, 2001.

ANTHONY D. ROSSI, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 606

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 606, on page 2, line 7, by replacing "zero-interest loans" with "loans at no more than 2% interest"; and on page 2, line 8, after "improvements.", by inserting "The Department shall assist in the loan application and review process, including the provision of statewide access to technical assistance for the proper completion and submission of applications."; and on page 3, below line 2, by inserting the following:

"(d) The Authority shall give priority to projects that (i) demonstrate innovative and efficient ways to achieve demand reductions, (ii) may serve as a model for replication in other locations, or (iii) are proposed by governmental or nonprofit organizations to promote both energy efficiency and improved reliability of service."; and on page 3, line 5, after "report", by inserting "on or before January 15 of each year".

Under the rules, the foregoing Senate Bill No. 606, with House Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary's Desk.

A message from the House by

Mr. Rossi, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the

[May 10, 2001]

House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 724

A bill for AN ACT concerning public utilities.

Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 724

Passed the House, as amended, May 9, 2001.

ANTHONY D. ROSSI, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 724

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 724 on page 4, line 19, after "form.", by inserting the following: "Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly, a qualified solid waste energy facility must file the form required under this subsection (i) before the 15th of each month regardless of whether the facility received any payment in the previous month."; and on page 5, by replacing lines 28 through 30 with the following: "5g, and 5i of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. No tax lien may be imposed or enforced, however, unless a qualified solid waste energy facility fails to make the payment required under this subsection (i). Only to the extent necessary and for the purpose of enforcing this subsection (i), the Department of Revenue may secure"; and on page 6, line 22, after "uses", by inserting the following: "or, on the effective date of Public Act 90-813, used".

Under the rules, the foregoing Senate Bill No. 724, with House Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary's Desk.

A message from the House by

Mr. Rossi, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 900

A bill for AN ACT in relation to real property.

Together with the following amendments which are attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 900

House Amendment No. 2 to SENATE BILL NO. 900

Passed the House, as amended, May 9, 2001.

ANTHONY D. ROSSI, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 900

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 900 on page 1, line 6, after "value", by inserting ", before January 1, 2003,".

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO SENATE BILL 900

AMENDMENT NO. 2. Amend Senate Bill 900 as follows: on page 1, line 7, after "follows", by inserting ":"; and on page 1, by deleting line 8; and

[May 10, 2001]

on page 1, line 26, after "The", by inserting "sale or exchange of the real property described in Section 5 of this Act shall be made in full compliance with the State Property Control Act, provided that the"; and
on page 2, line 25, after "Assembly", by inserting "with respect to depositing the net proceeds from the sale or exchange of the property as provided in Section 10 of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly".

Under the rules, the foregoing Senate Bill No. 900, with House Amendments numbered 1 and 2, was referred to the Secretary's Desk.

A message from the House by

Mr. Rossi, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 902

A bill for AN ACT concerning finance.

Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 902

Passed the House, as amended, May 9, 2001.

ANTHONY D. ROSSI, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 902

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 902 on page 14, line 5, by replacing "i" with "i and"; and
on page 14, by replacing lines 10 through 18 with the following:
"(Y) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250."; and
by deleting line 32 on page 34 and lines 1 through 18 on page 35.

Under the rules, the foregoing Senate Bill No. 902, with House Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary's Desk.

A message from the House by

Mr. Rossi, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 969

A bill for AN ACT in relation to unemployment insurance.

Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 969

Passed the House, as amended, May 9, 2001.

ANTHONY D. ROSSI, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 969

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 969 as follows:
by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:
"Section 5. The Unemployment Insurance Act is amended by

[May 10, 2001]

changing Section 220 as follows:

(820 ILCS 405/220) (from Ch. 48, par. 330)

Sec. 220. A. The term "employment" shall not include service performed prior to 1972 in the employ of this State, or of any political subdivision thereof, or of any wholly owned instrumentality of this State or its political subdivisions.

B. The term "employment" shall not include service, performed after 1971 and before 1978, in the employ of this State or any of its instrumentalities:

1. In an elective position;

2. Of a professional or consulting nature, compensated on a per diem or retainer basis;

3. For a State prison or other State correctional institution, by an inmate of the prison or correctional institution;

4. As part of an unemployment work-relief or work-training program assisted or financed in whole or in part by any Federal agency or an agency of this State, by an individual receiving such work-relief or work-training;

5. In a facility conducted for the purpose of carrying out a program of rehabilitation for individuals whose earning capacity is impaired by age or physical or mental deficiency or injury or providing remunerative work for individuals who because of their impaired physical or mental capacity cannot be readily absorbed in the competitive labor market, by an individual receiving such rehabilitation or remunerative work;

6. Directly for the Illinois State Fair during its active duration (including the week immediately preceding and the week immediately following the Fair);

7. Directly and solely in connection with an emergency, in fire-fighting, snow removal, flood control, control of the effects of wind or flood, and the like, by an individual hired solely for the period of such emergency;

8. In the Illinois National Guard, directly and solely in connection with its summer training camps or during emergencies, by an individual called to duty solely for such purposes.

C. Except as provided in Section 302, the term "employment" shall not include service performed in the employ of a political subdivision or a municipal corporation, or an instrumentality of one or more of the foregoing or of this State and one or more of the foregoing. This subsection shall not apply to service performed after December 31, 1977.

D. The term "employment" shall not include service performed after December 31, 1977:

1. In the employ of a governmental entity referred to in clause (B) of Section 211.1 if such service is performed in the exercise of duties

a. As an elected official;

b. As a member of a legislative body, or a member of the judiciary, of this State or a political subdivision or municipal corporation;

c. As a member of the Illinois National Guard or Air National Guard;

d. As a worker serving on a temporary basis in case of fire, storm, snow, earthquake, flood, or similar emergency;

e. In a position which, under or pursuant to the laws of this State, is designated as a major nontenured policymaking or advisory position, or as a policymaking position the performance of the duties of which ordinarily does not require more than 8 hours per week.

[May 10, 2001]

2. As part of an unemployment work-relief or work-training program assisted or financed in whole or in part by any Federal agency or an agency of this State, or a political subdivision or municipal corporation, by an individual receiving such work-relief or work-training.

3. In a facility conducted for the purpose of carrying out a program of rehabilitation for individuals whose earning capacity is impaired by age or physical or mental deficiency or injury or providing remunerative work for individuals who because of their impaired physical or mental capacity cannot be readily absorbed in the competitive labor market, by an individual receiving such rehabilitation or remunerative work.

4. By an inmate of a custodial or penal institution.

E. The term "employment" shall not include service performed on or after January 1, 2002 in the employ of a governmental entity referred to in clause (B) of Section 211.1 if the service is performed in the exercise of duties as an election official or election worker and the amount of remuneration received by the individual during the calendar year for service as an election official or election worker is less than \$1,000.

(Source: P.A. 84-1438.)".

Under the rules, the foregoing Senate Bill No. 969, with House Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary's Desk.

A message from the House by

Mr. Rossi, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 993

A bill for AN ACT in relation to child support.

Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 993

Passed the House, as amended, May 9, 2001.

ANTHONY D. ROSSI, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 993

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 993 on page 1, line 10, after the period, by inserting the following:

"An order for support entered or modified on or after January 1, 2002 shall contain a statement that a support obligation required under the order, or any portion of a support obligation required under the order, that becomes due and remains unpaid for 30 days or more shall accrue simple interest at the rate of 9% per annum. Failure to include the statement in the order for support does not affect the validity of the order or the accrual of interest as provided in this Section."; and

on page 7, line 24, after the period, by inserting the following:

"An order for support entered or modified on or after January 1, 2002 shall contain a statement that a support obligation required under the order, or any portion of a support obligation required under the order, that becomes due and remains unpaid for 30 days or more shall accrue simple interest at the rate of 9% per annum. Failure to include the statement in the order for support does not affect the

[May 10, 2001]

validity of the order or the accrual of interest as provided in this Section."; and
 on page 13, line 15, after the period, by inserting the following:
"An order for support entered or modified on or after January 1, 2002 shall contain a statement that a support obligation required under the order, that becomes due and remains unpaid for 30 days or more shall accrue simple interest at the rate of 9% per annum. Failure to include the statement in the order for support does not affect the validity of the order or the accrual of interest as provided in this Section."; and
 on page 13, line 23, after the period, by inserting the following:
"An order for support entered or modified on or after January 1, 2002 shall contain a statement that a support obligation required under the order, or any portion of a support obligation required under the order, that becomes due and remains unpaid for 30 days or more shall accrue simple interest at the rate of 9% per annum. Failure to include the statement in the order for support does not affect the validity of the order or the accrual of interest as provided in this Section.".

Under the rules, the foregoing Senate Bill No. 993, with House Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary's Desk.

A message from the House by
 Mr. Rossi, Clerk:
 Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 1117
 A bill for AN ACT concerning taxation.

Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 1117

Passed the House, as amended, May 9, 2001.
 ANTHONY D. ROSSI, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 1117
 AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 1117 on page 22, by replacing lines 32 and 33 with the following:
 "(3) as amended by Public Act 91-478, which".

Under the rules, the foregoing Senate Bill No. 1117, with House Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary's Desk.

A message from the House by
 Mr. Rossi, Clerk:
 Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 1152
 A bill for AN ACT relating to Governors State University.

Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the

[May 10, 2001]

Senate, to-wit:

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 1152

Passed the House, as amended, May 9, 2001.

ANTHONY D. ROSSI, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 1152

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 1152 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing Section 21-25 as follows:

(105 ILCS 5/21-25) (from Ch. 122, par. 21-25)

Sec. 21-25. School service personnel certificate.

(a) Subject to the provisions of Section 21-1a, a school service personnel certificate shall be issued to those applicants of good character, good health, a citizen of the United States and at least 19 years of age who have a Bachelor's degree with not fewer than 120 semester hours from a regionally accredited institution of higher learning and who meets the requirements established by the State Superintendent of Education in consultation with the State Teacher Certification Board. A school service personnel certificate with a school nurse endorsement may be issued to a person who holds a bachelor of science degree from an institution of higher learning accredited by the North Central Association or other comparable regional accrediting association. Persons seeking any other endorsement on the school service personnel certificate shall be recommended for the endorsement by a recognized teacher education institution as having completed a program of preparation approved by the State Superintendent of Education in consultation with the State Teacher Certification Board.

(b) Until August 30, 2002, a school service personnel certificate endorsed for school social work may be issued to a student who has completed a school social work program that has not been approved by the State Superintendent of Education, provided that each of the following conditions is met:

(1) The program was offered by a recognized, public teacher education institution that first enrolled students in its master's degree program in social work in 1998;

(2) The student applying for the school service personnel certificate was enrolled in the institution's master's degree program in social work on or after May 11, 1998;

(3) The State Superintendent verifies that the student has completed coursework that is substantially similar to that required in approved school social work programs, including (i) not fewer than 600 clock hours of a supervised internship in a school setting or (ii) if the student has completed part of a supervised internship in a school setting prior to the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly and receives the prior approval of the State Superintendent, not fewer than 300 additional clock hours of supervised work in a public school setting under the supervision of a certified school social worker who certifies that the supervised work was completed in a satisfactory manner; and

(4) The student has passed a test of basic skills and the test of subject matter knowledge required by Section 21-1a. This subsection (b) does not apply after August 29, 2002.

(c) A school service personnel Such certificate shall be endorsed with the area of Service as determined by the State Superintendent of Education in consultation with the State Teacher Certification Board.

[May 10, 2001]

The holder of such certificate shall be entitled to all of the rights and privileges granted holders of a valid teaching certificate, including teacher benefits, compensation and working conditions.

When the holder of such certificate has earned a master's degree, including 8 semester hours of graduate professional education from a recognized institution of higher learning, and has at least 2 years of successful school experience while holding such certificate, the certificate may be endorsed for supervision.

(Source: P.A. 91-102, eff. 7-12-99.)

Section 10. The Clinical Social Work and Social Work Practice Act is amended by adding Section 9.5 as follows:

(225 ILCS 20/9.5 new)

Sec. 9.5. Governors State University graduate; qualifications for licensure.

(a) A person shall be qualified to be licensed as a clinical social worker and the Department shall issue a license authorizing the independent practice of clinical social work to an applicant provided:

(1) the applicant has applied in writing on the prescribed form;

(2) the applicant is of good moral character. In determining good moral character, the Department may take into consideration whether the applicant was engaged in conduct or actions that would constitute grounds for discipline under this Act;

(3) the applicant demonstrates to the satisfaction of the Department that subsequent to securing a master's degree in social work from Governors State University in June 2001 the applicant has successfully completed at least 3,000 hours of satisfactory, supervised clinical professional experience;

(4) the applicant has passed the examination for the practice of clinical social work as authorized by the Department;

(5) Governors State University has become an accredited institution by an accrediting body approved by the Department and the applicant has successfully completed necessary supplemental coursework, which has been identified as a part of that accrediting process, or, after December 31, 2003, the Illinois Social Work Examining and Disciplinary Board determines an applicant's coursework to be satisfactorily completed at an accredited institution; and

(6) the applicant has paid the required fees.

(b) A person shall be qualified to be licensed as a social worker and the Department shall issue a license authorizing the practice of social work provided:

(1) the applicant has applied in writing on the prescribed form;

(2) the applicant is of good moral character. In determining good moral character, the Department may take into consideration whether the applicant was engaged in conduct or actions that would constitute grounds for discipline under this Act;

(3) the applicant has a graduate degree in social work from Governors State University;

(4) the applicant has passed the examination for the practice of social work as a licensed social worker as authorized by the Department;

(5) Governors State University has become an accredited institution by an accrediting body approved by the Department and the applicant has successfully completed necessary supplemental

[May 10, 2001]

coursework, which has been identified as a part of that accrediting process, or, after December 31, 2003, the Illinois Social Work Examining and Disciplinary Board determines an applicant's coursework to be satisfactorily completed at an accredited institution; and

(6) the applicant has paid the required fees.

(c) A person shall be qualified to be licensed as a temporary social worker and the Department shall issue a temporary license authorizing the practice of social work provided:

(1) the applicant has applied in writing on the prescribed form;

(2) the applicant is of good moral character. In determining good moral character, the Department may take into consideration whether the applicant was engaged in conduct or actions that would constitute grounds for discipline under this Act;

(3) the applicant has a graduate degree in social work from Governors State University;

(4) the applicant has passed the examination for the practice of social work as a licensed social worker as authorized by the Department; and

(5) the applicant has paid the required fees.

For the purpose of this subsection a temporary license shall:

(1) carry the same stature and privileges of a licensed social worker;

(2) expire on December 31, 2004.

(d) This Section is repealed January 1, 2005."

Under the rules, the foregoing Senate Bill No. 1152, with House Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary's Desk.

A message from the House by

Mr. Rossi, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 1514

A bill for AN ACT in relation to driver licensing.

Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 1514

Passed the House, as amended, May 9, 2001.

ANTHONY D. ROSSI, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 1514

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 1514 as follows:

by replacing the title with the following:

"AN ACT in relation to the operation of motor vehicles."; and

by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by changing Section 6-206 and adding Section 11-1429 as follows:

(625 ILCS 5/6-206) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-206)

Sec. 6-206. Discretionary authority to suspend or revoke license or permit; Right to a hearing.

(a) The Secretary of State is authorized to suspend or revoke the driving privileges of any person without preliminary hearing upon

[May 10, 2001]

a showing of the person's records or other sufficient evidence that the person:

1. Has committed an offense for which mandatory revocation of a driver's license or permit is required upon conviction;
2. Has been convicted of not less than 3 offenses against traffic regulations governing the movement of vehicles committed within any 12 month period. No revocation or suspension shall be entered more than 6 months after the date of last conviction;
3. Has been repeatedly involved as a driver in motor vehicle collisions or has been repeatedly convicted of offenses against laws and ordinances regulating the movement of traffic, to a degree that indicates lack of ability to exercise ordinary and reasonable care in the safe operation of a motor vehicle or disrespect for the traffic laws and the safety of other persons upon the highway;
4. Has by the unlawful operation of a motor vehicle caused or contributed to an accident resulting in death or injury requiring immediate professional treatment in a medical facility or doctor's office to any person, except that any suspension or revocation imposed by the Secretary of State under the provisions of this subsection shall start no later than 6 months after being convicted of violating a law or ordinance regulating the movement of traffic, which violation is related to the accident, or shall start not more than one year after the date of the accident, whichever date occurs later;
5. Has permitted an unlawful or fraudulent use of a driver's license, identification card, or permit;
6. Has been lawfully convicted of an offense or offenses in another state, including the authorization contained in Section 6-203.1, which if committed within this State would be grounds for suspension or revocation;
7. Has refused or failed to submit to an examination provided for by Section 6-207 or has failed to pass the examination;
8. Is ineligible for a driver's license or permit under the provisions of Section 6-103;
9. Has made a false statement or knowingly concealed a material fact or has used false information or identification in any application for a license, identification card, or permit;
10. Has possessed, displayed, or attempted to fraudulently use any license, identification card, or permit not issued to the person;
11. Has operated a motor vehicle upon a highway of this State when the person's driving privilege or privilege to obtain a driver's license or permit was revoked or suspended unless the operation was authorized by a judicial driving permit, probationary license to drive, or a restricted driving permit issued under this Code;
12. Has submitted to any portion of the application process for another person or has obtained the services of another person to submit to any portion of the application process for the purpose of obtaining a license, identification card, or permit for some other person;
13. Has operated a motor vehicle upon a highway of this State when the person's driver's license or permit was invalid under the provisions of Sections 6-107.1 and 6-110;
14. Has committed a violation of Section 6-301, 6-301.1, or 6-301.2 of this Act, or Section 14, 14A, or 14B of the Illinois Identification Card Act;
15. Has been convicted of violating Section 21-2 of the

[May 10, 2001]

Criminal Code of 1961 relating to criminal trespass to vehicles in which case, the suspension shall be for one year;

16. Has been convicted of violating Section 11-204 of this Code relating to fleeing from a police officer;

17. Has refused to submit to a test, or tests, as required under Section 11-501.1 of this Code and the person has not sought a hearing as provided for in Section 11-501.1;

18. Has, since issuance of a driver's license or permit, been adjudged to be afflicted with or suffering from any mental disability or disease;

19. Has committed a violation of paragraph (a) or (b) of Section 6-101 relating to driving without a driver's license;

20. Has been convicted of violating Section 6-104 relating to classification of driver's license;

21. Has been convicted of violating Section 11-402 of this Code relating to leaving the scene of an accident resulting in damage to a vehicle in excess of \$1,000, in which case the suspension shall be for one year;

22. Has used a motor vehicle in violating paragraph (3), (4), (7), or (9) of subsection (a) of Section 24-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 relating to unlawful use of weapons, in which case the suspension shall be for one year;

23. Has, as a driver, been convicted of committing a violation of paragraph (a) of Section 11-502 of this Code for a second or subsequent time within one year of a similar violation;

24. Has been convicted by a court-martial or punished by non-judicial punishment by military authorities of the United States at a military installation in Illinois or for a traffic related offense that is the same as or similar to an offense specified under Section 6-205 or 6-206 of this Code;

25. Has permitted any form of identification to be used by another in the application process in order to obtain or attempt to obtain a license, identification card, or permit;

26. Has altered or attempted to alter a license or has possessed an altered license, identification card, or permit;

27. Has violated Section 6-16 of the Liquor Control Act of 1934;

28. Has been convicted of the illegal possession, while operating or in actual physical control, as a driver, of a motor vehicle, of any controlled substance prohibited under the Illinois Controlled Substances Act or any cannabis prohibited under the provisions of the Cannabis Control Act, in which case the person's driving privileges shall be suspended for one year, and any driver who is convicted of a second or subsequent offense, within 5 years of a previous conviction, for the illegal possession, while operating or in actual physical control, as a driver, of a motor vehicle, of any controlled substance prohibited under the provisions of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act or any cannabis prohibited under the Cannabis Control Act shall be suspended for 5 years. Any defendant found guilty of this offense while operating a motor vehicle, shall have an entry made in the court record by the presiding judge that this offense did occur while the defendant was operating a motor vehicle and order the clerk of the court to report the violation to the Secretary of State;

29. Has been convicted of the following offenses that were committed while the person was operating or in actual physical control, as a driver, of a motor vehicle: criminal sexual assault, predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, aggravated criminal sexual assault, criminal sexual abuse, aggravated

criminal sexual abuse, juvenile pimping, soliciting for a juvenile prostitute and the manufacture, sale or delivery of controlled substances or instruments used for illegal drug use or abuse in which case the driver's driving privileges shall be suspended for one year;

30. Has been convicted a second or subsequent time for any combination of the offenses named in paragraph 29 of this subsection, in which case the person's driving privileges shall be suspended for 5 years;

31. Has refused to submit to a test as required by Section 11-501.6 or has submitted to a test resulting in an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more or any amount of a drug, substance, or compound resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis as listed in the Cannabis Control Act or a controlled substance as listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act in which case the penalty shall be as prescribed in Section 6-208.1;

32. Has been convicted of Section 24-1.2 of the Criminal Code of 1961 relating to the aggravated discharge of a firearm if the offender was located in a motor vehicle at the time the firearm was discharged, in which case the suspension shall be for 3 years;

33. Has as a driver, who was less than 21 years of age on the date of the offense, been convicted a first time of a violation of paragraph (a) of Section 11-502 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance;

34. Has committed a violation of Section 11-1301.5 of this Code;

35. Has committed a violation of Section 11-1301.6 of this Code; ~~or~~

36. Is under the age of 21 years at the time of arrest and has been convicted of not less than 2 offenses against traffic regulations governing the movement of vehicles committed within any 24 month period. No revocation or suspension shall be entered more than 6 months after the date of last conviction; ~~or-~~

37. Has committed a second or subsequent violation of Section 11-1429 of this Code.

For purposes of paragraphs 5, 9, 10, 12, 14, 19, 25, 26, and 27 of this subsection, license means any driver's license, any traffic ticket issued when the person's driver's license is deposited in lieu of bail, a suspension notice issued by the Secretary of State, a duplicate or corrected driver's license, a probationary driver's license or a temporary driver's license.

(b) If any conviction forming the basis of a suspension or revocation authorized under this Section is appealed, the Secretary of State may rescind or withhold the entry of the order of suspension or revocation, as the case may be, provided that a certified copy of a stay order of a court is filed with the Secretary of State. If the conviction is affirmed on appeal, the date of the conviction shall relate back to the time the original judgment of conviction was entered and the 6 month limitation prescribed shall not apply.

(c) 1. Upon suspending or revoking the driver's license or permit of any person as authorized in this Section, the Secretary of State shall immediately notify the person in writing of the revocation or suspension. The notice to be deposited in the United States mail, postage prepaid, to the last known address of the person.

2. If the Secretary of State suspends the driver's license of a person under subsection 2 of paragraph (a) of this Section, a person's privilege to operate a vehicle as an occupation shall

[May 10, 2001]

not be suspended, provided an affidavit is properly completed, the appropriate fee received, and a permit issued prior to the effective date of the suspension, unless 5 offenses were committed, at least 2 of which occurred while operating a commercial vehicle in connection with the driver's regular occupation. All other driving privileges shall be suspended by the Secretary of State. Any driver prior to operating a vehicle for occupational purposes only must submit the affidavit on forms to be provided by the Secretary of State setting forth the facts of the person's occupation. The affidavit shall also state the number of offenses committed while operating a vehicle in connection with the driver's regular occupation. The affidavit shall be accompanied by the driver's license. Upon receipt of a properly completed affidavit, the Secretary of State shall issue the driver a permit to operate a vehicle in connection with the driver's regular occupation only. Unless the permit is issued by the Secretary of State prior to the date of suspension, the privilege to drive any motor vehicle shall be suspended as set forth in the notice that was mailed under this Section. If an affidavit is received subsequent to the effective date of this suspension, a permit may be issued for the remainder of the suspension period.

The provisions of this subparagraph shall not apply to any driver required to obtain a commercial driver's license under Section 6-507 during the period of a disqualification of commercial driving privileges under Section 6-514.

Any person who falsely states any fact in the affidavit required herein shall be guilty of perjury under Section 6-302 and upon conviction thereof shall have all driving privileges revoked without further rights.

3. At the conclusion of a hearing under Section 2-118 of this Code, the Secretary of State shall either rescind or continue an order of revocation or shall substitute an order of suspension; or, good cause appearing therefor, rescind, continue, change, or extend the order of suspension. If the Secretary of State does not rescind the order, the Secretary may upon application, to relieve undue hardship, issue a restricted driving permit granting the privilege of driving a motor vehicle between the petitioner's residence and petitioner's place of employment or within the scope of his employment related duties, or to allow transportation for the petitioner, or a household member of the petitioner's family, to receive necessary medical care and if the professional evaluation indicates, provide transportation for alcohol remedial or rehabilitative activity, or for the petitioner to attend classes, as a student, in an accredited educational institution; if the petitioner is able to demonstrate that no alternative means of transportation is reasonably available and the petitioner will not endanger the public safety or welfare. In each case the Secretary may issue a restricted driving permit for a period deemed appropriate, except that all permits shall expire within one year from the date of issuance. A restricted driving permit issued under this Section shall be subject to cancellation, revocation, and suspension by the Secretary of State in like manner and for like cause as a driver's license issued under this Code may be cancelled, revoked, or suspended; except that a conviction upon one or more offenses against laws or ordinances regulating the movement of traffic shall be deemed sufficient cause for the revocation, suspension, or cancellation of a restricted driving permit. The Secretary of State may, as a condition to the issuance of a

restricted driving permit, require the applicant to participate in a designated driver remedial or rehabilitative program. The Secretary of State is authorized to cancel a restricted driving permit if the permit holder does not successfully complete the program.

(c-5) The Secretary of State may, as a condition of the reissuance of a driver's license or permit to an applicant under the age of 18 years whose driver's license or permit has been suspended pursuant to any of the provisions of this Section, require the applicant to participate in a driver remedial education course and be retested under Section 6-109 of this Code.

(d) This Section is subject to the provisions of the Drivers License Compact.

(e) The Secretary of State shall not issue a restricted driving permit to a person under the age of 16 years whose driving privileges have been suspended or revoked under any provisions of this Code.

(Source: P.A. 89-283, eff. 1-1-96; 89-428, eff. 12-13-95; 89-462, eff. 5-29-96; 90-43, eff. 7-2-97; 90-106, eff. 1-1-98; 90-369, eff. 1-1-98; 90-655, eff. 7-30-98.)

(625 ILCS 5/11-1429 new)

Sec. 11-1429. Theft of motor fuel.

(a) No person may operate a vehicle so as to cause it to leave the premises of an establishment at which motor fuel offered for retail sale was dispensed into the fuel tank of the vehicle unless that person or some other person has paid for or charged the price of the dispensed motor fuel.

(b) Violation of this Section is a Class A misdemeanor punishable by a minimum fine of \$250 or 30 hours of community service.

(c) A second violation of this Section shall cause the person's driver's license to be suspended for 6 months. A third or subsequent violation of this Section shall result in a one-year suspension."

Under the rules, the foregoing Senate Bill No. 1514, with House Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary's Desk.

A message from the House by

Mr. Rossi, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of bills of the following titles, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO 32

A bill for AN ACT concerning sanitary districts.

SENATE BILL NO 38

A bill for AN ACT to amend the Property Tax Code by changing Section 15-170.

SENATE BILL NO 60

A bill for AN ACT concerning taxes.

SENATE BILL NO 164

A bill for AN ACT concerning taxation.

SENATE BILL NO 165

A bill for AN ACT in relation to public aid.

SENATE BILL NO 208

A bill for AN ACT concerning taxes.

SENATE BILL NO 250

A bill for AN ACT concerning trusts.

SENATE BILL NO 496

A bill for AN ACT concerning taxes.

SENATE BILL NO 497

[May 10, 2001]

A bill for AN ACT concerning taxes.
SENATE BILL NO 508
A bill for AN ACT concerning taxes.

Passed the House, May 9, 2001.

ANTHONY D. ROSSI, Clerk of the House

A message from the House by
Mr. Rossi, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of bills of the following titles, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO 530
A bill for AN ACT concerning emergency telephone systems.
SENATE BILL NO 538
A bill for AN ACT concerning taxes.
SENATE BILL NO 573
A bill for AN ACT concerning taxes.
SENATE BILL NO 617
A bill for AN ACT in relation to taxes.
SENATE BILL NO 653
A bill for AN ACT in relation to animals.
SENATE BILL NO 661
A bill for AN ACT in relation to families.
SENATE BILL NO 755
A bill for AN ACT concerning recreational areas.
SENATE BILL NO 845
A bill for AN ACT concerning technology.
SENATE BILL NO 877
A bill for AN ACT concerning military expenditures.
SENATE BILL NO 879
A bill for AN ACT concerning insurance.
SENATE BILL NO 936
A bill for AN ACT concerning State employee health benefits.

Passed the House, May 9, 2001.

ANTHONY D. ROSSI, Clerk of the House

A message from the House by
Mr. Rossi, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of bills of the following titles, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO 544
A bill for AN ACT in relation to property.
SENATE BILL NO 978
A bill for AN ACT concerning business transactions.
SENATE BILL NO 1047
A bill for AN ACT concerning solicitation.
SENATE BILL NO 1116
A bill for AN ACT in relation to taxation.
SENATE BILL NO 1241
A bill for AN ACT in relation to education.

Passed the House, May 9, 2001.

ANTHONY D. ROSSI, Clerk of the House

A message from the House by

[May 10, 2001]

Mr. Rossi, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of bills of the following titles, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO 854
A bill for AN ACT in relation to taxes.

SENATE BILL NO 855
A bill for AN ACT concerning taxation.

Passed the House, May 9, 2001.

ANTHONY D. ROSSI, Clerk of the House

At the hour of 10:50 o'clock a.m., Senator Weaver presiding.

READING BILLS FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES A SECOND TIME

On motion of Senator Parker, House Bill No. 222 was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Trotter, House Bill No. 279 having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Public Health and Welfare, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 279 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 90. The Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Systems Act is amended by changing Section 3.70 as follows:

(210 ILCS 50/3.70)

Sec. 3.70. Emergency Medical Dispatcher.

(a) "Emergency Medical Dispatcher" means a person who has successfully completed a training course in emergency medical dispatching course meeting or exceeding the national curriculum of the United States Department of Transportation in accordance with rules adopted by the Department pursuant to this Act, who accepts calls from the public for emergency medical services and dispatches designated emergency medical services personnel and vehicles. The Emergency Medical Dispatcher must use the Department-approved emergency medical dispatch priority reference system (EMDPRS) protocol selected for use by its agency and approved by its EMS medical director. This protocol must be used by an emergency medical dispatcher in an emergency medical dispatch agency to dispatch aid to medical emergencies which includes systematized caller interrogation questions; systematized prearrival support instructions; and systematized coding protocols that match the dispatcher's evaluation of the injury or illness severity with the vehicle response mode and vehicle response configuration and includes an appropriate training curriculum and testing process consistent with the specific EMDPRS protocol used by the emergency medical dispatch agency. Prearrival support instructions shall be provided in a non-discretionary manner and shall be provided in accordance with the EMDPRS established by the EMS medical director of the EMS system in which the EMD operates. may-or-may-not-provide-prearrival-medical-instructions-to-the-caller,-at-the-discretion-of-the-entity-or-agency-that-employs-him.-Such-instructions---shall---be---provided---in---accordance---with---protocols-established-by-the-EMS-Medical-Director-of-the-EMS-System-in-which-the-dispatcher-operates. If the dispatcher operates under the

[May 10, 2001]

authority of an Emergency Telephone System Board established under the Emergency Telephone System Act, the protocols shall be established by such Board in consultation with the EMS Medical Director. Persons who have already completed a course of instruction in emergency medical dispatch based on, equivalent to or exceeding the national curriculum of the United States Department of Transportation, or as otherwise approved by the Department, shall be considered Emergency Medical Dispatchers on the effective date of this amendatory Act.

(b) The Department shall have the authority and responsibility to:

(1) Require certification and recertification of a person who meets the training and other requirements as an emergency medical dispatcher pursuant to this Act.

(2) Require certification and recertification of a person, organization, or government agency that operates an emergency medical dispatch agency that meets the minimum standards prescribed by the Department for an emergency medical dispatch agency pursuant to this Act.

(3) (1) Prescribe minimum education and continuing education requirements for the Emergency Medical Dispatcher, which meet or exceed the national curriculum of the United States Department of Transportation, through rules adopted pursuant to this Act.

(4) Require each EMD and EMD agency to report to the Department whenever an action has taken place that may require the revocation or suspension of a certificate issued by the Department.

(5) Require each EMD to provide prearrival instructions in compliance with protocols selected and approved by the system's EMS medical director and approved by the Department.

~~(2) Require the Emergency Medical Dispatcher to notify the Department of the EMS System(s) in which he operates;~~

~~(3) Require the Emergency Medical Dispatcher who provides prearrival instructions to callers to comply with the protocols for such instructions established by the EMS Medical Director(s) and Emergency Telephone System Board or Boards, or in the absence of an Emergency Telephone System Board or Boards the governmental agency performing the duties of an Emergency Telephone System Board or Boards, of the EMS System or Systems in which he operates;~~

(6) (4) Require the Emergency Medical Dispatcher to keep the Department currently informed as to the entity or agency that employs or supervises his activities as an Emergency Medical Dispatcher.

~~(5) (Blank). Establish a mechanism for phasing in the Emergency Medical Dispatcher requirements over a five-year period;~~

(7) Establish an annual recertification requirement that requires at least 12 hours of medical dispatch-specific continuing education each year.

(8) Approve all EMDPRS protocols used by emergency medical dispatch agencies to assure compliance with national standards.

(9) Require that Department-approved emergency medical dispatch training programs are conducted in accordance with national standards.

(10) Require that the emergency medical dispatch agency be operated in accordance with national standards, including, but not limited to, (i) the use on every request for medical assistance of an emergency medical dispatch priority reference

[May 10, 2001]

system (EMDPRS) in accordance with Department-approved policies and procedures and (ii) under the approval and supervision of the EMS medical director, the establishment of a continuous quality improvement program.

(11) Require that a person may not represent himself or herself, nor may an agency or business represent an agent or employee of that agency or business, as an emergency medical dispatcher unless certified by the Department as an emergency medical dispatcher.

(12) Require that a person, organization, or government agency not represent itself as an emergency medical dispatch agency unless the person, organization, or government agency is certified by the Department as an emergency medical dispatch agency.

(13) Require that a person, organization, or government agency may not offer or conduct a training course that is represented as a course for an emergency medical dispatcher unless the person, organization, or agency is approved by the Department to offer or conduct that course.

(14) Require that Department-approved emergency medical dispatcher training programs are conducted by instructors licensed by the Department who:

(i) are, at a minimum, certified as emergency medical dispatchers;

(ii) have completed a Department-approved course on methods of instruction;

(iii) have previous experience in a medical dispatch agency; and

(iv) have demonstrated experience as an EMS instructor.

(15) {6} Establish criteria for modifying or waiving Emergency Medical Dispatcher requirements based on (i) the scope and frequency of dispatch activities and the dispatcher's access to training or (ii) whether the previously-attended dispatcher training program merits automatic recertification for the dispatcher.

(Source: P.A. 89-177, eff. 7-19-95.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect on January 1, 2002."

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Geo-Karis, House Bill No. 293 having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Transportation, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 293 as follows:
by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:
"Section 5. The Department of Veterans Affairs Act is amended by changing Section 2 as follows:

(20 ILCS 2805/2) (from Ch. 126 1/2, par. 67)

Sec. 2. Powers and duties. The Department shall have the following powers and duties:

To perform such acts at the request of any veteran, or his or her spouse, surviving spouse or dependents as shall be reasonably necessary or reasonably incident to obtaining or endeavoring to obtain for the requester any advantage, benefit or emolument accruing

[May 10, 2001]

or due to such person under any law of the United States, the State of Illinois or any other state or governmental agency by reason of the service of such veteran, and in pursuance thereof shall:

1. Contact veterans, their survivors and dependents and advise them of the benefits of state and federal laws and assist them in obtaining such benefits;

2. Establish field offices and direct the activities of the personnel assigned to such offices;

3. Create a volunteer field force of accredited representatives, representing educational institutions, labor organizations, veterans organizations, employers, churches, and farm organizations;

4. Conduct informational and training services;

5. Conduct educational programs through newspapers, periodicals and radio for the specific purpose of disseminating information affecting veterans and their dependents;

6. Coordinate the services and activities of all state departments having services and resources affecting veterans and their dependents;

7. Encourage and assist in the coordination of agencies within counties giving service to veterans and their dependents;

8. Cooperate with veterans organizations and other governmental agencies;

9. Make, alter, amend and promulgate reasonable rules and procedures for the administration of this Act; and

10. Make and publish annual reports to the Governor regarding the administration and general operation of the Department;

11. Encourage the State to implement more programs to address the wide range of issues faced by Persian Gulf War Veterans, especially those who took part in combat, by creating an official commission to further study Persian Gulf War Diseases. The commission shall consist of 9 members appointed as follows: the Speaker and Minority Leader of the House of Representatives and the President and Minority Leader of the Senate shall each appoint one member from the General Assembly, the Governor shall appoint 4 members to represent veterans' organizations, and the Department shall appoint one member. The commission members shall serve without compensation; and-

12. Make grants, from moneys appropriated from the Gulf War Memorial Fund, to private organizations for the costs of erecting a Gulf War Memorial in Illinois.

The Department may accept and hold on behalf of the State, if for the public interest, a grant, gift, devise or bequest of money or property to the Department made for the general benefit of Illinois veterans, including the conduct of informational and training services by the Department and other authorized purposes of the Department. The Department shall cause each grant, gift, devise or bequest to be kept as a distinct fund and shall invest such funds in the manner provided by the Public Funds Investment Act, as now or hereafter amended, and shall make such reports as may be required by the Comptroller concerning what funds are so held and the manner in which such funds are invested. The Department may make grants from these funds for the general benefit of Illinois veterans. Grants from these funds, except for the funds established under Sections 2.01a and 2.03, shall be subject to appropriation.

(Source: P.A. 90-142, eff. 1-1-98; 90-168, eff. 7-23-97; 90-655, eff. 7-30-98.)

Section 10. The State Finance Act is amended by adding Sections 5.545, 5.546, 5.547, 5.548, 5.549, 5.550, 5.551, and 5.552 as

[May 10, 2001]

follows:

(30 ILCS 105/5.545 new)

Sec. 5.545. The Gulf War Memorial Fund.

(30 ILCS 105/5.546 new)

Sec. 5.546. The Pet Overpopulation Control Fund.

(30 ILCS 105/5.547 new)

Sec. 5.547. The Hospice Fund.

(30 ILCS 105/5.548 new)

Sec. 5.548. The Lions of Illinois Fund.

(30 ILCS 105/5.549 new)

Sec. 5.549. The Illinois Correctional Employee Memorial Fund.

(30 ILCS 105/5.550 new)

Sec. 5.550. The K-12 Education Fund.

(30 ILCS 105/5.551 new)

Sec. 5.551. The Park District Youth Program Fund.

(30 ILCS 105/5.552 new)

Sec. 5.552. The Coal Technology Research Fund.

Section 15. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by changing Section 3-412 and adding Sections 3-648, 3-649, 3-650, 3-651, 3-652, 3-653, 3-654, 3-655, 3-656, 3-657, and 3-658 as follows:

(625 ILCS 5/3-412) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 3-412)

Sec. 3-412. Registration plates and registration stickers to be furnished by the Secretary of State.

(a) The Secretary of State upon registering a vehicle subject to annual registration for the first time shall issue or shall cause to be issued to the owner one registration plate for a motorcycle, trailer, semitrailer, motorized pedalcycle or truck-tractor, 2 registration plates for other motor vehicles and, where applicable, current registration stickers for motor vehicles of the first division. The provisions of this Section may be made applicable to such vehicles of the second division, as the Secretary of State may, from time to time, in his discretion designate. On subsequent annual registrations during the term of the registration plate as provided in Section 3-414.1, the Secretary shall issue or cause to be issued registration stickers as evidence of current registration. However, the issuance of annual registration stickers to vehicles registered under the provisions of Section 3-402.1 of this Code may not be required if the Secretary deems the issuance unnecessary.

(b) Every registration plate shall have displayed upon it the registration number assigned to the vehicle for which it is issued, the name of this State, which may be abbreviated, the year number for which it was issued, which may be abbreviated, the phrase "Land of Lincoln", except as provided in Sections 3-626, 3-629, 3-633, 3-634, 3-637, 3-638, and 3-642, 3-645, 3-647, 3-648, 3-651, 3-652, 3-654, and 3-658, and such other letters or numbers as the Secretary may prescribe. However, for apportionment plates issued to vehicles registered under Section 3-402.1, the phrase "Land of Lincoln" may be omitted to allow for the word "apportioned" to be displayed. The Secretary may in his discretion prescribe that letters be used as prefixes only on registration plates issued to vehicles of the first division which are registered under this Code and only as suffixes on registration plates issued to other vehicles. Every registration sticker issued as evidence of current registration shall designate the year number for which it is issued and such other letters or numbers as the Secretary may prescribe and shall be of a contrasting color with the registration plates and registration stickers of the previous year.

(c) Each registration plate and the required letters and numerals thereon, except the year number for which issued, shall be of sufficient size to be plainly readable from a distance of 100 feet

[May 10, 2001]

during daylight, and shall be coated with reflectorizing material. The dimensions of the plate issued to vehicles of the first division shall be 6 by 12 inches.

(d) The Secretary of State shall issue for every passenger motor vehicle rented without a driver the same type of registration plates as the type of plates issued for a private passenger vehicle.

(e) The Secretary of State shall issue for every passenger car used as a taxicab or livery, distinctive registration plates.

(f) The Secretary of State shall issue for every motorcycle distinctive registration plates distinguishing between motorcycles having 150 or more cubic centimeters piston displacement, or having less than 150 cubic centimeter piston displacement.

(g) Registration plates issued to vehicles for-hire may display a designation as determined by the Secretary that such vehicles are for-hire.

(h) The Secretary of State shall issue for each electric vehicle distinctive registration plates which shall distinguish between electric vehicles having a maximum operating speed of 45 miles per hour or more and those having a maximum operating speed of less than 45 miles per hour.

(i) The Secretary of State shall issue for every public and private ambulance registration plates identifying the vehicle as an ambulance. The Secretary shall forward to the Department of Public Aid registration information for the purpose of verification of claims filed with the Department by ambulance owners for payment for services to public assistance recipients.

(j) The Secretary of State shall issue for every public and private medical carrier or rescue vehicle livery registration plates displaying numbers within ranges of numbers reserved respectively for medical carriers and rescue vehicles. The Secretary shall forward to the Department of Public Aid registration information for the purpose of verification of claims filed with the Department by owners of medical carriers or rescue vehicles for payment for services to public assistance recipients.

(Source: P.A. 89-424, eff. 6-1-96; 89-564, eff. 7-1-97; 89-612, eff. 8-9-96; 89-621, eff. 1-1-97; 89-639, eff. 1-1-97; 90-14, eff. 7-1-97; 90-533, eff. 11-14-97; 90-655, eff. 7-30-98.)

(625 ILCS 5/3-648 new)

Sec. 3-648. Gulf War Veteran license plate.

(a) In addition to any other special license plate, the Secretary of State, upon receipt of all applicable fees and applications made in the form prescribed by the Secretary, may issue special registration plates designated as Gulf War Veteran license plates to residents of Illinois who participated in the Persian Gulf Conflict between the dates recognized by the United States Department of Veterans' Affairs. The special plate issued under this Section must be affixed only to passenger vehicles of the first division, motor vehicles of the second division, and recreational vehicles as defined in Section 1-169 of this Code. Plates issued under this Section shall expire according to the staggered multi-year procedure established by Section 3-414.1 of this Code.

(b) The design, color, and format of the plates shall be wholly within the discretion of the Secretary of State. The Secretary may, in his or her discretion, allow the plates to be issued as vanity plates or personalized in accordance with Section 3-405.1 of this Code. The plates are not required to designate "Land of Lincoln", as prescribed in subsection (b) of Section 3-412 of this Code. The Secretary shall prescribe the eligibility requirements and, in his or her discretion, shall approve and prescribe stickers or decals as provided under Section 3-412.

[May 10, 2001]

(c) An applicant must be charged a \$100 fee for original issuance and renewal in addition to the applicable registration fee. Of the additional original fee, \$13 must be deposited into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund and \$87 must be deposited into the Gulf War Memorial Fund. For each registration renewal period, \$2 must be deposited into the Secretary of State Special Licenses Plate Fund and \$98 must be deposited into the Gulf War Memorial Fund.

(d) The Gulf War Memorial Fund is created as a special fund in the State treasury. Moneys in the Fund may, subject to appropriation, be used by the Department of Veterans' Affairs to provide grants for the construction of the Gulf War Memorial. Upon the completion of the Memorial, the Department of Veterans' Affairs must certify to the State Treasurer that the construction of the Memorial has been completed. Upon the certification of the Department of Veterans' Affairs, the State Treasurer must transfer all moneys in the Fund into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(625 ILCS 5/3-649 new)

Sec. 3-649. Pet Friendly license plates.

(a) The Secretary, upon receipt of an application made in the form prescribed by the Secretary, may issue special registration plates designated as Pet Friendly license plates. The special plates issued under this Section shall be affixed only to passenger vehicles of the first division, motor vehicles of the second division weighing not more than 8,000 pounds, and recreational vehicles as defined in Section 1-169 of this Code. Plates issued under this Section shall expire according to the multi-year procedure established by Section 3-414.1 of this Code.

(b) The design and color of the plates is wholly within the discretion of the Secretary, except that the phrase "I am pet friendly" shall be on the plates. The Secretary may allow the plates to be issued as vanity plates or personalized plates under Section 3-405.1 of the Code. The Secretary shall prescribe stickers or decals as provided under Section 3-412 of this Code.

(c) An applicant for the special plate shall be charged a \$100 fee for original issuance in addition to the appropriate registration fee. Of this additional fee, \$85 shall be deposited into the Pet Overpopulation Control Fund and \$15 shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund, to be used by the Secretary to help defray the administrative processing costs.

For each registration renewal period, a \$100 fee, in addition to the appropriate registration fee, shall be charged. Of this additional fee, \$98 shall be deposited into the Pet Overpopulation Control Fund and \$2 shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(d) The Pet Overpopulation Control Fund is created as a special fund in the State treasury. All moneys in the Pet Overpopulation Control Fund shall be paid, subject to appropriation by the General Assembly and approval by the Secretary, as grants to humane societies exempt from federal income taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code to be used solely for the humane sterilization of dogs and cats in the State of Illinois. In approving grants under this subsection (d), the Secretary shall consider recommendations for grants made by a volunteer board appointed by the Secretary that shall consist of 5 Illinois residents who are officers or directors of humane societies operating in different regions in Illinois.

(625 ILCS 5/3-650 new)

Sec. 3-650. Hospice license plates.

(a) The Secretary, upon receipt of an application made in the form prescribed by the Secretary, may issue special registration

[May 10, 2001]

plates designated as Hospice license plates. The special plates issued under this Section shall be affixed only to passenger vehicles of the first division and motor vehicles of the second division weighing not more than 8,000 pounds. Plates issued under this Section shall expire according to the multi-year procedure established by Section 3-414.1 of this Code.

(b) The color of the plates is wholly within the discretion of the Secretary. The design of the plates shall include the word "Hospice" above drawings of two lilies and a butterfly. The Secretary may allow the plates to be issued as vanity plates or personalized under Section 3-405.1 of the Code. The Secretary shall prescribe stickers or decals as provided under Section 3-412 of this Code.

(c) An applicant for the special plate shall be charged a \$100 fee for original issuance in addition to the appropriate registration fee. Of this fee, \$85 shall be deposited into the Hospice Fund and \$15 shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund, to be used by the Secretary to help defray the administrative processing costs.

For each registration renewal period, a \$100 fee, in addition to the appropriate registration fee, shall be charged. Of this fee, \$98 shall be deposited into the Hospice Fund and \$2 shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(d) The Hospice Fund is created as a special fund in the State treasury. All money in the Hospice Fund shall be paid, subject to appropriation by the General Assembly and approval by the Secretary, to the Department of Public Health for distribution as grants for hospice services as defined in the Hospice Program Licensing Act. The Director of Public Health shall adopt rules for the distribution of these grants.

(625 ILCS 5/3-651 new)

Sec. 3-651. Union Member license plates.

(a) In addition to any other special license plate, the Secretary, upon receipt of all applicable fees and applications made in the form prescribed by the Secretary of State, may issue Union Member license plates to residents of Illinois who meet eligibility requirements prescribed by the Secretary of State. The special Union Member plate issued under this Section shall be affixed only to passenger vehicles of the first division and motor vehicles of the second division weighing not more than 8,000 pounds. Plates issued under this Section shall expire according to the staggered multi-year procedure established by Section 3-414.1 of this Code.

(b) The design, color, and format of the plates shall be wholly within the discretion of the Secretary of State, except that the plates shall show support for union members. The Secretary may, in his or her discretion, allow the plates to be issued as vanity or personalized plates in accordance with Section 3-405.1 of this Code. The plates are not required to designate "Land Of Lincoln", as prescribed in subsection (b) of Section 3-412 of this Code. The Secretary shall prescribe the eligibility requirements and, in his or her discretion, shall approve and prescribe stickers or decals as provided under Section 3-412.

(c) An applicant shall be charged a \$100 fee for original issuance in addition to the applicable registration fee. This additional fee shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund. For each registration renewal period, a \$100 fee, in addition to the appropriate registration fee, shall be charged and shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(625 ILCS 5/3-652 new)

Sec. 3-652. Lions of Illinois license plates.

[May 10, 2001]

(a) In addition to any other special license plate, the Secretary, upon receipt of all applicable fees and applications made in the form prescribed by the Secretary of State, may issue Lions of Illinois license plates to residents of Illinois who meet eligibility requirements prescribed by the Secretary of State. The special Lions of Illinois plate issued under this Section shall be affixed only to passenger vehicles of the first division and motor vehicles of the second division weighing not more than 8,000 pounds. Plates issued under this Section shall expire according to the staggered multi-year procedure established by Section 3-414.1 of this Code.

(b) The design, color, and format of the plates shall be wholly within the discretion of the Secretary of State, except that the International Association of Lions Clubs emblem shall appear at the lower right corner of the plate, and immediately to the left of the emblem shall appear the following words: "Lions of Illinois". The Secretary may, in his or her discretion, allow the plates to be issued as vanity or personalized plates in accordance with Section 3-405.1 of this Code. The plates are not required to designate "Land Of Lincoln", as prescribed in subsection (b) of Section 3-412 of this Code. The Secretary shall prescribe the eligibility requirements and, in his or her discretion, shall approve and prescribe stickers or decals as provided under Section 3-412.

(c) An applicant for the special plate shall be charged a \$100 fee for original issuance in addition to the appropriate registration fee. Of this fee, \$85 shall be deposited into the Lions of Illinois Fund and \$15 shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund, to be used by the Secretary to help defray the administrative processing costs.

For each registration renewal period, a \$100 fee, in addition to the appropriate registration fee, shall be charged. Of this fee, \$98 shall be deposited into the Lions of Illinois Fund and \$2 shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(d) The Lions of Illinois Fund is created as a special fund in the State treasury. All moneys in the Lions of Illinois Fund shall be paid, subject to appropriation by the General Assembly and approval by the Secretary, as grants to the Lions of Illinois Endowment Fund.

(625 ILCS 5/3-653 new)

Sec. 3-653. Illinois Correctional Employee Memorial license plates.

(a) The Secretary, upon receipt of an application made in the form prescribed by the Secretary, may issue special registration plates designated as Illinois Correctional Employee Memorial license plates. The special plates issued under this Section shall be affixed only to passenger vehicles of the first division and motor vehicles of the second division weighing not more than 8,000 pounds. Plates issued under this Section shall expire according to the multi-year procedure established by Section 3-414.1 of this Code.

(b) The design and color of the plates is wholly within the discretion of the Secretary. The Secretary may allow the plates to be issued as vanity or personalized plates under Section 3-405.1 of this Code. The Secretary shall prescribe stickers or decals as provided under Section 3-412 of this Code.

(c) An applicant for the special plate shall be charged a \$100 fee for original issuance in addition to the appropriate registration fee. Of this fee, \$85 shall be deposited into the Illinois Correctional Employee Memorial Fund and \$15 shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund, to be used by the Secretary to help defray the administrative processing costs.

For each registration renewal period, a \$100 fee, in addition to

[May 10, 2001]

the appropriate registration fee, shall be charged. Of this fee, \$98 shall be deposited into the Illinois Correctional Employee Memorial Fund and \$2 shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(d) The Illinois Correctional Employee Memorial Fund is created as a special fund in the State treasury. All money in the Illinois Correctional Employee Memorial Fund shall, subject to appropriation by the General Assembly and approval by the Secretary, be used by the Department of Corrections for construction and maintenance of the Illinois Correctional Employee Memorial, to be located at the State Capitol grounds in Springfield, Illinois, and for holding an annual memorial commemoration.

(625 ILCS 5/3-654 new)

Sec. 3-654. Paratrooper license plates.

(a) In addition to any other special license plate, the Secretary, upon receipt of all applicable fees and applications made in the form prescribed by the Secretary of State, may issue Paratrooper license plates to residents of Illinois who meet eligibility requirements prescribed by the Secretary of State. The special Paratrooper plate issued under this Section shall be affixed only to passenger vehicles of the first division and motor vehicles of the second division weighing not more than 8,000 pounds. Plates issued under this Section shall expire according to the staggered multi-year procedure established by Section 3-414.1 of this Code.

(b) The design, color, and format of the plates shall be wholly within the discretion of the Secretary of State. The Secretary may, in his or her discretion, allow the plates to be issued as vanity or personalized plates in accordance with Section 3-405.1 of this Code. The plates are not required to designate "Land Of Lincoln", as prescribed in subsection (b) of Section 3-412 of this Code. The Secretary shall prescribe the eligibility requirements and, in his or her discretion, shall approve and prescribe stickers or decals as provided under Section 3-412.

(c) An applicant shall be charged a \$100 fee for original issuance in addition to the applicable registration fee. This additional fee shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund. For each registration renewal period, a \$100 fee, in addition to the appropriate registration fee, shall be charged and shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(625 ILCS 5/3-655 new)

Sec. 3-655. K-12 Education license plates.

(a) The Secretary, upon receipt of an application made in the form prescribed by the Secretary, may issue special registration plates designated as K-12 Education license plates. The special plates issued under this Section shall be affixed only to passenger vehicles of the first division and motor vehicles of the second division weighing not more than 8,000 pounds. Plates issued under this Section shall expire according to the multi-year procedure established by Section 3-414.1 of this Code.

(b) The design and color of the plates is wholly within the discretion of the Secretary. The Secretary may allow the plates to be issued as vanity or personalized plates under Section 3-405.1 of the Code. The Secretary shall prescribe stickers or decals as provided under Section 3-412 of this Code.

(c) An applicant for the special plate shall be charged a \$100 fee for original issuance in addition to the appropriate registration fee. Of this fee, \$85 shall be deposited into the K-12 Education Fund and \$15 shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund, to be used by the Secretary to help defray the

administrative processing costs.

For each registration renewal period, a \$100 fee, in addition to the appropriate registration fee, shall be charged. Of this fee, \$98 shall be deposited into the K-12 Education Fund and \$2 shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(d) The K-12 Education Fund is created as a special fund in the State treasury. All money in the K-12 Education Fund shall be paid, subject to appropriation by the General Assembly and approval by the Secretary, as grants to the individual school districts designated by each applicant.

(625 ILCS 5/3-656 new)

Sec. 3-656. Park District Youth Program license plates.

(a) In addition to any other special license plate, the Secretary, upon receipt of all applicable fees and applications made in the form prescribed by the Secretary of State, may issue Park District Youth Program license plates. The special Park District Youth Program plate issued under this Section shall be affixed only to passenger vehicles of the first division and motor vehicles of the second division weighing not more than 8,000 pounds. Plates issued under this Section shall expire according to the staggered multi-year procedure established by Section 3-414.1 of this Code.

(b) The design, color, and format of the plates shall be wholly within the discretion of the Secretary of State. Appropriate documentation, as determined by the Secretary, must accompany each application. The Secretary, in his or her discretion, shall approve and prescribe stickers or decals as provided under Section 3-412.

(c) An applicant for the special plate shall be charged a \$100 fee for original issuance in addition to the appropriate registration fee. Of this fee, \$85 shall be deposited into the Park District Youth Program Fund and \$15 shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund, to be used by the Secretary to help defray the administrative processing costs.

For each registration renewal period, a \$100 fee, in addition to the appropriate registration fee, shall be charged. Of this fee, \$98 shall be deposited into the Park District Youth Program Fund and \$2 shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(d) The Park District Youth Program Fund is created as a special fund in the State treasury. All money in the Park District Youth Program Fund shall be paid, subject to appropriation by the General Assembly and approval by the Secretary, as grants to the Illinois Association of Park Districts, a not-for-profit corporation, for grants to park districts and recreation agencies providing innovative after school programming for Illinois youth.

(625 ILCS 5/3-657 new)

Sec. 3-657. Illinois Coal Mining license plates.

(a) The Secretary, upon receipt of an application made in the form prescribed by the Secretary, may issue special registration plates designated as Coal Mining license plates. The special plates issued under this Section shall be affixed only to passenger vehicles of the first division and motor vehicles of the second division weighing not more than 8,000 pounds. Plates issued under this Section shall expire according to the multi-year procedure established by Section 3-414.1 of this Code.

(b) The design and color of the plates is wholly within the discretion of the Secretary. The Secretary may allow the plates to be issued as vanity or personalized plates under Section 3-405.1 of this Code. The Secretary shall prescribe stickers or decals as provided under Section 3-412 of this Code.

(c) An applicant for the special plate shall be charged a \$100

[May 10, 2001]

fee for original issuance in addition to the appropriate registration fee. Of this fee, \$85 shall be deposited into the Coal Technology Research Fund and \$15 shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund, to be used by the Secretary to help defray the administrative processing costs.

For each registration renewal period, a \$100 fee, in addition to the appropriate registration fee, shall be charged. Of this fee, \$98 shall be deposited into the Coal Technology Research Fund and \$2 shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(d) The Coal Technology Research Fund is created as a special fund in the State treasury. All money in the Coal Technology Research Fund shall, subject to appropriation by the General Assembly, be used by the Coal Extraction and Utilization Research Center at Southern Illinois University for coal technology research.

(625 ILCS 5/3-658 new)

Sec. 3-658. Small Business/Entrepreneur license plates.

(a) In addition to any other special license plate, the Secretary, upon receipt of all applicable fees and applications made in the form prescribed by the Secretary of State, may issue Small Business/Entrepreneur license plates to residents of Illinois who meet eligibility requirements prescribed by the Secretary of State. The special Small Business/Entrepreneur plate issued under this Section shall be affixed only to passenger vehicles of the first division and motor vehicles of the second division weighing not more than 8,000 pounds. Plates issued under this Section shall expire according to the staggered multi-year procedure established by Section 3-414.1 of this Code.

(b) The design, color, and format of the plates shall be wholly within the discretion of the Secretary of State, except that the plates shall show support for small business and entrepreneurship. The Secretary may, in his or her discretion, allow the plates to be issued as vanity or personalized plates in accordance with Section 3-405.1 of this Code. The plates are not required to designate "Land Of Lincoln", as prescribed in subsection (b) of Section 3-412 of this Code. The Secretary shall prescribe the eligibility requirements and, in his or her discretion, shall approve and prescribe stickers or decals as provided under Section 3-412.

(c) An applicant shall be charged a \$100 fee for original issuance in addition to the applicable registration fee. This additional fee shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund. For each registration renewal period, a \$100 fee, in addition to the appropriate registration fee, shall be charged and shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund."

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Sullivan, House Bill No. 356 was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Woolard, House Bill No. 417 was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Lauzen, House Bill No. 442 was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Mahar, House Bill No. 445 having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

[May 10, 2001]

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Judiciary, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 445, on page 6, by replacing lines 6 through 13 with the following:

"(e) Any person who has alcoholic liquor in his or her possession on public school district property on school days or at events when children are present is guilty of a petty offense, unless the alcoholic liquor (i) is in the original container with the seal unbroken and is in the possession of a person who is not otherwise legally prohibited from possessing the alcoholic liquor or (ii) is in the possession of a person in or for the performance of a religious service or ceremony authorized by the school board."

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Syverson, House Bill No. 446 having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Judiciary, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 446 as follows: by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 3. The Department of Public Health Powers and Duties Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is amended by adding Section 2310-396 as follows:

(20 ILCS 2310/2310-396 new)

Sec. 2310-396. Organ Donation Task Force. The Department shall establish an Organ Donation Task Force to study the various laws and rules regarding organ donation to determine whether consolidation or other changes in the laws or rules are needed to facilitate organ donation in Illinois. The Director shall appoint the members of the Task Force and shall determine the number of members to be appointed. The members of the Task Force shall include representatives of the Illinois Hospital and Health Systems Association, the Illinois State Medical Society, organ procurement agencies, the Illinois Eye Bank, and any other entities deemed appropriate by the Director.

Section 5. The Uniform Anatomical Gift Act is amended by changing Section 3 as follows:

(755 ILCS 50/3) (from Ch. 110 1/2, par. 303)

Sec. 3. Persons who may execute an anatomical gift.

(a) Any individual of sound mind who has attained the age of 18 may give all or any part of his or her body for any purpose specified in Section 4. Such a gift may be executed in any of the ways set out in Section 5, and shall take effect upon the individual's death without the need to obtain the consent of any survivor. An anatomical gift made by an agent of an individual, as authorized by the individual under the Powers of Attorney for Health Care Law, as now or hereafter amended, is deemed to be a gift by that individual and takes effect without the need to obtain the consent of any other person.

(b) If no gift has been executed under subsection (a), any of the following persons, in the order of priority stated in items (1) through (9) (6) below, when persons in prior classes are not available and in the absence of (i) actual notice of contrary intentions by the decedent and (ii) actual notice of opposition by any member within the same priority class, may give all or any part

[May 10, 2001]

of the decedent's body after or immediately before death for any purpose specified in Section 4:

(1) the decedent's agent under a power of attorney for health care which provides specific direction regarding organ donation,

(2) {1} the decedent's spouse,

(3) {2} the decedent's adult sons or daughters,

(4) {3} either of the decedent's parents,

(5) {4} any of the decedent's adult brothers or sisters,

(6) any adult grandchild of the decedent,

(7) {5} the guardian of the decedent's estate deeedent--at the-time-of-his-or-her-death,

(8) the decedent's surrogate decision maker under the Health Care Surrogate Act,

(9) {6} any person authorized or under obligation to dispose of the body.

If the donee has actual notice of opposition to the gift by the decedent or any person in the highest priority class in which an available person can be found, then no gift of all or any part of the decedent's body shall be accepted.

(c) For the purposes of this Act, a person will not be considered "available" for the giving of consent or refusal if:

(1) the existence of the person is unknown to the donee and is not readily ascertainable through the examination of the decedent's hospital records and the questioning of any persons who are available for giving consent;

(2) the donee has unsuccessfully attempted to contact the person by telephone or in any other reasonable manner;

(3) the person is unable or unwilling to respond in a manner which indicates the person's refusal or consent.

(d) A gift of all or part of a body authorizes any examination necessary to assure medical acceptability of the gift for the purposes intended.

(e) The rights of the donee created by the gift are paramount to the rights of others except as provided by Section 8 (d).

(f) If no gift has been executed under this Section, then no part of the decedent's body may be used for any purpose specified in Section 4 of this Act, except in accordance with the Organ Donation Request Act or the Corneal Transplant Act.

(Source: P.A. 86-736.)

Section 10. The Illinois Corneal Transplant Act is amended by changing Section 2 as follows:

(755 ILCS 55/2) (from Ch. 110 1/2, par. 352)

Sec. 2. (a) Objection to the removal of corneal tissue may be made known to the coroner or county medical examiner or authorized individual acting for the coroner or county medical examiner by the individual during his lifetime or by the following persons, in the order of priority stated, after the decedent's death:

(1) The decedent's agent under a power of attorney for health care which provides specific direction regarding organ donation;

(2) {1} The decedent's spouse;

(3) {2}--If-there-is-no-spouse,-any-of The decedent's adult sons or daughters;

(4) {3}--If--there--is--no--spouse--and--no--adult--sons--or--daughters,- Either of the decedent's parents;

(5) {4}--If-there-is-no-spouse,-no-adult-sons-or-daughters,-and-no-parents,- Any of the decedent's adult brothers or sisters;

(6) Any adult grandchild of the decedent;

(7) {5}--If-there-is-no-spouse,-no-adult-sons-or--daughters,-

[May 10, 2001]

~~no parents, and no adult brothers or sisters, The guardian of the decedent's estate; decedent-at-the-time-of-his-or-her-death.~~

~~(8) The decedent's surrogate decision maker under the Health Care Surrogate Act;~~

~~(9) Any person authorized or under obligation to dispose of the body.~~

(b) If the coroner or county medical examiner or any authorized individual acting for the coroner or county medical examiner has actual notice of any contrary indications by the decedent or actual notice that any member within the same class specified in subsection (a), paragraphs (1) through (9) (5) of this Section, in the same order of priority, objects to the removal, the coroner or county medical examiner shall not approve the removal of corneal tissue. (Source: P.A. 87-633.)

Section 15. The Organ Donation Request Act is amended by changing Section 2 as follows:

(755 ILCS 60/2) (from Ch. 110 1/2, par. 752)

Sec. 2. Notification; consent; definitions.

(a) When, based upon generally accepted medical standards, an inpatient in a general acute care hospital with more than 100 beds is a suitable candidate for organ or tissue donation and such patient has not made an anatomical gift of all or any part of his or her body pursuant to Section 5 of the Uniform Anatomical Gift Act, the hospital administrator, or his or her designated representative, shall, if the candidate is suitable for the donation of organs at the time of or after notification of death, notify the hospital's federally designated organ procurement agency. The organ procurement agency shall request a consent for organ donation according to the priority and conditions established in subsection (b). In the case of a candidate suitable for donation of tissue only, the hospital administrator or his or her designated representative or tissue bank shall, at the time of or shortly after notification of death, request a consent for tissue donation according to the priority need conditions established in subsection (b). Alternative procedures for requesting consent may be implemented by mutual agreement between a hospital and a federally designated organ procurement agency or tissue bank.

(b) In making a request for organ or tissue donation, the hospital administrator or his or her designated representative or the hospital's federally designated organ procurement agency or tissue bank shall request any of the following persons, in the order of priority stated in items (1) through (9) (7) below, when persons in prior classes are not available and in the absence of (i) actual notice of contrary intentions by the decedent, (ii) actual notice of opposition by any member within the same priority class, and (iii) reason to believe that an anatomical gift is contrary to the decedent's religious beliefs, to consent to the gift of all or any part of the decedent's body for any purpose specified in Section 4 of the Uniform Anatomical Gift Act:

(1) ~~the decedent's agent under a power of attorney for health care which provides specific direction regarding organ donation the Powers of Attorney for Health Care Law;~~

~~(2) the decedent's surrogate decision maker under the Health Care Surrogate Act;~~

(2) (3) the decedent's spouse;

(3) (4) the decedent's adult sons or daughters;

(4) (5) either of the decedent's parents;

(5) (6) any of the decedent's adult brothers or sisters;

(6) any adult grandchild of the decedent;

(7) the guardian of the decedent's estate; ~~decedent-at-the~~

[May 10, 2001]

~~time-of-his-or-her-death-~~

(8) the decedent's surrogate decision maker under the Health Care Surrogate Act;

(9) any person authorized or under obligation to dispose of the body.

(c) If (1) the hospital administrator, or his or her designated representative, the organ procurement agency, or the tissue bank has actual notice of opposition to the gift by the decedent or any person in the highest priority class in which an available person can be found, or (2) there is reason to believe that an anatomical gift is contrary to the decedent's religious beliefs, or (3) the Director of Public Health has adopted a rule signifying his determination that the need for organs and tissues for donation has been adequately met, then such gift of all or any part of the decedent's body shall not be requested. If a donation is requested, consent or refusal may only be obtained from the person or persons in the highest priority class available. If the hospital administrator, or his or her designated representative, the designated organ procurement agency, or the tissue bank is unable to obtain consent from any of the persons named in items (1) through (9) {7} of subsection (b) {a} of this Section, the decedent's body shall not be used for an anatomical gift unless a valid anatomical gift document was executed under the Uniform Anatomical Gift Act or the Corneal Transplant Act.

(d) For the purposes of this Act, a person will not be considered "available" for the giving of consent or refusal if:

(1) the existence of the person is unknown to the hospital administrator or designee, organ procurement agency, or tissue bank and is not readily ascertainable through the examination of the decedent's hospital records and the questioning of any persons who are available for giving consent;

(2) the administrator or designee, organ procurement agency, or tissue bank has unsuccessfully attempted to contact the person by telephone or in any other reasonable manner;

(3) the person is unable or unwilling to respond in a manner which indicates the person's refusal or consent.

(e) For the purposes of this Act, "federally designated organ procurement agency" means the organ procurement agency designated by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services for the service area in which a hospital is located; except that in the case of a hospital located in a county adjacent to Wisconsin which currently contracts with an organ procurement agency located in Wisconsin that is not the organ procurement agency designated by the U.S. Secretary of Health and Human Services for the service area in which the hospital is located, if the hospital applies for a waiver pursuant to 42 USC 1320b-8(a), it may designate an organ procurement agency located in Wisconsin to be thereafter deemed its federally designated organ procurement agency for the purposes of this Act.

(f) For the purposes of this Act, "tissue bank" means any facility or program operating in Illinois that is certified by the American Association of Tissue Banks or the Eye Bank Association of America and is involved in procuring, furnishing, donating, or distributing corneas, bones, or other human tissue for the purpose of injecting, transfusing, or transplanting any of them into the human body. "Tissue bank" does not include a licensed blood bank.

For the purposes of this Act, "tissue" does not include organs.

(g) Nothing in Public Act 89-393 ~~this--amendatory--Act--of--1995~~ alters any agreements or affiliations between tissue banks and hospitals.

(Source: P.A. 89-393, eff. 8-20-95; revised 2-23-00.)"

[May 10, 2001]

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Radogno, House Bill No. 452 was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Woolard, House Bill No. 638 was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Link, House Bill No. 643 was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Cullerton, House Bill No. 863 having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Judiciary, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 863 as follows:
by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:
"Section 5. The Rights of Crime Victims and Witnesses Act is amended by changing Section 6 as follows:

(725 ILCS 120/6) (from Ch. 38, par. 1406)

Sec. 6. Rights to present victim impact statement.

(a) In any case where a defendant has been convicted of a violent crime or a juvenile has been adjudicated a delinquent for a violent crime except those in which both parties have agreed to the imposition of a specific sentence, and a victim of the violent crime or the victim's spouse, guardian, parent, or other immediate family or household member is present in the courtroom at the time of the sentencing or the disposition hearing, the victim or his or her representative shall have the right and the victim's spouse, guardian, parent, or other immediate family or household member upon his, or her, or their request may be permitted by the court to ~~shall have--the--right--to~~ address the court regarding the impact ~~that which~~ the defendant's criminal conduct or the juvenile's delinquent conduct has had upon ~~them and~~ the victim. ~~Any If--the--victim--chooses--to exercise--this--right--the~~ impact statement must have been prepared in writing in conjunction with the Office of the State's Attorney prior to the initial hearing or sentencing, before it can be presented orally or in writing at the sentencing hearing. In conjunction with the Office of the State's Attorney, a victim impact statement that is presented orally may be done so by the victim or the victim's spouse, guardian, parent, or other immediate family or household member or his, or her, or their representative. At the sentencing hearing, the prosecution may introduce that evidence either in its case in chief or in rebuttal. The court shall consider any impact statement admitted ~~statements--made--by--the--victim,~~ along with all other appropriate factors in determining the sentence of the defendant or disposition of such juvenile.

(b) The crime victim has the right to prepare a victim impact statement and present it to the Office of the State's Attorney at any time during the proceedings.

(c) This Section shall apply to any victims of a violent crime during any dispositional hearing under Section 5-705 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 which takes place pursuant to an adjudication of delinquency for any such offense.

(Source: P.A. 90-590, eff. 1-1-99; 91-693, eff. 4-13-00.)".

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was

[May 10, 2001]

ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Burzynski, House Bill No. 889 was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Burzynski, House Bill No. 1096 having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Education, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 1096 as follows:
on page 1, line 5, by replacing "3-15.12" with "2-3.33a, 3-15.12,";
and

on page 1, immediately below line 6, by inserting the following:

"(105 ILCS 5/2-3.33a)

Sec. 2-3.33a. Audit adjustments prohibited; alternative education program. The State Board of Education shall not make audit adjustments to general State aid claims paid in fiscal years 1999, 2000, 2001, and 2002, and 2003 based upon the claimant's failure to provide a minimum of 5 clock hours of daily instruction to students in an alternative education program or based upon the claimant's provision of service to non-resident students in an alternative education program without charging tuition, provided that the non-resident students were enrolled in the alternative education program on or before April 1, 2000.

(Source: P.A. 91-844, eff. 6-22-00.); and

on page 6, line 13, by replacing "at-risk students" with "students at risk of academic failure"; and

on page 6, by deleting lines 24 through 31; and

on page 7, by deleting lines 1 through 8; and

on page 7, line 9, by replacing "13B-15.10" with "13B-15.5"; and

on page 7, line 10, by replacing "13B-15.10" with "13B-15.5"; and

on page 7, line 12, by replacing "13B-15.15" with "13B-15.10"; and

on page 7, line 13, by replacing "13B-15.15" with "13B-15.10"; and

on page 7, lines 14 through 16, by replacing "whose circumstances threaten his or her ability to master the curriculum" with "at risk of not meeting the Illinois Learning Standards or not graduating from elementary or high school"; and

on page 7, line 20, by replacing "13B-15.20" with "13B-15.15"; and

on page 7, line 21, by replacing "13B-15.20" with "13B-15.15"; and

on page 8, line 4, by replacing "13B-15.25" with "13B-15.20"; and

on page 8, line 5, by replacing "13B-15.25" with "13B-15.20"; and

on page 8, line 6, by replacing "may include without limitation" with "include"; and

on page 8, line 20, by replacing "at-risk students" with "students at risk of academic failure"; and

on page 8, line 26, after "programs" by inserting "to assist high school dropouts in completing their education"; and

on page 9, by deleting lines 1 through 9; and

on page 9, line 10, by replacing "13B-20.15" with "13B-20.10"; and

on page 9, line 11, by replacing "13B-20.15" with "13B-20.10"; and

on page 9, line 26, by replacing "13B-20.20" with "13B-20.15"; and

on page 9, line 27, by replacing "13B-20.20" with "13B-20.15"; and

on page 10, line 4, by replacing "13B-20.25" with "13B-20.20"; and

on page 10, line 5, by replacing "13B-20.25" with "13B-20.20"; and

on page 10, line 13, by replacing "13B-20.30" with "13B-20.25"; and

on page 10, line 14, by replacing "13B-20.30" with "13B-20.25"; and

on page 10, line 15, after "meet", by inserting "enrollment"; and

on page 10, line 16, by deleting "at-risk student" or"; and

[May 10, 2001]

on page 10, line 19, after the period, by inserting the following:
"All rights granted under this Article to a student's parent or guardian become exclusively those of the student upon the student's 18th birthday."; and

on page 10, line 20, by replacing "13B-20.35" with "13B-20.30"; and

on page 10, line 21, by replacing "13B-20.35" with "13B-20.30"; and

on page 10, line 25, by replacing "13B-20.40" with "13B-20.35"; and

on page 10, line 26, by replacing "13B-20.40" with "13B-20.35"; and

on page 11, line 28, after "program", by inserting "and for transitioning students as appropriate back to the regular school program"; and

on page 12, line 3, by replacing "Board" with "Superintendent of Education before enrolling students in the program"; and

on page 12, line 22, by replacing "at-risk student population" with "students at risk of academic failure"; and

on page 12, line 27, by replacing "at-risk students" with "students at risk of academic failure"; and

on page 13, line 1, by replacing "at-risk students" with "students at risk of academic failure"; and

on page 14, line 14, by replacing "at-risk students" with "students at risk of academic failure"; and

on page 14, line 18, after "Board", by inserting "; rules"; and

on page 14, line 20, after the period, by inserting the following:
"The State Board may adopt rules as necessary to implement this Article."; and

on page 14, line 27, by replacing "at-risk students" with "students at risk of academic failure"; and

on page 18, line 19, after "education", by inserting "advocacy"; and

on page 18, line 21, after "representatives", by inserting "and child advocates"; and

on page 18, line 31, by replacing "at-risk students" with "students at risk of academic failure"; and

on page 24, by replacing lines 16 through 25 with the following:
"Sec. 13B-60.5. Request for enrollment. A school district that operates an alternative learning opportunities program shall ensure that parents and guardians are aware of the program and the services that the program offers. A student may be enrolled in the program only upon the request of the student or the student's parent or guardian and only after a conference under Section 13B-60.10 of this Code has been held."; and

on page 24, line 26, by replacing "13B-60.15" with "13B-60.10"; and

on page 24, line 27, by replacing "13B-60.15" with "13B-60.10"; and

on page 24, line 28, by replacing "voluntarily admitted or administratively transferred to" with "enrolled in"; and

on page 25, line 6, after the period, by inserting the following:
"The conference shall include a discussion of the extent to which the student, if enrolled in the program, may participate in school activities. No student shall be enrolled in an alternative learning opportunities program without the consent of the student's parent or guardian."; and

on page 25, by deleting lines 7 through 20; and

on page 25, line 21, by replacing "13B-60.30" with "13B-60.15"; and

on page 25, line 22, by replacing "13B-60.30" with "13B-60.15"; and

on page 25, line 26, after the period, by inserting the following:
"Upon request of the student's parent or guardian, the school district shall review the student's progress using procedures established by the district. A student shall remain in the program only with the consent of the student's parent or guardian and shall be returned to the regular school program upon the request of the student's parent or guardian."; and

[May 10, 2001]

on page 25, by replacing lines 27 through 30 with the following:
 "(105 ILCS 5/13B-60.20 new)

Sec. 13B-60.20. Enrollment of special education students. Any enrollment of a special education student in an alternative learning opportunities program must be done only in accordance with the student's individualized education plan. The student's individualized education plan must be implemented in the program by appropriately certified personnel."; and
 on page 26, by deleting lines 1 and 2; and
 on page 26, line 3, by replacing "13B-60.40" with "13B-60.25"; and
 on page 26, line 4, by replacing "13B-60.40" with "13B-60.25"; and
 on page 26, line 7, by replacing "each of his or her parents or guardians" with "his or her parent or guardian"; and
 on page 26, lines 27 through 29, by replacing "it has been determined that a student's attendance is not adequate enough to benefit from the regular school program" with "a student is a chronic or habitual truant as defined in Section 26-2a of this Code"; and
 on page 27, line 18, by replacing "may" with "must"; and
 on page 27, line 22, by deleting "and"; and
 on page 27, line 23, by replacing "is acceptable to the district" with "meets district standards"; and
 on page 28, line 29, by replacing "July 1, 2001" with "January 1, 2002".

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Radogno, House Bill No. 1148 having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Environment and Energy, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 1148 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Environmental Protection Act is amended by changing Section 9.8 as follows:

(415 ILCS 5/9.8)

Sec. 9.8. Emissions reductions market system.

(a) The General Assembly finds:

(1) That achieving compliance with the ozone attainment provisions of federal Clean Air Act Amendments (CAAA) of 1990 calls for innovative and cost-effective implementation strategies.

(2) That economic incentives and market-based approaches can be used to achieve clean air compliance in an innovative and cost-effective manner.

(3) That development and operation of an emissions market system should significantly lessen the economic impacts associated with implementation of the federal Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 and still achieve the desired air quality for the area.

(b) The Agency shall design an emissions market system that will assist the State in meeting applicable post-1996 provisions under the CAAA of 1990, provide maximum flexibility for designated sources that reduce emissions, and that takes into account the findings of the national ozone transport assessment, existing air quality conditions, and resultant emissions levels necessary to achieve or maintain attainment.

(c) The Agency may develop proposed rules for a market-based

[May 10, 2001]

emissions reduction, banking, and trading system that will enable stationary sources to implement cost-effective, compliance options. In developing such a market system, the Agency may take into consideration a suitable ozone control season and related reconciliation period, seasonal allotments of actual emissions and adjustments thereto, phased participation by size of source, suitable emissions and compliance monitoring provisions, an annual allotment set-aside for market assurance, and suitable means for the market system to be provided for in an appropriate State implementation plan. The proposal shall be filed with the Board and shall be subject to the rulemaking provisions of Sections 27 and 28 of this Act. The rules adopted by the Board shall include provisions that:

(1) Assure that compliance with the required emissions reductions under the market system shall be, at a minimum, as cost-effective as the traditional regulatory control requirements in the State of Illinois.

(2) Assure that emissions reductions under the market system will not be mandated unless it is necessary for the attainment and maintenance of the National Ambient Air Quality Standard for ozone in the Chicago nonattainment area, as required of this State by applicable federal law or regulation.

(3) Assure that sources subject to the program will not be required to reduce emissions to an extent that exceeds their proportionate share of the total emission reductions required of all emission sources, including mobile and area sources, to attain and maintain the National Ambient Air Quality Standard for ozone in the Chicago nonattainment area.

(4) Assure that credit is given or exclusion is granted for those emission units which have reduced emissions, either voluntarily or through the application of maximum available control technology or national emissions standards for hazardous air pollutants, such that those reductions would be counted as if they had occurred after the initiation of the program. Emission reductions resulting from any supplemental environmental project imposed in any judicial consent order to reduce the stipulated penalty amount imposed by the order may not be used to determine baseline emissions for a bakery facility (Standard Industrial Classification 2051), provided the consent order was imposed after January 1, 1994, but prior to January 1, 2000.

(5) Assure that unusual or abnormal operational patterns can be accounted for in the determination of any source's baseline from which reductions would be made.

(6) Assure that relative economic impact and technical feasibility of emissions reductions under the banking and trading program, as compared to other alternatives, is considered.

(7) Assure that the feasibility of measuring and quantifying emissions is considered in developing and adopting the banking and trading program.

(d) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Act, any source or other authorized person that participates in an emissions market system shall be eligible to exchange allotment trading units with other sources provided that established rules are followed.

(e) There is hereby created within the State Treasury an interest-bearing special fund to be known as the Alternative Compliance Market Account Fund, which shall be used and administered by the Agency for the following public purposes:

(1) To accept and retain funds from persons who purchase allotment trading units from the Agency pursuant to regulatory provisions and payments of interest and principal.

(2) To purchase services, equipment, or commodities that

[May 10, 2001]

help generate emissions reductions in or around the ozone nonattainment area in Northeastern Illinois.
 (Source: P.A. 89-173, eff. 7-19-95; 89-465, eff. 6-13-96.)
 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law."

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Sullivan, House Bill No. 1189 was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Parker, House Bill No. 1493 having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Transportation, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 1493 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Toll Highway Act is amended by changing Section 10 and adding Sections 20.2 and 23.5 as follows:

(605 ILCS 10/10) (from Ch. 121, par. 100-10)

Sec. 10. Authority powers. The Authority shall have power:

(a) To pass resolutions, make by-laws, rules and regulations for the management, regulation and control of its affairs, and to fix tolls, and to make, enact and enforce all needful rules and regulations in connection with the construction, operation, management, care, regulation or protection of its property or any toll highways, constructed or reconstructed hereunder.

(a-5) To fix, assess, and collect civil fines for a vehicle's operation on a toll highway without the required toll having been paid. The Authority may establish by rule a system of civil administrative adjudication to adjudicate only alleged instances of a vehicle's operation on a toll highway without the required toll having been paid, as detected by the Authority's video surveillance system. Rules establishing a system of civil administrative adjudication must provide for written notice of the alleged violation and an opportunity to be heard on the question of the violation and must provide for the establishment of a toll-free telephone number to receive inquiries concerning alleged violations. Only civil fines may be imposed by administrative adjudication. A fine may be imposed under this paragraph only if a violation is established by a preponderance of the evidence. Judicial review of all final orders of the Authority under this paragraph shall be conducted in accordance with the Administrative Review Law.

(b) To prescribe rules and regulations applicable to traffic on highways under the jurisdiction of the Authority, concerning:

- (1) Types of vehicles permitted to use such highways or parts thereof, and classification of such vehicles;
- (2) Designation of the lanes of traffic to be used by the different types of vehicles permitted upon said highways;
- (3) Stopping, standing, and parking of vehicles;
- (4) Control of traffic by means of police officers or traffic control signals;
- (5) Control or prohibition of processions, convoys, and assemblages of vehicles and persons;
- (6) Movement of traffic in one direction only on designated portions of said highways;
- (7) Control of the access, entrance, and exit of vehicles

[May 10, 2001]

and persons to and from said highways; and

(8) Preparation, location and installation of all traffic signs; and to prescribe further rules and regulations applicable to such traffic, concerning matters not provided for either in the foregoing enumeration or in the Illinois Vehicle Code. Notice of such rules and regulations shall be posted conspicuously and displayed at appropriate points and at reasonable intervals along said highways, by clearly legible markers or signs, to provide notice of the existence of such rules and regulations to persons traveling on said highways. At each toll station, the Authority shall make available, free of charge, pamphlets containing all of such rules and regulations.

(c) The Authority, in fixing the rate for tolls for the privilege of using the said toll highways, is authorized and directed, in fixing such rates, to base the same upon annual estimates to be made, recorded and filed with the Authority. Said estimates shall include the following: The estimated total amount of the use of the toll highways; the estimated amount of the revenue to be derived therefrom, which said revenue, when added to all other receipts and income, will be sufficient to pay the expense of maintaining and operating said toll highways, including the administrative expenses of the Authority, and to discharge all obligations of the Authority as they become due and payable.

(d) To accept from any municipality or political subdivision any lands, easements or rights in land needed for the operation, construction, relocation or maintenance of any toll highways, with or without payment therefor, and in its discretion to reimburse any such municipality or political subdivision out of its funds for any cost or expense incurred in the acquisition of land, easements or rights in land, in connection with the construction and relocation of the said toll highways, widening, extending roads, streets or avenues in connection therewith, or for the construction of any roads or streets forming extension to and connections with or between any toll highways, or for the cost or expense of widening, grading, surfacing or improving any existing streets or roads or the construction of any streets and roads forming extensions of or connections with any toll highways constructed, relocated, operated, maintained or regulated hereunder by the Authority. Where property owned by a municipality or political subdivision is necessary to the construction of an approved toll highway, if the Authority cannot reach an agreement with such municipality or political subdivision and if the use to which the property is being put in the hands of the municipality or political subdivision is not essential to the existence or the administration of such municipality or political subdivision, the Authority may acquire the property by condemnation.

(e) To enter into a contract with a unit of local government or other public or private entity under which the Authority agrees to collect tolls, fees, or revenues by electronic means on behalf of that entity.

(Source: P.A. 89-120, eff. 7-7-95.)

(605 ILCS 10/20.2 new)

Sec. 20.2. Comprehensive Strategic Financial Plan. The Authority must submit to the General Assembly, not later than January 1, 2002, a 20-year comprehensive strategic financial plan. The plan must include detailed information regarding the Authority's income, expenditures, debt, capital needs, and the cost of any planned toll highway extensions. The Authority must provide detailed and specific information regarding how it will fund its debt, unfunded capital needs, and the planned toll highway extensions. This information must include the possibility of obtaining federal funds, both loans

[May 10, 2001]

and grants, under the Transportation Infrastructure Innovation Act or other federal programs.

(605 ILCS 10/23.5 new)

Sec. 23.5. Management audit.

(a) The Auditor General shall contract with a private sector accounting firm doing business in this State to conduct a management audit of the State's toll highway operations and management. The Auditor General shall use a request for proposals method of selecting the accounting firm. Selection criteria must include the firm's experience in conducting similar management audits of public agencies or transportation agencies. The audit shall be performed by individuals who are certified public accountants as defined in the Illinois Public Accounting Act.

(b) The purpose of the audit shall be to determine whether the Authority is managing or using its resources, including toll and investment-generated revenue, personnel, property, equipment, and space, in an economical and efficient manner. The audit shall also determine the causes of any inefficiencies or uneconomical practices, including inadequacies in management information systems, internal and administrative procedures, organizational structure, use of resources, allocation of personnel, purchasing policies, and equipment. In addition to these matters, the audit shall specifically examine the process by which the Authority collects, transports, and counts toll collections.

(c) The accounting firm shall report its findings to the Auditor General, who shall report the findings to the Governor and the General Assembly no later than April 1, 2002.

(d) The Authority shall pay the cost of the audit conducted under this Section.

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law."

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Syverson, House Bill No. 1684 having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Public Health and Welfare, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 1684 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Administrative Act is amended by adding Section 7.3 as follows:

(20 ILCS 1705/7.3 new)

Sec. 7.3. Nurse aide registry; finding of abuse or neglect. The Department shall require that no facility, service agency, or support agency providing mental health or developmental disability services that is licensed, certified, operated, or funded by the Department shall employ a person, in any capacity, who is identified by the nurse aide registry as having been subject of a substantiated finding of abuse or neglect of a service recipient. The Department shall establish and maintain such rules as are necessary or appropriate to effectuate the intent of this Section. The provisions of this Section shall not apply to any facility, service agency, or support agency licensed or certified by a State agency other than the Department, unless operated by the Department of Human Services.

Section 10. The Abused and Neglected Long Term Care Facility Residents Reporting Act is amended by changing Section 6.2 as

[May 10, 2001]

follows:

(210 ILCS 30/6.2) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 4166.2)
 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2002)
 Sec. 6.2. Inspector General.

(a) The Governor shall appoint, and the Senate shall confirm, an Inspector General who shall function within the Department of Human Services and report to the Secretary of Human Services and the Governor. The Inspector General shall investigate reports of suspected abuse or neglect (as those terms are defined in Section 3 of this Act) of patients or residents in any mental health or developmental disabilities facility operated by the Department of Human Services and shall have authority to investigate and take immediate action on reports of abuse or neglect of recipients, whether patients or residents, in any mental health or developmental disabilities facility or program that is licensed or certified by the Department of Human Services (as successor to the Department of Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities) or that is funded by the Department of Human Services (as successor to the Department of Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities) and is not licensed or certified by any agency of the State. At the specific, written request of an agency of the State other than the Department of Human Services (as successor to the Department of Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities), the Inspector General may cooperate in investigating reports of abuse and neglect of persons with mental illness or persons with developmental disabilities. The Inspector General shall have no supervision over or involvement in routine, programmatic, licensure, or certification operations of the Department of Human Services or any of its funded agencies.

The Inspector General shall promulgate rules establishing minimum requirements for reporting allegations of abuse and neglect and initiating, conducting, and completing investigations. The promulgated rules shall clearly set forth that in instances where 2 or more State agencies could investigate an allegation of abuse or neglect, the Inspector General shall not conduct an investigation that is redundant to an investigation conducted by another State agency. The rules shall establish criteria for determining, based upon the nature of the allegation, the appropriate method of investigation, which may include, but need not be limited to, site visits, telephone contacts, or requests for written responses from agencies. The rules shall also clarify how the Office of the Inspector General shall interact with the licensing unit of the Department of Human Services in investigations of allegations of abuse or neglect. Any allegations or investigations of reports made pursuant to this Act shall remain confidential until a final report is completed. The resident or patient who allegedly was abused or neglected and his or her legal guardian shall be informed by the facility or agency of the report of alleged abuse or neglect. Final reports regarding unsubstantiated or unfounded allegations shall remain confidential, except that final reports may be disclosed pursuant to Section 6 of this Act.

The Inspector General shall be appointed for a term of 4 years.

When determining if a report of abuse or neglect should be substantiated or unsubstantiated the Office of the Inspector General shall take into account any mitigating or aggravating circumstances when indicated. The Inspector General shall promulgate rules to establish criteria for determining mitigating or aggravating circumstances when determining if a report of abuse or neglect should be substantiated or unsubstantiated.

(b) The Inspector General shall within 24 hours after receiving a report of suspected abuse or neglect determine whether the evidence

[May 10, 2001]

indicates that any possible criminal act has been committed. If he determines that a possible criminal act has been committed, or that special expertise is required in the investigation, he shall immediately notify the Department of State Police. The Department of State Police shall investigate any report indicating a possible murder, rape, or other felony. All investigations conducted by the Inspector General shall be conducted in a manner designed to ensure the preservation of evidence for possible use in a criminal prosecution.

(b-5) The Inspector General shall make a determination to accept or reject a preliminary report of the investigation of alleged abuse or neglect based on established investigative procedures. Notice of the Inspector General's determination must be given to the person or persons alleged to have been responsible for abuse or neglect and to the facility or agency. The facility or agency or the person or persons alleged to have been responsible for the abuse or neglect may request clarification or reconsideration based on additional information. For cases where the allegation of abuse or neglect is substantiated, the Inspector General shall require the facility or agency to submit a written response. The written response from a facility or agency shall address in a concise and reasoned manner the actions that the agency or facility will take or has taken to protect the resident or patient from abuse or neglect, prevent reoccurrences, and eliminate problems identified and shall include implementation and completion dates for all such action.

(c) The Inspector General shall, within 10 calendar days after the transmittal date of a completed investigation where abuse or neglect is substantiated or administrative action is recommended, provide a complete report on the case to the Secretary of Human Services and to the agency in which the abuse or neglect is alleged to have happened. The complete report shall include a written response from the agency or facility operated by the State to the Inspector General that addresses in a concise and reasoned manner the actions that the agency or facility will take or has taken to protect the resident or patient from abuse or neglect, prevent reoccurrences, and eliminate problems identified and shall include implementation and completion dates for all such action. The Secretary of Human Services shall accept or reject the response and establish how the Department will determine whether the facility or program followed the approved response. The Secretary may require Department personnel to visit the facility or agency for training, technical assistance, programmatic, licensure, or certification purposes. Administrative action, including sanctions, may be applied should the Secretary reject the response or should the facility or agency fail to follow the approved response. The facility or agency shall inform the resident or patient and the legal guardian whether the reported allegation was substantiated, unsubstantiated, or unfounded. There shall be an appeals process for any person or agency that is subject to any action based on a recommendation or recommendations.

(d) The Inspector General may recommend to the Departments of Public Health and Human Services sanctions to be imposed against mental health and developmental disabilities facilities under the jurisdiction of the Department of Human Services for the protection of residents, including appointment of on-site monitors or receivers, transfer or relocation of residents, and closure of units. The Inspector General may seek the assistance of the Attorney General or any of the several State's attorneys in imposing such sanctions.

(e) The Inspector General shall establish and conduct periodic training programs for Department employees concerning the prevention and reporting of neglect and abuse.

[May 10, 2001]

(f) The Inspector General shall at all times be granted access to any mental health or developmental disabilities facility operated by the Department, shall establish and conduct unannounced site visits to those facilities at least once annually, and shall be granted access, for the purpose of investigating a report of abuse or neglect, to any facility or program funded by the Department that is subject under the provisions of this Section to investigation by the Inspector General for a report of abuse or neglect.

(g) Nothing in this Section shall limit investigations by the Department of Human Services that may otherwise be required by law or that may be necessary in that Department's capacity as the central administrative authority responsible for the operation of State mental health and developmental disability facilities.

(g-5) After notice and an opportunity for a hearing that is separate and distinct from the Office of the Inspector General's appeals process as implemented under subsection (c) of this Section, the Inspector General shall report to the Department of Public Health's nurse aide registry under Section 3-206.01 of the Nursing Home Care Act the identity of individuals against whom there has been a substantiated finding of abuse or neglect of a service recipient.

Nothing in this subsection shall diminish or impair the rights of a person who is a member of a collective bargaining unit pursuant to the Illinois Public Labor Relations Act or pursuant to any federal labor statute. Notwithstanding anything hereinafter or previously provided, if an individual is terminated by an employer as the result of the circumstances that led to a finding of abuse or neglect and that finding is later overturned under a grievance and/or arbitration procedure provided for in Section 8 of the Illinois Public Labor Relations Act or under a comparable provision in another labor statute applicable to that person, the report must be removed from the registry.

The Department of Human Services shall promulgate or amend rules as necessary or appropriate to establish procedures for reporting to the registry, including procedures for notice to the individual, appeal and hearing, and petition for removal of the report from the registry. The portion of the rules pertaining to hearings shall provide that, at the hearing, both parties may present written and oral evidence.

Notice to the individual shall include a clear and concise statement of the grounds on which the report to the registry is based and notice of the opportunity for a hearing to contest the report. The Department of Human Services shall provide the notice by certified mail. The notice shall give the individual an opportunity to contest the report in a hearing before the Department of Human Services or to submit a written response to the findings instead of requesting a hearing. If after notice and a hearing or if the individual does not request a hearing, the Department of Human Services finds that the report is valid, the finding shall be included as part of the registry, as well as a brief statement from the reported individual if he or she chooses to make a statement. The Department of Public Health shall make available to the public information reported to the registry. In the case of inquiries concerning an individual listed in the registry, any information disclosed concerning a finding of abuse or neglect shall also include disclosure of the individual's brief statement in the registry relating to the reported finding or include a clear and accurate summary of the statement.

At any time after the report to the registry, an individual may petition the Department of Human Services for removal from the registry of the finding against him or her. The Department of Human

[May 10, 2001]

Services may report the removal of the finding to the registry unless, after an investigation and a hearing, the Department of Human Services determines that removal is not in the public interest.

(h) This Section is repealed on January 1, 2002.

(Source: P.A. 90-252, eff. 7-29-97; 90-512, eff. 8-22-97; 90-655, eff. 7-30-98; 91-169, eff. 7-16-99.)

Section 15. The Nursing Home Care Act is amended by changing Section 3-206.1 as follows:

(210 ILCS 45/3-206.01) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 4153-206.01)

Sec. 3-206.01. Nurse aide registry.

(a) The Department shall establish and maintain a registry of all individuals who have satisfactorily completed the training required by Section 3-206. The registry shall include the name of the nursing assistant, habilitation aide, or child care aide, his or her current address, Social Security number, and the date and location of the training course completed by the individual, and the date of the individual's last criminal records check. Any individual placed on the registry is required to inform the Department of any change of address within 30 days. A facility shall not employ an individual as a nursing assistant, habilitation aide, or child care aide unless the facility has inquired of the Department as to information in the registry concerning the individual and shall not employ anyone not on the registry unless the individual is enrolled in a training program under paragraph (5) of subsection (a) of Section 3-206 of this Act.

If the Department finds that a nursing assistant, habilitation aide, or child care aide has abused a resident, neglected a resident, or misappropriated resident property in a facility, the Department shall notify the individual of this finding by certified mail sent to the address contained in the registry. The notice shall give the individual an opportunity to contest the finding in a hearing before the Department or to submit a written response to the findings in lieu of requesting a hearing. If, after a hearing or if the individual does not request a hearing, the Department finds that the individual abused a resident, neglected a resident, or misappropriated resident property in a facility, the finding shall be included as part of the registry as well as a brief statement from the individual, if he or she chooses to make such a statement. The Department shall make information in the registry available to the public. In the case of inquiries to the registry concerning an individual listed in the registry, any information disclosed concerning such a finding shall also include disclosure of any statement in the registry relating to the finding or a clear and accurate summary of the statement.

(b) The Department shall add to or remove from the nurse aide registry records of findings as reported by the Inspector General under Section 6.2 of the Abused and Neglected Long Term Care Facility Residents Reporting Act.

(Source: P.A. 91-598, eff. 1-1-00.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect on January 1, 2002."

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Klemm, House Bill No. 1709 was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Peterson, House Bill No. 1712 was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

[May 10, 2001]

On motion of Senator Munoz, House Bill No. 1812 having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Judiciary, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 1812 as follows:
 on page 6, by replacing lines 28 through 30 with the following:
"furtherance of the activities of an organized gang. For the purposes of this subsection,"; and
 on page 13, by replacing lines 24 and 25 with the following:
"activities of an organized gang."; and
 on page 16, by replacing lines 32 and 33 with the following:
"activities of an organized gang. For"; and
 on page 19, by replacing lines 14 and 15 with the following:
"activities of an organized gang. For the"; and
 on page 19, by deleting line 33; and
 by deleting all of pages 20 through 23.

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Molaro, House Bill No. 1904 was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Sullivan, House Bill No. 2220 was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Sullivan, House Bill No. 2254 having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Transportation, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 2254 as follows:
 on page 1, by replacing line 5 with the following:
 "changing Section 6-110"; and
 by deleting lines 10 through 33 on page 4 and all of pages 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, and 13.

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Roskam, House Bill No. 2295 having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Judiciary, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 2295 on page 1, by replacing lines 9 through 12 with "knowingly"; and
 on page 1, line 14, after "structure," by inserting the following:
"including all or any part of a house trailer, watercraft, motor vehicle, or railroad car,".

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Dillard, House Bill No. 2301 was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

[May 10, 2001]

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On motion of Senator Roskam, House Bill No. 2426 was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Sullivan, House Bill No. 2575 was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Hawkinson, House Bill No. 2845 having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on judiciary, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 2845 by replacing the title with the following:

"AN ACT concerning police officers."; and
by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:
"Section 5. The Illinois Police Training Act is amended by changing Section 3 as follows:

(50 ILCS 705/3) (from Ch. 85, par. 503)

Sec. 3. Board - composition - appointments - tenure - vacancies. The Board shall be composed of 19 18 members selected as follows: The Attorney General of the State of Illinois, the Director of State Police, the Director of Corrections, the Superintendent of the Chicago Police Department, the Sheriff of Cook County, the Director of the Illinois Police Training Institute, the Special Agent in Charge of the Springfield, Illinois, division of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the Executive Director of the Illinois Board of Higher Education and the following to be appointed by the Governor: 2 mayors or village presidents of Illinois municipalities, 2 Illinois county sheriffs from counties other than Cook County, 2 managers of Illinois municipalities, 3 chiefs of municipal police departments in Illinois having no Superintendent of the Police Department on the Board and 2 citizens of Illinois who shall be members of an organized enforcement officers' association which has no other members on the Board other than the chief of a municipal police department, the Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the Director of State Police, a county sheriff or deputy sheriff. The appointments of the Governor shall be made on the first Monday of August in 1965 with 3 of the appointments to be for a period of one year, 3 for 2 years, and 3 for 3 years. Their successors shall be appointed in like manner for terms to expire the first Monday of August each 3 years thereafter. All members shall serve until their respective successors are appointed and qualify. Vacancies shall be filled by the Governor for the unexpired terms.

(Source: P.A. 88-586, eff. 8-12-94.)"

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Obama, House Bill No. 2847 was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Sullivan, House Bill No. 2900 was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Donahue, House Bill No. 3015 was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Karpriel, House Bill No. 3050 having been

[May 10, 2001]

printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Education, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 3050 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing Section 18-8.05 as follows:

(105 ILCS 5/18-8.05)

Sec. 18-8.05. Basis for apportionment of general State financial aid and supplemental general State aid to the common schools for the 1998-1999 and subsequent school years.

(A) General Provisions.

(1) The provisions of this Section apply to the 1998-1999 and subsequent school years. The system of general State financial aid provided for in this Section is designed to assure that, through a combination of State financial aid and required local resources, the financial support provided each pupil in Average Daily Attendance equals or exceeds a prescribed per pupil Foundation Level. This formula approach imputes a level of per pupil Available Local Resources and provides for the basis to calculate a per pupil level of general State financial aid that, when added to Available Local Resources, equals or exceeds the Foundation Level. The amount of per pupil general State financial aid for school districts, in general, varies in inverse relation to Available Local Resources. Per pupil amounts are based upon each school district's Average Daily Attendance as that term is defined in this Section.

(2) In addition to general State financial aid, school districts with specified levels or concentrations of pupils from low income households are eligible to receive supplemental general State financial aid grants as provided pursuant to subsection (H). The supplemental State aid grants provided for school districts under subsection (H) shall be appropriated for distribution to school districts as part of the same line item in which the general State financial aid of school districts is appropriated under this Section.

(3) To receive financial assistance under this Section, school districts are required to file claims with the State Board of Education, subject to the following requirements:

(a) Any school district which fails for any given school year to maintain school as required by law, or to maintain a recognized school is not eligible to file for such school year any claim upon the Common School Fund. In case of nonrecognition of one or more attendance centers in a school district otherwise operating recognized schools, the claim of the district shall be reduced in the proportion which the Average Daily Attendance in the attendance center or centers bear to the Average Daily Attendance in the school district. A "recognized school" means any public school which meets the standards as established for recognition by the State Board of Education. A school district or attendance center not having recognition status at the end of a school term is entitled to receive State aid payments due upon a legal claim which was filed while it was recognized.

(b) School district claims filed under this Section are subject to Sections 18-9, 18-10, and 18-12, except as otherwise provided in this Section.

(c) If a school district operates a full year school under Section 10-19.1, the general State aid to the school district shall be determined by the State Board of Education in accordance with this Section as near as may be applicable.

[May 10, 2001]

(d) (Blank).

(4) Except as provided in subsections (H) and (L), the board of any district receiving any of the grants provided for in this Section may apply those funds to any fund so received for which that board is authorized to make expenditures by law.

School districts are not required to exert a minimum Operating Tax Rate in order to qualify for assistance under this Section.

(5) As used in this Section the following terms, when capitalized, shall have the meaning ascribed herein:

(a) "Average Daily Attendance": A count of pupil attendance in school, averaged as provided for in subsection (C) and utilized in deriving per pupil financial support levels.

(b) "Available Local Resources": A computation of local financial support, calculated on the basis of Average Daily Attendance and derived as provided pursuant to subsection (D).

(c) "Corporate Personal Property Replacement Taxes": Funds paid to local school districts pursuant to "An Act in relation to the abolition of ad valorem personal property tax and the replacement of revenues lost thereby, and amending and repealing certain Acts and parts of Acts in connection therewith", certified August 14, 1979, as amended (Public Act 81-1st S.S.-1).

(d) "Foundation Level": A prescribed level of per pupil financial support as provided for in subsection (B).

(e) "Operating Tax Rate": All school district property taxes extended for all purposes, except Bond and Interest, Summer School, Rent, Capital Improvement, and Vocational Education Building purposes.

(B) Foundation Level.

(1) The Foundation Level is a figure established by the State representing the minimum level of per pupil financial support that should be available to provide for the basic education of each pupil in Average Daily Attendance. As set forth in this Section, each school district is assumed to exert a sufficient local taxing effort such that, in combination with the aggregate of general State financial aid provided the district, an aggregate of State and local resources are available to meet the basic education needs of pupils in the district.

(2) For the 1998-1999 school year, the Foundation Level of support is \$4,225. For the 1999-2000 school year, the Foundation Level of support is \$4,325. For the 2000-2001 school year, the Foundation Level of support is \$4,425.

(3) For the 2001-2002 school year and each school year thereafter, the Foundation Level of support is \$4,425 or such greater amount as may be established by law by the General Assembly.

(C) Average Daily Attendance.

(1) For purposes of calculating general State aid pursuant to subsection (E), an Average Daily Attendance figure shall be utilized. The Average Daily Attendance figure for formula calculation purposes shall be the monthly average of the actual number of pupils in attendance of each school district, as further averaged for the best 3 months of pupil attendance for each school district. In compiling the figures for the number of pupils in attendance, school districts and the State Board of Education shall, for purposes of general State aid funding, conform attendance figures to the requirements of subsection (F).

(2) The Average Daily Attendance figures utilized in subsection (E) shall be the requisite attendance data for the school year immediately preceding the school year for which general State aid is being calculated.

(D) Available Local Resources.

[May 10, 2001]

(1) For purposes of calculating general State aid pursuant to subsection (E), a representation of Available Local Resources per pupil, as that term is defined and determined in this subsection, shall be utilized. Available Local Resources per pupil shall include a calculated dollar amount representing local school district revenues from local property taxes and from Corporate Personal Property Replacement Taxes, expressed on the basis of pupils in Average Daily Attendance.

(2) In determining a school district's revenue from local property taxes, the State Board of Education shall utilize the equalized assessed valuation of all taxable property of each school district as of September 30 of the previous year. The equalized assessed valuation utilized shall be obtained and determined as provided in subsection (G).

(3) For school districts maintaining grades kindergarten through 12, local property tax revenues per pupil shall be calculated as the product of the applicable equalized assessed valuation for the district multiplied by 3.00%, and divided by the district's Average Daily Attendance figure. For school districts maintaining grades kindergarten through 8, local property tax revenues per pupil shall be calculated as the product of the applicable equalized assessed valuation for the district multiplied by 2.30%, and divided by the district's Average Daily Attendance figure. For school districts maintaining grades 9 through 12, local property tax revenues per pupil shall be the applicable equalized assessed valuation of the district multiplied by 1.05%, and divided by the district's Average Daily Attendance figure.

(4) The Corporate Personal Property Replacement Taxes paid to each school district during the calendar year 2 years before the calendar year in which a school year begins, divided by the Average Daily Attendance figure for that district, shall be added to the local property tax revenues per pupil as derived by the application of the immediately preceding paragraph (3). The sum of these per pupil figures for each school district shall constitute Available Local Resources as that term is utilized in subsection (E) in the calculation of general State aid.

(E) Computation of General State Aid.

(1) For each school year, the amount of general State aid allotted to a school district shall be computed by the State Board of Education as provided in this subsection.

(2) For any school district for which Available Local Resources per pupil is less than the product of 0.93 times the Foundation Level, general State aid for that district shall be calculated as an amount equal to the Foundation Level minus Available Local Resources, multiplied by the Average Daily Attendance of the school district.

(3) For any school district for which Available Local Resources per pupil is equal to or greater than the product of 0.93 times the Foundation Level and less than the product of 1.75 times the Foundation Level, the general State aid per pupil shall be a decimal proportion of the Foundation Level derived using a linear algorithm. Under this linear algorithm, the calculated general State aid per pupil shall decline in direct linear fashion from 0.07 times the Foundation Level for a school district with Available Local Resources equal to the product of 0.93 times the Foundation Level, to 0.05 times the Foundation Level for a school district with Available Local Resources equal to the product of 1.75 times the Foundation Level. The allocation of general State aid for school districts subject to this paragraph 3 shall be the calculated general State aid per pupil figure multiplied by the Average Daily Attendance of the school district.

[May 10, 2001]

(4) For any school district for which Available Local Resources per pupil equals or exceeds the product of 1.75 times the Foundation Level, the general State aid for the school district shall be calculated as the product of \$218 multiplied by the Average Daily Attendance of the school district.

(5) The amount of general State aid allocated to a school district for the 1999-2000 school year meeting the requirements set forth in paragraph (4) of subsection (G) shall be increased by an amount equal to the general State aid that would have been received by the district for the 1998-1999 school year by utilizing the Extension Limitation Equalized Assessed Valuation as calculated in paragraph (4) of subsection (G) less the general State aid allotted for the 1998-1999 school year. This amount shall be deemed a one time increase, and shall not affect any future general State aid allocations.

(F) Compilation of Average Daily Attendance.

(1) Each school district shall, by July 1 of each year, submit to the State Board of Education, on forms prescribed by the State Board of Education, attendance figures for the school year that began in the preceding calendar year. The attendance information so transmitted shall identify the average daily attendance figures for each month of the school year, except that any days of attendance in August shall be added to the month of September and any days of attendance in June shall be added to the month of May.

Except as otherwise provided in this Section, days of attendance by pupils shall be counted only for sessions of not less than 5 clock hours of school work per day under direct supervision of: (i) teachers, or (ii) non-teaching personnel or volunteer personnel when engaging in non-teaching duties and supervising in those instances specified in subsection (a) of Section 10-22.34 and paragraph 10 of Section 34-18, with pupils of legal school age and in kindergarten and grades 1 through 12.

Days of attendance by tuition pupils shall be accredited only to the districts that pay the tuition to a recognized school.

(2) Days of attendance by pupils of less than 5 clock hours of school shall be subject to the following provisions in the compilation of Average Daily Attendance.

(a) Pupils regularly enrolled in a public school for only a part of the school day may be counted on the basis of 1/6 day for every class hour of instruction of 40 minutes or more attended pursuant to such enrollment.

(b) Days of attendance may be less than 5 clock hours on the opening and closing of the school term, and upon the first day of pupil attendance, if preceded by a day or days utilized as an institute or teachers' workshop.

(c) A session of 4 or more clock hours may be counted as a day of attendance upon certification by the regional superintendent, and approved by the State Superintendent of Education to the extent that the district has been forced to use daily multiple sessions.

(d) A session of 3 or more clock hours may be counted as a day of attendance (1) when the remainder of the school day or at least 2 hours in the evening of that day is utilized for an in-service training program for teachers, up to a maximum of 5 days per school year of which a maximum of 4 days of such 5 days may be used for parent-teacher conferences, provided a district conducts an in-service training program for teachers which has been approved by the State Superintendent of Education; or, in lieu of 4 such days, 2 full days may be used, in which event each such day may be counted as a day of attendance; and (2) when days

in addition to those provided in item (1) are scheduled by a school pursuant to its school improvement plan adopted under Article 34 or its revised or amended school improvement plan adopted under Article 2, provided that (i) such sessions of 3 or more clock hours are scheduled to occur at regular intervals, (ii) the remainder of the school days in which such sessions occur are utilized for in-service training programs or other staff development activities for teachers, and (iii) a sufficient number of minutes of school work under the direct supervision of teachers are added to the school days between such regularly scheduled sessions to accumulate not less than the number of minutes by which such sessions of 3 or more clock hours fall short of 5 clock hours. Any full days used for the purposes of this paragraph shall not be considered for computing average daily attendance. Days scheduled for in-service training programs, staff development activities, or parent-teacher conferences may be scheduled separately for different grade levels and different attendance centers of the district.

(e) A session of not less than one clock hour of teaching hospitalized or homebound pupils on-site or by telephone to the classroom may be counted as 1/2 day of attendance, however these pupils must receive 4 or more clock hours of instruction to be counted for a full day of attendance.

(f) A session of at least 4 clock hours may be counted as a day of attendance for first grade pupils, and pupils in full day kindergartens, and a session of 2 or more hours may be counted as 1/2 day of attendance by pupils in kindergartens which provide only 1/2 day of attendance.

(g) For children with disabilities who are below the age of 6 years and who cannot attend 2 or more clock hours because of their disability or immaturity, a session of not less than one clock hour may be counted as 1/2 day of attendance; however for such children whose educational needs so require a session of 4 or more clock hours may be counted as a full day of attendance.

(h) A recognized kindergarten which provides for only 1/2 day of attendance by each pupil shall not have more than 1/2 day of attendance counted in any one day. However, kindergartens may count 2 1/2 days of attendance in any 5 consecutive school days. When a pupil attends such a kindergarten for 2 half days on any one school day, the pupil shall have the following day as a day absent from school, unless the school district obtains permission in writing from the State Superintendent of Education. Attendance at kindergartens which provide for a full day of attendance by each pupil shall be counted the same as attendance by first grade pupils. Only the first year of attendance in one kindergarten shall be counted, except in case of children who entered the kindergarten in their fifth year whose educational development requires a second year of kindergarten as determined under the rules and regulations of the State Board of Education.

(G) Equalized Assessed Valuation Data.

(1) For purposes of the calculation of Available Local Resources required pursuant to subsection (D), the State Board of Education shall secure from the Department of Revenue the value as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue of all taxable property of every school district, together with (i) the applicable tax rate used in extending taxes for the funds of the district as of September 30 of the previous year and (ii) the limiting rate for all school districts subject to property tax extension limitations as imposed under the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law.

This equalized assessed valuation, as adjusted further by the

[May 10, 2001]

requirements of this subsection, shall be utilized in the calculation of Available Local Resources.

(2) The equalized assessed valuation in paragraph (1) shall be adjusted, as applicable, in the following manner:

(a) For the purposes of calculating State aid under this Section, with respect to any part of a school district within a redevelopment project area in respect to which a municipality has adopted tax increment allocation financing pursuant to the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act, Sections 11-74.4-1 through 11-74.4-11 of the Illinois Municipal Code or the Industrial Jobs Recovery Law, Sections 11-74.6-1 through 11-74.6-50 of the Illinois Municipal Code, no part of the current equalized assessed valuation of real property located in any such project area which is attributable to an increase above the total initial equalized assessed valuation of such property shall be used as part of the equalized assessed valuation of the district, until such time as all redevelopment project costs have been paid, as provided in Section 11-74.4-8 of the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act or in Section 11-74.6-35 of the Industrial Jobs Recovery Law. For the purpose of the equalized assessed valuation of the district, the total initial equalized assessed valuation or the current equalized assessed valuation, whichever is lower, shall be used until such time as all redevelopment project costs have been paid.

(b) The real property equalized assessed valuation for a school district shall be adjusted by subtracting from the real property value as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue for the district an amount computed by dividing the amount of any abatement of taxes under Section 18-170 of the Property Tax Code by 3.00% for a district maintaining grades kindergarten through 12, by 2.30% for a district maintaining grades kindergarten through 8, or by 1.05% for a district maintaining grades 9 through 12 and adjusted by an amount computed by dividing the amount of any abatement of taxes under subsection (a) of Section 18-165 of the Property Tax Code by the same percentage rates for district type as specified in this subparagraph (b).

(3) For the 1999-2000 school year and each school year thereafter, if a school district meets all of the criteria of this subsection (G)(3), the school district's Available Local Resources shall be calculated under subsection (D) using the district's Extension Limitation Equalized Assessed Valuation as calculated under this subsection (G)(3).

For purposes of this subsection (G)(3) the following terms shall have the following meanings:

"Budget Year": The school year for which general State aid is calculated and awarded under subsection (E).

"Base Tax Year": The property tax levy year used to calculate the Budget Year allocation of general State aid.

"Preceding Tax Year": The property tax levy year immediately preceding the Base Tax Year.

"Base Tax Year's Tax Extension": The product of the equalized assessed valuation utilized by the County Clerk in the Base Tax Year multiplied by the limiting rate as calculated by the County Clerk and defined in the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law.

"Preceding Tax Year's Tax Extension": The product of the equalized assessed valuation utilized by the County Clerk in the Preceding Tax Year multiplied by the Operating Tax Rate as defined in subsection (A).

"Extension Limitation Ratio": A numerical ratio, certified by the County Clerk, in which the numerator is the Base Tax Year's Tax Extension and the denominator is the Preceding Tax Year's Tax Extension.

"Operating Tax Rate": The operating tax rate as defined in subsection (A).

If a school district is subject to property tax extension limitations as imposed under the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law, and if the Available Local Resources of that school district as calculated pursuant to subsection (D) using the Base Tax Year are less than the product of 1.75 times the Foundation Level for the Budget Year, the State Board of Education shall calculate the Extension Limitation Equalized Assessed Valuation of that district. For the 1999-2000 school year, the Extension Limitation Equalized Assessed Valuation of a school district as calculated by the State Board of Education shall be equal to the product of the district's 1996 Equalized Assessed Valuation and the district's Extension Limitation Ratio. For the 2000-2001 school year and each school year thereafter, the Extension Limitation Equalized Assessed Valuation of a school district as calculated by the State Board of Education shall be equal to the product of the last calculated Extension Limitation Equalized Assessed Valuation and the district's Extension Limitation Ratio. If the Extension Limitation Equalized Assessed Valuation of a school district as calculated under this subsection (G)(3) is less than the district's equalized assessed valuation as calculated pursuant to subsections (G)(1) and (G)(2), then for purposes of calculating the district's general State aid for the Budget Year pursuant to subsection (E), that Extension Limitation Equalized Assessed Valuation shall be utilized to calculate the district's Available Local Resources under subsection (D).

(4) For the purposes of calculating general State aid for the 1999-2000 school year only, if a school district experienced a triennial reassessment on the equalized assessed valuation used in calculating its general State financial aid apportionment for the 1998-1999 school year, the State Board of Education shall calculate the Extension Limitation Equalized Assessed Valuation that would have been used to calculate the district's 1998-1999 general State aid. This amount shall equal the product of the equalized assessed valuation used to calculate general State aid for the 1997-1998 school year and the district's Extension Limitation Ratio. If the Extension Limitation Equalized Assessed Valuation of the school district as calculated under this paragraph (4) is less than the district's equalized assessed valuation utilized in calculating the district's 1998-1999 general State aid allocation, then for purposes of calculating the district's general State aid pursuant to paragraph (5) of subsection (E), that Extension Limitation Equalized Assessed Valuation shall be utilized to calculate the district's Available Local Resources.

(5) For school districts having a majority of their equalized assessed valuation in any county except Cook, DuPage, Kane, Lake, McHenry, or Will, if the amount of general State aid allocated to the school district for the 1999-2000 school year under the provisions of subsection (E), (H), and (J) of this Section is less than the amount of general State aid allocated to the district for the 1998-1999 school year under these subsections, then the general State aid of the district for the 1999-2000 school year only shall be increased by the difference between these amounts. The total payments made under this paragraph (5) shall not exceed \$14,000,000. Claims shall be prorated if they exceed \$14,000,000.

(H) Supplemental General State Aid.

[May 10, 2001]

(1) In addition to the general State aid a school district is allotted pursuant to subsection (E), qualifying school districts shall receive a grant, paid in conjunction with a district's payments of general State aid, for supplemental general State aid based upon the concentration level of children from low-income households within the school district. Supplemental State aid grants provided for school districts under this subsection shall be appropriated for distribution to school districts as part of the same line item in which the general State financial aid of school districts is appropriated under this Section. For purposes of this subsection, the term "Low-Income Concentration Level" shall be the low-income eligible pupil count from the most recently available federal census divided by the Average Daily Attendance of the school district. If, however, the percentage decrease from the 2 most recent federal censuses in the low-income eligible pupil count of a high school district with fewer than 400 students exceeds by 75% or more the percentage change in the total low-income eligible pupil count of contiguous elementary school districts, whose boundaries are coterminous with the high school district, the high school district's low-income eligible pupil count from the earlier federal census shall be the number used as the low-income eligible pupil count for the high school district, for purposes of this subsection (H).

(2) Supplemental general State aid pursuant to this subsection shall be provided as follows:

(a) For any school district with a Low Income Concentration Level of at least 20% and less than 35%, the grant for any school year shall be \$800 multiplied by the low income eligible pupil count.

(b) For any school district with a Low Income Concentration Level of at least 35% and less than 50%, the grant for the 1998-1999 school year shall be \$1,100 multiplied by the low income eligible pupil count.

(c) For any school district with a Low Income Concentration Level of at least 50% and less than 60%, the grant for the 1998-99 school year shall be \$1,500 multiplied by the low income eligible pupil count.

(d) For any school district with a Low Income Concentration Level of 60% or more, the grant for the 1998-99 school year shall be \$1,900 multiplied by the low income eligible pupil count.

(e) For the 1999-2000 school year, the per pupil amount specified in subparagraphs (b), (c), and (d) immediately above shall be increased to \$1,243, \$1,600, and \$2,000, respectively.

(f) For the 2000-2001 school year, the per pupil amounts specified in subparagraphs (b), (c), and (d) immediately above shall be \$1,273, \$1,640, and \$2,050, respectively.

(3) School districts with an Average Daily Attendance of more than 1,000 and less than 50,000 that qualify for supplemental general State aid pursuant to this subsection shall submit a plan to the State Board of Education prior to October 30 of each year for the use of the funds resulting from this grant of supplemental general State aid for the improvement of instruction in which priority is given to meeting the education needs of disadvantaged children. Such plan shall be submitted in accordance with rules and regulations promulgated by the State Board of Education.

(4) School districts with an Average Daily Attendance of 50,000 or more that qualify for supplemental general State aid pursuant to this subsection shall be required to distribute from funds available pursuant to this Section, no less than \$261,000,000 in accordance with the following requirements:

(a) The required amounts shall be distributed to the

[May 10, 2001]

attendance centers within the district in proportion to the number of pupils enrolled at each attendance center who are eligible to receive free or reduced-price lunches or breakfasts under the federal Child Nutrition Act of 1966 and under the National School Lunch Act during the immediately preceding school year.

(b) The distribution of these portions of supplemental and general State aid among attendance centers according to these requirements shall not be compensated for or contravened by adjustments of the total of other funds appropriated to any attendance centers, and the Board of Education shall utilize funding from one or several sources in order to fully implement this provision annually prior to the opening of school.

(c) Each attendance center shall be provided by the school district a distribution of noncategorical funds and other categorical funds to which an attendance center is entitled under law in order that the general State aid and supplemental general State aid provided by application of this subsection supplements rather than supplants the noncategorical funds and other categorical funds provided by the school district to the attendance centers.

(d) Any funds made available under this subsection that by reason of the provisions of this subsection are not required to be allocated and provided to attendance centers may be used and appropriated by the board of the district for any lawful school purpose.

(e) Funds received by an attendance center pursuant to this subsection shall be used by the attendance center at the discretion of the principal and local school council for programs to improve educational opportunities at qualifying schools through the following programs and services: early childhood education, reduced class size or improved adult to student classroom ratio, enrichment programs, remedial assistance, attendance improvement, and other educationally beneficial expenditures which supplement the regular and basic programs as determined by the State Board of Education. Funds provided shall not be expended for any political or lobbying purposes as defined by board rule.

(f) Each district subject to the provisions of this subdivision (H)(4) shall submit an acceptable plan to meet the educational needs of disadvantaged children, in compliance with the requirements of this paragraph, to the State Board of Education prior to July 15 of each year. This plan shall be consistent with the decisions of local school councils concerning the school expenditure plans developed in accordance with part 4 of Section 34-2.3. The State Board shall approve or reject the plan within 60 days after its submission. If the plan is rejected, the district shall give written notice of intent to modify the plan within 15 days of the notification of rejection and then submit a modified plan within 30 days after the date of the written notice of intent to modify. Districts may amend approved plans pursuant to rules promulgated by the State Board of Education.

Upon notification by the State Board of Education that the district has not submitted a plan prior to July 15 or a modified plan within the time period specified herein, the State aid funds affected by that plan or modified plan shall be withheld by the State Board of Education until a plan or modified plan is submitted.

If the district fails to distribute State aid to attendance

[May 10, 2001]

centers in accordance with an approved plan, the plan for the following year shall allocate funds, in addition to the funds otherwise required by this subsection, to those attendance centers which were underfunded during the previous year in amounts equal to such underfunding.

For purposes of determining compliance with this subsection in relation to the requirements of attendance center funding, each district subject to the provisions of this subsection shall submit as a separate document by December 1 of each year a report of expenditure data for the prior year in addition to any modification of its current plan. If it is determined that there has been a failure to comply with the expenditure provisions of this subsection regarding contravention or supplanting, the State Superintendent of Education shall, within 60 days of receipt of the report, notify the district and any affected local school council. The district shall within 45 days of receipt of that notification inform the State Superintendent of Education of the remedial or corrective action to be taken, whether by amendment of the current plan, if feasible, or by adjustment in the plan for the following year. Failure to provide the expenditure report or the notification of remedial or corrective action in a timely manner shall result in a withholding of the affected funds.

The State Board of Education shall promulgate rules and regulations to implement the provisions of this subsection. No funds shall be released under this subdivision (H)(4) to any district that has not submitted a plan that has been approved by the State Board of Education.

(I) General State Aid for Newly Configured School Districts.

(1) For a new school district formed by combining property included totally within 2 or more previously existing school districts, for its first year of existence the general State aid and supplemental general State aid calculated under this Section shall be computed for the new district and for the previously existing districts for which property is totally included within the new district. If the computation on the basis of the previously existing districts is greater, a supplementary payment equal to the difference shall be made for the first 4 years of existence of the new district.

(2) For a school district which annexes all of the territory of one or more entire other school districts, for the first year during which the change of boundaries attributable to such annexation becomes effective for all purposes as determined under Section 7-9 or 7A-8, the general State aid and supplemental general State aid calculated under this Section shall be computed for the annexing district as constituted after the annexation and for the annexing and each annexed district as constituted prior to the annexation; and if the computation on the basis of the annexing and annexed districts as constituted prior to the annexation is greater, a supplementary payment equal to the difference shall be made for the first 4 years of existence of the annexing school district as constituted upon such annexation.

(3) For 2 or more school districts which annex all of the territory of one or more entire other school districts, and for 2 or more community unit districts which result upon the division (pursuant to petition under Section 11A-2) of one or more other unit school districts into 2 or more parts and which together include all of the parts into which such other unit school district or districts are so divided, for the first year during which the change of boundaries attributable to such annexation or division becomes effective for all purposes as determined under Section 7-9 or 11A-10,

as the case may be, the general State aid and supplemental general State aid calculated under this Section shall be computed for each annexing or resulting district as constituted after the annexation or division and for each annexing and annexed district, or for each resulting and divided district, as constituted prior to the annexation or division; and if the aggregate of the general State aid and supplemental general State aid as so computed for the annexing or resulting districts as constituted after the annexation or division is less than the aggregate of the general State aid and supplemental general State aid as so computed for the annexing and annexed districts, or for the resulting and divided districts, as constituted prior to the annexation or division, then a supplementary payment equal to the difference shall be made and allocated between or among the annexing or resulting districts, as constituted upon such annexation or division, for the first 4 years of their existence. The total difference payment shall be allocated between or among the annexing or resulting districts in the same ratio as the pupil enrollment from that portion of the annexed or divided district or districts which is annexed to or included in each such annexing or resulting district bears to the total pupil enrollment from the entire annexed or divided district or districts, as such pupil enrollment is determined for the school year last ending prior to the date when the change of boundaries attributable to the annexation or division becomes effective for all purposes. The amount of the total difference payment and the amount thereof to be allocated to the annexing or resulting districts shall be computed by the State Board of Education on the basis of pupil enrollment and other data which shall be certified to the State Board of Education, on forms which it shall provide for that purpose, by the regional superintendent of schools for each educational service region in which the annexing and annexed districts, or resulting and divided districts are located.

(3.5) Claims for financial assistance under this subsection (I) shall not be recomputed except as expressly provided under this Section.

(4) Any supplementary payment made under this subsection (I) shall be treated as separate from all other payments made pursuant to this Section.

(J) Supplementary Grants in Aid.

(1) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Section, the amount of the aggregate general State aid in combination with supplemental general State aid under this Section for which each school district is eligible shall be no less than the amount of the aggregate general State aid entitlement that was received by the district under Section 18-8 (exclusive of amounts received under subsections 5(p) and 5(p-5) of that Section) for the 1997-98 school year, pursuant to the provisions of that Section as it was then in effect. If a school district qualifies to receive a supplementary payment made under this subsection (J), the amount of the aggregate general State aid in combination with supplemental general State aid under this Section which that district is eligible to receive for each school year shall be no less than the amount of the aggregate general State aid entitlement that was received by the district under Section 18-8 (exclusive of amounts received under subsections 5(p) and 5(p-5) of that Section) for the 1997-1998 school year, pursuant to the provisions of that Section as it was then in effect.

(2) If, as provided in paragraph (1) of this subsection (J), a school district is to receive aggregate general State aid in combination with supplemental general State aid under this Section for the 1998-99 school year and any subsequent school year that in any such school year is less than the amount of the aggregate general

[May 10, 2001]

State aid entitlement that the district received for the 1997-98 school year, the school district shall also receive, from a separate appropriation made for purposes of this subsection (J), a supplementary payment that is equal to the amount of the difference in the aggregate State aid figures as described in paragraph (1).

(3) (Blank).

(K) Grants to Laboratory and Alternative Schools.

In calculating the amount to be paid to the governing board of a public university that operates a laboratory school under this Section or to any alternative school that is operated by a regional superintendent of schools, the State Board of Education shall require by rule such reporting requirements as it deems necessary.

As used in this Section, "laboratory school" means a public school which is created and operated by a public university and approved by the State Board of Education. The governing board of a public university which receives funds from the State Board under this subsection (K) may not increase the number of students enrolled in its laboratory school from a single district, if that district is already sending 50 or more students, except under a mutual agreement between the school board of a student's district of residence and the university which operates the laboratory school. A laboratory school may not have more than 1,000 students, excluding students with disabilities in a special education program.

As used in this Section, "alternative school" means a public school which is created and operated by a Regional Superintendent of Schools and approved by the State Board of Education. Such alternative schools may offer courses of instruction for which credit is given in regular school programs, courses to prepare students for the high school equivalency testing program or vocational and occupational training. A regional superintendent of schools may contract with a school district or a public community college district to operate an alternative school. An alternative school serving more than one educational service region may be established by the regional superintendents of schools of the affected educational service regions. An alternative school serving more than one educational service region may be operated under such terms as the regional superintendents of schools of those educational service regions may agree.

Each laboratory and alternative school shall file, on forms provided by the State Superintendent of Education, an annual State aid claim which states the Average Daily Attendance of the school's students by month. The best 3 months' Average Daily Attendance shall be computed for each school. The general State aid entitlement shall be computed by multiplying the applicable Average Daily Attendance by the Foundation Level as determined under this Section.

(L) Payments, Additional Grants in Aid and Other Requirements.

(1) For a school district operating under the financial supervision of an Authority created under Article 34A, the general State aid otherwise payable to that district under this Section, but not the supplemental general State aid, shall be reduced by an amount equal to the budget for the operations of the Authority as certified by the Authority to the State Board of Education, and an amount equal to such reduction shall be paid to the Authority created for such district for its operating expenses in the manner provided in Section 18-11. The remainder of general State school aid for any such district shall be paid in accordance with Article 34A when that Article provides for a disposition other than that provided by this Article.

(2) (Blank).

(3) Summer school. Summer school payments shall be made as

[May 10, 2001]

provided in Section 18-4.3.

(M) Education Funding Advisory Board.

The Education Funding Advisory Board, hereinafter in this subsection (M) referred to as the "Board", is hereby created. The Board shall consist of 5 members who are appointed by the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. The members appointed shall include representatives of education, business, and the general public. One of the members so appointed shall be designated by the Governor at the time the appointment is made as the chairperson of the Board. The initial members of the Board may be appointed any time after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997. The regular term of each member of the Board shall be for 4 years from the third Monday of January of the year in which the term of the member's appointment is to commence, except that of the 5 initial members appointed to serve on the Board, the member who is appointed as the chairperson shall serve for a term that commences on the date of his or her appointment and expires on the third Monday of January, 2002, and the remaining 4 members, by lots drawn at the first meeting of the Board that is held after all 5 members are appointed, shall determine 2 of their number to serve for terms that commence on the date of their respective appointments and expire on the third Monday of January, 2001, and 2 of their number to serve for terms that commence on the date of their respective appointments and expire on the third Monday of January, 2000. All members appointed to serve on the Board shall serve until their respective successors are appointed and confirmed. Vacancies shall be filled in the same manner as original appointments. If a vacancy in membership occurs at a time when the Senate is not in session, the Governor shall make a temporary appointment until the next meeting of the Senate, when he or she shall appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, a person to fill that membership for the unexpired term. If the Senate is not in session when the initial appointments are made, those appointments shall be made as in the case of vacancies.

The Education Funding Advisory Board shall be deemed established, and the initial members appointed by the Governor to serve as members of the Board shall take office, on the date that the Governor makes his or her appointment of the fifth initial member of the Board, whether those initial members are then serving pursuant to appointment and confirmation or pursuant to temporary appointments that are made by the Governor as in the case of vacancies.

The State Board of Education shall provide such staff assistance to the Education Funding Advisory Board as is reasonably required for the proper performance by the Board of its responsibilities.

For school years after the 2000-2001 school year, the Education Funding Advisory Board, in consultation with the State Board of Education, shall make recommendations as provided in this subsection (M) to the General Assembly for the foundation level under subdivision (B)(3) of this Section and for the supplemental general State aid grant level under subsection (H) of this Section for districts with high concentrations of children from poverty. The recommended foundation level shall be determined based on a methodology which incorporates the basic education expenditures of low-spending schools exhibiting high academic performance. The Education Funding Advisory Board shall make such recommendations to the General Assembly on January 1 of odd numbered years, beginning January 1, 2001.

(N) (Blank).

(O) References.

(1) References in other laws to the various subdivisions of Section 18-8 as that Section existed before its repeal and

[May 10, 2001]

replacement by this Section 18-8.05 shall be deemed to refer to the corresponding provisions of this Section 18-8.05, to the extent that those references remain applicable.

(2) References in other laws to State Chapter 1 funds shall be deemed to refer to the supplemental general State aid provided under subsection (H) of this Section.

(Source: P.A. 90-548, eff. 7-1-98; incorporates 90-566; 90-653, eff. 7-29-98; 90-654, eff. 7-29-98; 90-655, eff. 7-30-98; 90-802, eff. 12-15-98; 90-815, eff. 2-11-99; 91-24, eff. 7-1-99; 91-93, eff. 7-9-99; 91-96, eff. 7-9-99; 91-111, eff. 7-14-99; 91-357, eff. 7-29-99; 91-533, eff. 8-13-99; revised 8-27-99.)".

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Woolard, House Bill No. 3055 having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Judiciary, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 3055 by replacing lines 4 through 31 on page 1 and lines 1 through 29 on page 2 with the following:

"Section 5. The Illinois School Student Records Act is amended by changing Section 2 as follows:

(105 ILCS 10/2) (from Ch. 122, par. 50-2)

Sec. 2. As used in this Act,

(a) "Student" means any person enrolled or previously enrolled in a school.

(b) "School" means any public preschool, day care center, kindergarten, nursery, elementary or secondary educational institution, vocational school, special educational facility or any other elementary or secondary educational agency or institution and any person, agency or institution which maintains school student records from more than one school, but does not include a private or non-public school.

(c) "State Board" means the State Board of Education.

(d) "School Student Record" means any writing or other recorded information concerning a student and by which a student may be individually identified, maintained by a school or at its direction or by an employee of a school, regardless of how or where the information is stored. The following shall not be deemed school student records under this Act: writings or other recorded information maintained by an employee of a school or other person at the direction of a school for his or her exclusive use; provided that all such writings and other recorded information are destroyed not later than the student's graduation or permanent withdrawal from the school; and provided further that no such records or recorded information may be released or disclosed to any person except a person designated by the school as a substitute unless they are first incorporated in a school student record and made subject to all of the provisions of this Act. School student records shall not include information maintained by law enforcement professionals working in the school.

(e) "Student Permanent Record" means the minimum personal information necessary to a school in the education of the student and contained in a school student record. Such information may include the student's name, birth date, address, grades and grade level, parents' names and addresses, attendance records, and such other

[May 10, 2001]

entries as the State Board may require or authorize.

(f) "Student Temporary Record" means all information contained in a school student record but not contained in the student permanent record. Such information may include family background information, intelligence test scores, aptitude test scores, psychological and personality test results, teacher evaluations, and other information of clear relevance to the education of the student, all subject to regulations of the State Board. The information shall include information provided under Section 8.6 of the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act. In addition, the student temporary record shall include information regarding serious disciplinary infractions that resulted in expulsion, suspension, or the imposition of punishment or sanction. For purposes of this provision, serious disciplinary infractions means: infractions involving drugs, weapons, or bodily harm to another.

(g) "Parent" means a person who is the natural parent of the student or other person who has the primary responsibility for the care and upbringing of the student. All rights and privileges accorded to a parent under this Act shall become exclusively those of the student upon his 18th birthday, graduation from secondary school, marriage or entry into military service, whichever occurs first. Such rights and privileges may also be exercised by the student at any time with respect to the student's permanent school record.

(Source: P.A. 90-590, eff. 1-1-00.); and
on page 2, line 31, by changing "Sections 7.8 and 7.9" to "Section 7.9"; and

on page 3, by deleting lines 1 through 30; and

on page 4, by replacing lines 26 through 32 with the following:

"Sec. 8.6. Reports to a child's school. Within 10 days after completing an investigation of alleged physical or sexual abuse under this Act, if the report is indicated, the Child Protective Service Unit shall send a copy of its final finding report to the school that the child who is the indicated victim of the report attends. If the final finding report is sent during the summer when the school is not in session, the report shall be sent to the last school that the child attended. The final finding report shall be sent as "confidential", and the school shall be responsible for ensuring that the report remains confidential in accordance with the Illinois School Student Records Act. If an indicated finding is overturned in an appeal or hearing, or if the Department has made a determination that the child is no longer at risk of physical or sexual harm, the Department shall request that the final finding report be purged from the student's record, and the school shall purge the final finding report from the student's record and return the report to the Department. If an indicated report is expunged from the central register, and that report has been sent to a child's school, the Department shall request that the final finding report be purged from the student's record, and the school shall purge the final finding report from the student's record and return the report to the Department."; and

on page 5, by deleting lines 1 and 2.

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Peterson, House Bill No. 3065 was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Radogno, House Bill No. 3126 was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

[May 10, 2001]

On motion of Senator L. Walsh, House Bill No. 3137 having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Education, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 3137 on page 2, line 5, after "breathing.", by inserting "The training shall be in accordance with standards of the American Red Cross, the American Heart Association, or another nationally recognized certifying organization.".

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator T. Walsh, House Bill No. 3179 was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Parker, House Bill No. 3192 having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Education, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 3192 on page 2, immediately below line 28, by inserting the following:

"Section 7. The Interagency Coordinating Council Act is amended by changing Sections 2 and 3 as follows:

(20 ILCS 3970/2) (from Ch. 127, par. 3832)

Sec. 2. Interagency Coordinating Council. There is hereby created an Interagency Coordinating Council which shall be composed of the Directors, or their designees, of the Illinois Department of Children and Family Services, Illinois Department of Commerce and Community Affairs, Illinois Department of Corrections, Illinois Department of Employment Security, and Illinois Department of Public Aid; the Secretary of Human Services or his or her designee; the Executive Director, or a designee, of the Illinois Community College Board, the Board of Higher Education, and the Illinois Planning Council on Developmental Disabilities; the State Superintendent of Education, or a designee; and a designee representing the University of Illinois - Division of Specialized Care for Children. The Secretary of Human Services (or the member who is the designee for the Secretary of Human Services) and the State Superintendent of Education (or the member who is the designee for the State Superintendent of Education) shall be co-chairs of the Council. The co-chairs shall be responsible for ensuring that the functions described in Section 3 of this Act are carried out. At--its--first meeting--the--Council--shall--select--a--chair--from--among--its--members--who--shall--serve--for--a--term--of--2--years.

(Source: P.A. 89-507, eff. 7-1-97.)

(20 ILCS 3970/3) (from Ch. 127, par. 3833)

Sec. 3. Scope and Functions. The Interagency Coordinating Council shall:

(a) gather and coordinate data on services for secondary age youth with disabilities in transition from school to employment, post-secondary education and training, and community living;

(b) provide information, consultation, and technical assistance to State and local agencies and local school districts involved in the delivery of services to youth with disabilities in transition from secondary school programs to employment and other post-secondary programs;

[May 10, 2001]

(c) assist State and local agencies and school districts, through local transition planning committees, in establishing interagency agreements to assure the necessary services for efficient and appropriate transition from school to employment, post-secondary education and training, and community living;

(d) conduct an annual statewide evaluation of student transition outcomes and needs from information collected from local transition planning committees, school districts, and other appropriate sources; indicators used to evaluate outcomes shall include (i) high school graduation or passage of the Test of General Educational Development, (ii) participation in post-secondary education, including continuing and adult education, (iii) involvement in integrated employment, supported employment, and work-based learning activities, including vocational training, and (iv) independent living, community participation, adult services, and other post-secondary activities
~~assessment--of--transition--needs--and--post--secondary--school--outcomes--from--information--supplied--by--local--transition--planning--committees;~~
 and

(e) provide periodic in-service training to consumers in developing and improving awareness of transition services.

(Source: P.A. 86-1218.)"; and

on page 2, lines 29 and 30, by deleting "adding Section 14-3.05 and"; and

on page 2, by deleting lines 31 and 32; and

on page 3, by deleting lines 1 through 14.

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Radogno, House Bill No. 3314 having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Judiciary, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 3314 as follows:

by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 is amended by adding Sections 112A-17.5 and 112A-28.5 as follows:

(725 ILCS 5/112A-17.5 new)

Sec. 112A-17.5. Notice of orders.

(a) Entry and issuance. When a person is charged with a criminal offense and released on bond and the victim of the offense is a family or household member and the condition of the bond is that the defendant refrain from contact or communications with the victim for a minimum period of 72 hours following the defendant's release and refrain from entering or remaining at the victim's residence for a minimum period of 72 hours following the defendant's release or any other conditions restricting contact with the victim as the court imposes, the clerk shall immediately, or on the next court day, enter the order on the record and file it in accordance with circuit court procedures and provide a file stamped copy of the order to defendant, if present, and to the victim, if present.

(b) No Contact with family victim orders. The court order shall include the following information:

(1) the court case number.

(2) the issue date of the order.

(3) the expiration date of the order, not to exceed 2 years.

(4) the defendant's name, sex, race, date of birth, height,

[May 10, 2001]

weight, hair, and eye color.

(5) the conditions of bond, including specific remedy.

(6) the victim's name.

(7) the protected person's name.

(8) the protected person's address.

(c) Filing with sheriff. The clerk of the judge who issued the order shall, on the same day that the order is issued, file a certified copy of that order with the sheriff.

(d) Service by sheriff. Unless the defendant was present in court when the order was issued, the sheriff, other law enforcement official, or special process server shall promptly serve that order upon the defendant and file proof of that service, in the manner provided for service of process.

(725 ILCS 5/112A-28.5 new)

Sec. 112A-28.5. Entry of orders into LEADS.

(a) The Department of State Police shall enter into the Law Enforcement Agencies Data System (LEADS) the no contact with family victim order information. The LEADS file must include the name and address of each person who has been charged with a criminal offense in which the victim of the offense is a family or household member and who has been released on bond in which the condition of the bond is that the defendant refrain from contact or communication with the victim for a minimum period of 72 hours following the defendant's release and refrain from entering or remaining at the victim's residence for a minimum period of 72 hours following the defendant's release or any other conditions restricting contact with the victim as the court imposes.

(b) The sheriff shall enter the no contact with family victim order into LEADS as soon as possible after receiving the order. The order must be entered into LEADS on the same day the sheriff receives the order.

(c) Retention. The information must be retained in LEADS in a history file for 90 days after the expiration date of the no contact with family victim order before the information may be removed from the LEADS file.

Section 10. The Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986 is amended by adding Sections 217.5 and 302.5 as follows:

(750 ILCS 60/217.5 new)

Sec. 217.5. Notice of orders.

(a) Entry and issuance. When a person is charged with a criminal offense and released on bond and the victim of the offense is a family or household member and the condition of the bond is that the defendant refrain from contact or communications with the victim for a minimum period of 72 hours following the defendant's release and refrain from entering or remaining at the victim's residence for a minimum period of 72 hours following the defendant's release or any other conditions restricting contact with the victim as the court imposes, the clerk shall immediately, or on the next court day, enter the order on the record and file it in accordance with circuit court procedures and provide a file stamped copy of the order to defendant, if present, and to the victim, if present.

(b) No Contact with family victim orders. The court order shall include the following information:

(1) the court case number.

(2) the issue date of the order.

(3) the expiration date of the order, not to exceed 2 years.

(4) the defendant's name, sex, race, date of birth, height, weight, hair, and eye color.

(5) the conditions of bond, including specific remedy.

[May 10, 2001]

- (6) the victim's name.
- (7) the protected person's name.
- (8) the protected person's address.

(c) Filing with sheriff. The clerk of the judge who issued the order shall, on the same day that the order is issued, file a certified copy of that order with the sheriff.

(d) Service by sheriff. Unless the defendant was present in court when the order was issued, the sheriff, other law enforcement official, or special process server shall promptly serve that order upon the defendant and file proof of that service, in the manner provided for service of process.

(750 ILCS 60/302.5 new)

Sec. 302.5. Entry of orders into LEADS.

(a) The Department of State Police shall enter into the Law Enforcement Agencies Data System (LEADS) the no contact with family victim order information. The LEADS file must include the name and address of each person who has been charged with a criminal offense in which the victim of the offense is a family or household member and who has been released on bond in which the condition of the bond is that the defendant refrain from contact or communication with the victim for a minimum period of 72 hours following the defendant's release and refrain from entering or remaining at the victim's residence for a minimum period of 72 hours following the defendant's release or any other conditions restricting contact with the victim as the court imposes.

(b) The sheriff shall enter the no contact with family victim order into LEADS as soon as possible after receiving the order. The order must be entered into LEADS on the same day the sheriff receives the order.

(c) Retention. The information must be retained in LEADS in a history file for 90 days after the expiration date of the no contact with family victim order before the information may be removed from the LEADS file.

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect July 1, 2002."

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Mahar, House Bill No. 3373 was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

PRESENTATION OF RESOLUTION

Senators Weaver - Peterson offered the following Senate Resolution, which was referred to the Committee on Rules:

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 137

WHEREAS, Groundwater is an essential resource for Illinois; and
WHEREAS, Groundwater feeds our lakes, streams and wetlands and helps sustain the many creatures who live there; and

WHEREAS, Approximately one-fourth of all fresh water used in the nation comes from groundwater; and

WHEREAS, Groundwater provides approximately 35% of the drinking water supply for urban areas and 95% of the supply for rural areas, meeting the household needs of more than 117 million people in this nation; and

WHEREAS, As the Illinois population grows and land uses intensify, threats to groundwater quality and quantity are

[May 10, 2001]

increasing; therefore be it

RESOLVED, BY THE SENATE OF THE NINETY-SECOND GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, That the Department of Natural Resources shall conduct a study of the groundwater and aquifer system of Illinois; and be it further

RESOLVED, That the study shall (1) develop an understanding of the geology of each aquifer in the State; (2) determine the groundwater flow through the geologic units and the interaction of the groundwater with surface waters; (3) analyze current groundwater withdrawals; and (4) determine the chemistry of the geologic units and the groundwater in those units; and be it further

RESOLVED, That based upon information obtained from this study, the Department shall develop geologic and groundwater flow models for each underground aquifer in the State that show the impact of adding future wells or of future groundwater withdrawal; and be it further

RESOLVED, That the Department shall report its findings to the Senate no later than November 1, 2001; and be it further

RESOLVED, That the report shall include recommendations on the potential of receiving federal funding for the groundwater and aquifer system of Illinois and related programs; and be it further

RESOLVED, That a suitable copy of this resolution shall be given to the Director of the Department of Natural Resources.

READING BILLS FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Bomke, House Bill No. 1008 having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: Yeas 55; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Bomke
Bowles
Burzynski
Clayborne
Cronin
Cullerton
DeLeo
del Valle
Demuzio
Dillard
Donahue
Dudycz
Geo-Karis
Halvorson
Hawkinson
Hendon
Jacobs
Jones, W.
Karpel
Klemm
Lauzen
Link
Luechtefeld
Madigan, L.
Madigan, R.

[May 10, 2001]

Mahar
 Molaro
 Munoz
 Myers
 Noland
 Obama
 O'Daniel
 Parker
 Peterson
 Petka
 Radogno
 Rauschenberger
 Ronen
 Roskam
 Shadid
 Shaw
 Sieben
 Silverstein
 Smith
 Sullivan
 Syverson
 Trotter
 Viverito
 Walsh, L.
 Walsh, T.
 Watson
 Weaver
 Welch
 Woolard
 Mr. President

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Shadid, House Bill No. 1041 having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: Yeas 54; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Bomke
 Bowles
 Burzynski
 Clayborne
 Cronin
 Cullerton
 DeLeo
 del Valle
 Demuzio
 Dillard
 Donahue
 Geo-Karis
 Halvorson
 Hawkinson

[May 10, 2001]

Hendon
Jacobs
Jones, W.
Karpel
Klemm
Lauzen
Link
Luechtefeld
Madigan, L.
Madigan, R.
Mahar
Molaro
Munoz
Myers
Noland
Obama
O'Daniel
Parker
Peterson
Petka
Radogno
Rauschenberger
Ronen
Roskam
Shadid
Shaw
Sieben
Silverstein
Smith
Sullivan
Syverson
Trotter
Viverito
Walsh, L.
Walsh, T.
Watson
Weaver
Welch
Woolard
Mr. President

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence in the Senate Amendment adopted thereto.

REPORTS FROM RULES COMMITTEE

Senator Weaver, Chairperson of the Committee on Rules, during its May 10, 2001 meeting, reported the following Legislative Measures have been assigned to the indicated Standing Committees of the Senate:

Education: Senate Amendment No. 2 to House Bill 1908.
Judiciary: Senate Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 512; Senate Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 888; Senate Amendment No. 2 to House Bill 1970.

[May 10, 2001]

Local Government: Senate Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 148; Senate Amendment No. 2 to House Bill 469; Senate Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 1810; Senate Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 2380; Senate Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 3576.

Transportation: Senate Amendment No. 2 to House Bill 2161.

Senator Weaver, Chairperson of the Committee on Rules, during its May 10, 2001 meeting, reported the following House Resolution has been assigned to the indicated Standing Committee of the Senate:

Executive: House Joint Resolution No. 13.

Senator Weaver, Chairperson of the Committee on Rules, during its May 10, 2001 meeting, reported the following Senate Resolutions have been assigned to the indicated Standing Committees of the Senate:

Executive: Senate Joint Resolutions numbered 26 and 29; Senate Resolutions numbered 118 and 137.

Insurance and Pensions: Senate Joint Resolution No. 32.

Senator Weaver, Chairperson of the Committee on Rules, during its May 10, 2001 meeting, reported the following House Bill has been assigned to the indicated Standing Committee of the Senate:

Judiciary: House Bill No. 524.

Senator Weaver, Chairperson of the Committee on Rules, reported that the following Legislative Measures have been approved for consideration:

Senate Amendment 2 to House Bill 176
 Senate Amendment 1 to House Bill 2259
 Senate Amendment 1 to House Bill 2290
 Senate Amendment 1 to House Bill 2300
 Senate Amendment 1 to House Bill 2315
 Senate Amendment 1 to House Bill 2440

The foregoing floor amendments were placed on the Secretary's Desk.

Senator Weaver, Chairperson of the Committee on Rules, reported that the following Legislative Measures have been approved:

House Bill 453	Request to change sponsorship to Senator Radogno
House Bill 3073	Request to change sponsorship to Senator Noland

READING BILLS FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Sieben, House Bill No. 1478 having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: Yeas 52; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

[May 10, 2001]

Bomke
Bowles
Burzynski
Clayborne
Cullerton
DeLeo
del Valle
Demuzio
Dillard
Donahue
Dudycz
Geo-Karis
Halvorson
Hawkinson
Hendon
Jacobs
Jones, W.
Karpel
Lauzen
Link
Luechtefeld
Madigan, L.
Madigan, R.
Mahar
Molaro
Munoz
Myers
Noland
Obama
O'Daniel
Parker
Peterson
Petka
Radogno
Ronen
Roskam
Shadid
Shaw
Sieben
Silverstein
Smith
Sullivan
Syverson
Trotter
Viverito
Walsh, L.
Walsh, T.
Watson
Weaver
Welch
Woolard
Mr. President

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence in the Senate Amendment adopted thereto.

[May 10, 2001]

On motion of Senator T. Walsh, House Bill No. 1630 having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: Yeas 54; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Bomke
Bowles
Burzynski
Clayborne
Cronin
Cullerton
DeLeo
del Valle
Demuzio
Dillard
Donahue
Dudycz
Geo-Karis
Halvorson
Hawkinson
Hendon
Jacobs
Jones, W.
Karpel
Klemm
Lauzen
Link
Luechtefeld
Madigan, L.
Madigan, R.
Mahar
Molaro
Munoz
Myers
Noland
Obama
O'Daniel
Parker
Peterson
Petka
Radogno
Rauschenberger
Ronen
Roskam
Shadid
Shaw
Sieben
Silverstein
Smith
Sullivan
Syverson
Viverito
Walsh, L.
Walsh, T.
Watson
Weaver

[May 10, 2001]

Welch
Woolard
Mr. President

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Burzynski, House Bill No. 1694 having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: Yeas 55; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Bomke
Bowles
Burzynski
Clayborne
Cronin
Cullerton
DeLeo
del Valle
Demuzio
Dillard
Donahue
Dudycz
Geo-Karis
Halvorson
Hawkinson
Hendon
Jacobs
Jones, W.
Karpier
Klemm
Laufen
Link
Luechtefeld
Madigan, L.
Madigan, R.
Mahar
Molaro
Munoz
Myers
Noland
Obama
O'Daniel
Parker
Peterson
Petka
Radogno
Rauschenberger
Ronen
Roskam
Shadid
Shaw

[May 10, 2001]

Sieben
 Silverstein
 Smith
 Sullivan
 Syverson
 Trotter
 Viverito
 Walsh, L.
 Walsh, T.
 Watson
 Weaver
 Welch
 Woolard
 Mr. President

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence in the Senate Amendment adopted thereto.

On motion of Senator Peterson, House Bill No. 1700 having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: Yeas 52; Nays 3.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Bomke
 Bowles
 Clayborne
 Cronin
 Cullerton
 DeLeo
 del Valle
 Demuzio
 Dillard
 Donahue
 Dudycz
 Geo-Karis
 Halvorson
 Hawkinson
 Hendon
 Jacobs
 Jones, W.
 Karpel
 Klemm
 Lauzen
 Link
 Luechtefeld
 Madigan, L.
 Madigan, R.
 Mahar
 Molaro
 Munoz
 Myers
 Noland

[May 10, 2001]

Obama
O'Daniel
Parker
Peterson
Petka
Rauschenberger
Ronen
Roskam
Shadid
Shaw
Sieben
Silverstein
Smith
Syverson
Trotter
Viverito
Walsh, L.
Walsh, T.
Watson
Weaver
Welch
Woolard
Mr. President

The following voted in the negative:

Burzynski
Radogno
Sullivan

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Weaver, House Bill No. 1776 having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: Yeas 40; Nays 10; Present 4.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Bomke
Cronin
Cullerton
DeLeo
del Valle
Demuzio
Dillard
Dudycz
Geo-Karis
Halvorson
Hawkinson
Jacobs
Jones, W.
Karpier
Klemm

[May 10, 2001]

Lauzen
Link
Madigan, L.
Madigan, R.
Molaro
Munoz
Myers
Noland
Obama
O'Daniel
Parker
Peterson
Radogno
Rauschenberger
Ronen
Roskam
Shadid
Sieben
Silverstein
Smith
Sullivan
Walsh, L.
Weaver
Welch
Mr. President

The following voted in the negative:

Bowles
Burzynski
Clayborne
Donahue
Luechtefeld
Mahar
Syverson
Walsh, T.
Watson
Woolard

The following voted present:

Hendon
Petka
Shaw
Trotter

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

Senator L. Walsh asked and obtained unanimous consent for the Journal to reflect that he inadvertently voted "Yes" instead of "No" on the passage of House Bill No. 1776.

On motion of Senator Klemm, House Bill No. 1805 having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

[May 10, 2001]

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: Yeas 47; Nays 7; Present 1.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Bomke
Bowles
Burzynski
Clayborne
Cronin
Cullerton
DeLeo
del Valle
Demuzio
Dillard
Donahue
Dudycz
Geo-Karis
Halvorson
Hendon
Jones, W.
Karpel
Klemm
Link
Madigan, L.
Madigan, R.
Mahar
Molaro
Munoz
Myers
Noland
Obama
O'Daniel
Parker
Peterson
Radogno
Rauschenberger
Ronen
Shadid
Shaw
Sieben
Silverstein
Smith
Sullivan
Trotter
Viverito
Walsh, L.
Watson
Weaver
Welch
Woolard
Mr. President

The following voted in the negative:

Hawkinson
Jacobs
Lauzen
Petka
Roskam

[May 10, 2001]

Syverson
Walsh, T.

The following voted present:

Luechtefeld

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Smith, House Bill No. 1819 having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: Yeas 54; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Bomke
Bowles
Burzynski
Clayborne
Cronin
Cullerton
DeLeo
del Valle
Demuzio
Dillard
Donahue
Dudycz
Geo-Karis
Hawkinson
Hendon
Jacobs
Jones, W.
Karpel
Klemm
Lauzen
Link
Luechtefeld
Madigan, L.
Madigan, R.
Mahar
Molaro
Munoz
Myers
Noland
Obama
O'Daniel
Parker
Peterson
Petka
Radogno
Rauschenberger
Ronen
Roskam

[May 10, 2001]

Shadid
Shaw
Sieben
Silverstein
Smith
Sullivan
Syverson
Trotter
Viverito
Walsh, L.
Walsh, T.
Watson
Weaver
Welch
Woolard
Mr. President

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator L. Walsh, House Bill No. 1883 having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: Yeas 54; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Bomke
Bowles
Burzynski
Clayborne
Cronin
Cullerton
DeLeo
del Valle
Demuzio
Dillard
Donahue
Dudycz
Geo-Karis
Halvorson
Hawkinson
Hendon
Jacobs
Jones, W.
Karpel
Klemm
Lauzen
Link
Luechtefeld
Madigan, L.
Madigan, R.
Mahar
Molaro
Munoz

[May 10, 2001]

Myers
 Noland
 Obama
 O'Daniel
 Parker
 Peterson
 Petka
 Radogno
 Ronen
 Roskam
 Shadid
 Shaw
 Sieben
 Silverstein
 Smith
 Sullivan
 Syverson
 Trotter
 Viverito
 Walsh, L.
 Walsh, T.
 Watson
 Weaver
 Welch
 Woolard
 Mr. President

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Hendon, House Bill No. 1911 having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: Yeas 55; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Bomke
 Bowles
 Burzynski
 Clayborne
 Cronin
 Cullerton
 DeLeo
 del Valle
 Demuzio
 Dillard
 Donahue
 Dudycz
 Geo-Karis
 Halvorson
 Hawkinson
 Hendon
 Jacobs
 Jones, W.

[May 10, 2001]

Karpel
 Klemm
 Lauzen
 Link
 Luechtefeld
 Madigan, L.
 Madigan, R.
 Mahar
 Molaro
 Munoz
 Myers
 Noland
 Obama
 O'Daniel
 Parker
 Peterson
 Petka
 Radogno
 Rauschenberger
 Ronen
 Roskam
 Shadid
 Shaw
 Sieben
 Silverstein
 Smith
 Sullivan
 Syverson
 Trotter
 Viverito
 Walsh, L.
 Walsh, T.
 Watson
 Weaver
 Welch
 Woolard
 Mr. President

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Sieben, House Bill No. 1915 having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: Yeas 55; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Bomke
 Bowles
 Burzynski
 Clayborne
 Cronin
 Cullerton
 DeLeo

[May 10, 2001]

del Valle
Demuzio
Dillard
Donahue
Dudycz
Geo-Karis
Halvorson
Hawkinson
Hendon
Jacobs
Jones, W.
Karpel
Klemm
Lauzen
Link
Luechtefeld
Madigan, L.
Madigan, R.
Mahar
Molaro
Munoz
Myers
Noland
Obama
O'Daniel
Parker
Peterson
Petka
Radogno
Rauschenberger
Ronen
Roskam
Shadid
Shaw
Sieben
Silverstein
Smith
Sullivan
Syverson
Trotter
Viverito
Walsh, L.
Walsh, T.
Watson
Weaver
Welch
Woolard
Mr. President

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence in the Senate Amendment adopted thereto.

On motion of Senator Parker, House Bill No. 1942 having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

[May 10, 2001]

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: Yeas 55; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Bomke
Bowles
Burzynski
Clayborne
Cronin
Cullerton
DeLeo
del Valle
Demuzio
Dillard
Donahue
Dudycz
Geo-Karis
Halvorson
Hawkinson
Hendon
Jacobs
Jones, W.
Karpel
Klemm
Lauzen
Link
Luechtefeld
Madigan, L.
Madigan, R.
Mahar
Molaro
Munoz
Myers
Noland
Obama
O'Daniel
Parker
Peterson
Petka
Radogno
Rauschenberger
Ronen
Roskam
Shadid
Shaw
Sieben
Silverstein
Smith
Sullivan
Syverson
Trotter
Viverito
Walsh, L.
Walsh, T.
Watson
Weaver
Welch
Woolard
Mr. President

[May 10, 2001]

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence in the Senate Amendment adopted thereto.

On motion of Senator Burzynski, House Bill No. 1954 having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: Yeas 54; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Bomke
Bowles
Burzynski
Clayborne
Cronin
Cullerton
DeLeo
del Valle
Demuzio
Dillard
Donahue
Dudycz
Geo-Karis
Halvorson
Hawkinson
Hendon
Jacobs
Jones, W.
Karpel
Klemm
Lauzen
Link
Luechtefeld
Madigan, L.
Madigan, R.
Mahar
Molaro
Munoz
Myers
Noland
Obama
O'Daniel
Parker
Peterson
Petka
Radogno
Ronen
Roskam
Shadid
Shaw
Sieben
Silverstein
Smith
Sullivan

[May 10, 2001]

Syverson
Trotter
Viverito
Walsh, L.
Walsh, T.
Watson
Weaver
Welch
Woolard
Mr. President

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Sieben, House Bill No. 1972 having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: Yeas 54; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Bomke
Bowles
Burzynski
Clayborne
Cronin
Cullerton
DeLeo
del Valle
Demuzio
Dillard
Donahue
Dudycz
Geo-Karis
Halvorson
Hawkinson
Hendon
Jacobs
Jones, W.
Karpel
Klemm
Lauzen
Link
Luechtefeld
Madigan, L.
Madigan, R.
Mahar
Molaro
Munoz
Myers
Noland
Obama
O'Daniel
Parker
Peterson

[May 10, 2001]

Petka
 Radogno
 Ronen
 Roskam
 Shadid
 Shaw
 Sieben
 Silverstein
 Smith
 Sullivan
 Syverson
 Trotter
 Viverito
 Walsh, L.
 Walsh, T.
 Watson
 Weaver
 Welch
 Woolard
 Mr. President

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence in the Senate Amendment adopted thereto.

On motion of Senator Luechtefeld, House Bill No. 1973 having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: Yeas 54; Nays 1.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Bomke
 Bowles
 Burzynski
 Clayborne
 Cronin
 Cullerton
 DeLeo
 del Valle
 Demuzio
 Dillard
 Donahue
 Dudycz
 Geo-Karis
 Halvorson
 Hawkinson
 Hendon
 Jacobs
 Jones, W.
 Karpel
 Klemm
 Link
 Luechtefeld
 Madigan, L.

[May 10, 2001]

Madigan, R.
Mahar
Molaro
Munoz
Myers
Noland
Obama
O'Daniel
Parker
Peterson
Petka
Radogno
Rauschenberger
Ronen
Roskam
Shadid
Shaw
Sieben
Silverstein
Smith
Sullivan
Syverson
Trotter
Viverito
Walsh, L.
Walsh, T.
Watson
Weaver
Welch
Woolard
Mr. President

The following voted in the negative:

Lauzen

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence in the Senate Amendment adopted thereto.

On motion of Senator Bomke, House Bill No. 1988 having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: Yeas 50; Nays 5.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Bomke
Bowles
Burzynski
Clayborne
Cullerton
DeLeo
del Valle
Demuzio

[May 10, 2001]

Dillard
Donahue
Dudycz
Geo-Karis
Halvorson
Hawkinson
Hendon
Jacobs
Jones, W.
Karpel
Klemm
Link
Luechtefeld
Madigan, L.
Madigan, R.
Mahar
Molaro
Munoz
Myers
Noland
Obama
O'Daniel
Parker
Peterson
Radogno
Ronen
Roskam
Shadid
Shaw
Sieben
Silverstein
Smith
Sullivan
Syverson
Trotter
Viverito
Walsh, L.
Watson
Weaver
Welch
Woolard
Mr. President

The following voted in the negative:

Cronin
Lauzen
Petka
Rauschenberger
Walsh, T.

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Obama, House Bill No. 2011 having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title

[May 10, 2001]

a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: Yeas 55; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Bomke
Bowles
Burzynski
Clayborne
Cronin
Cullerton
DeLeo
del Valle
Demuzio
Dillard
Donahue
Dudyycz
Geo-Karis
Halvorson
Hawkinson
Hendon
Jacobs
Jones, W.
Karpel
Klemm
Lauzen
Link
Luechtefeld
Madigan, L.
Madigan, R.
Mahar
Molaro
Munoz
Myers
Noland
Obama
O'Daniel
Parker
Peterson
Petka
Radogno
Rauschenberger
Ronen
Roskam
Shadid
Shaw
Sieben
Silverstein
Smith
Sullivan
Syverson
Trotter
Viverito
Walsh, L.
Walsh, T.
Watson
Weaver
Welch
Woolard

[May 10, 2001]

Mr. President

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

At the hour of 12:02 o'clock p.m., Senator Watson presiding.

On motion of Senator Roskam, House Bill No. 2088 having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: Yeas 47; Nays 1; Present 6.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Bomke
 Bowles
 Burzynski
 Clayborne
 Cronin
 del Valle
 Demuzio
 Dillard
 Donahue
 Dudycz
 Geo-Karis
 Halvorson
 Hawkinson
 Jacobs
 Jones, W.
 Karpel
 Klemm
 Lauzen
 Link
 Luechtefeld
 Madigan, L.
 Madigan, R.
 Mahar
 Munoz
 Myers
 Noland
 O'Daniel
 Parker
 Peterson
 Petka
 Radogno
 Rauschenberger
 Ronen
 Roskam
 Shadid
 Sieben
 Silverstein
 Sullivan
 Syverson
 Viverito
 Walsh, L.

[May 10, 2001]

Walsh, T.
Watson
Weaver
Welch
Woolard
Mr. President

The following voted in the negative:

Smith

The following voted present:

Cullerton
DeLeo
Hendon
Molaro
Obama
Shaw

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence in the Senate Amendment adopted thereto.

On motion of Senator Silverstein, House Bill No. 2276 having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: Yeas 55; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Bomke
Bowles
Burzynski
Clayborne
Cronin
Cullerton
DeLeo
del Valle
Demuzio
Dillard
Donahue
Dudycz
Geo-Karis
Halvorson
Hawkinson
Hendon
Jacobs
Jones, W.
Karpel
Klemm
Lauzen
Link
Luechtefeld
Madigan, L.

[May 10, 2001]

Madigan, R.
 Mahar
 Molaro
 Munoz
 Myers
 Noland
 Obama
 O'Daniel
 Parker
 Peterson
 Petka
 Radogno
 Rauschenberger
 Ronen
 Roskam
 Shadid
 Shaw
 Sieben
 Silverstein
 Smith
 Sullivan
 Syverson
 Trotter
 Viverito
 Walsh, L.
 Walsh, T.
 Watson
 Weaver
 Welch
 Woolard
 Mr. President

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence in the Senate Amendment adopted thereto.

HOUSE BILLS RECALLED

On motion of Senator Dillard, House Bill No. 2290 was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Dillard offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 1

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 2290 as follows:
 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:
 "Section 5. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by changing
 Section 11-501 as follows:

(625 ILCS 5/11-501) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 11-501)

Sec. 11-501. Driving while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any combination thereof.

(a) A person shall not drive or be in actual physical control of any vehicle within this State while:

(1) the alcohol concentration in the person's blood or breath is 0.08 or more based on the definition of blood and

[May 10, 2001]

breath units in Section 11-501.2;

(2) under the influence of alcohol;

(3) under the influence of any intoxicating compound or combination of intoxicating compounds to a degree that renders the person incapable of driving safely;

(4) under the influence of any other drug or combination of drugs to a degree that renders the person incapable of safely driving;

(5) under the combined influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds to a degree that renders the person incapable of safely driving; or

(6) there is any amount of a drug, substance, or compound in the person's breath, blood, or urine resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis listed in the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or an intoxicating compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act.

(b) The fact that any person charged with violating this Section is or has been legally entitled to use alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof, shall not constitute a defense against any charge of violating this Section.

(c) Except as provided under paragraphs (c-3) and (d) of this Section, every person convicted of violating this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance, shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and, in addition to any other criminal or administrative action, for any second conviction of violating this Section or a similar provision of a law of another state or local ordinance committed within 5 years of a previous violation of this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance shall be mandatorily sentenced to a minimum of 48 consecutive hours of imprisonment or assigned to a minimum of 100 hours of community service as may be determined by the court. Every person convicted of violating this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance shall be subject to a mandatory minimum fine of \$500 and a mandatory 5 days of community service in a program benefiting children if the person committed a violation of paragraph (a) or a similar provision of a local ordinance while transporting a person under age 16. Every person convicted a second time for violating this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance within 5 years of a previous violation of this Section or a similar provision of a law of another state or local ordinance shall be subject to a mandatory minimum fine of \$500 and 10 days of mandatory community service in a program benefiting children if the current offense was committed while transporting a person under age 16. The imprisonment or assignment under this subsection shall not be subject to suspension nor shall the person be eligible for probation in order to reduce the sentence or assignment.

(c-1) (1) A person who violates this Section during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended, where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of this Section, Section 11-501.1, paragraph (b) of Section 11-401, or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 is guilty of a Class 4 felony.

(2) A person who violates this Section a third time during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of this Section, Section 11-501.1, paragraph (b) of Section 11-401, or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 is guilty of a Class 3 felony.

(3) A person who violates this Section a fourth or

[May 10, 2001]

subsequent time during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of this Section, Section 11-501.1, paragraph (b) of Section 11-401, or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 is guilty of a Class 2 felony.

(c-2) (Blank).

(c-3) Every person convicted of violating this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance who had a child under age 16 in the vehicle at the time of the offense shall have his or her punishment under this Act enhanced by 2 days of imprisonment for a first offense, 10 days of imprisonment for a second offense, 30 days of imprisonment for a third offense, and 90 days of imprisonment for a fourth or subsequent offense, in addition to the fine and community service required under subsection (c) and the possible imprisonment required under subsection (d). The imprisonment or assignment under this subsection shall not be subject to suspension nor shall the person be eligible for probation in order to reduce the sentence or assignment.

(d) (1) Every person convicted of committing a violation of this Section shall be guilty of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof if:

(A) the person committed a violation of this Section, or a similar provision of a law of another state or a local ordinance when the cause of action is the same as or substantially similar to this Section, for the third or subsequent time;

(B) the person committed a violation of paragraph (a) while driving a school bus with children on board;

(C) the person in committing a violation of paragraph (a) was involved in a motor vehicle accident that resulted in great bodily harm or permanent disability or disfigurement to another, when the violation was a proximate cause of the injuries; or

(D) the person committed a violation of paragraph (a) for a second time and has been previously convicted of violating Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 relating to reckless homicide in which the person was determined to have been under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds as an element of the offense or the person has previously been convicted under subparagraph (C) of this paragraph (1).

(2) Aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof is a Class 4 felony. ~~For which a person, if sentenced to a term of imprisonment, shall be sentenced to not less than one year and not more than 3 years for a violation of subparagraph (A), (B) or (D) of paragraph (1) of this subsection (d) and not less than one year and not more than 12 years for a violation of subparagraph (C) of paragraph (1) of this subsection (d), the defendant, if sentenced to a term of imprisonment, shall be sentenced to not less than one year nor more than 12 years.~~ For any prosecution under this subsection (d), a certified copy of the driving abstract of the defendant shall be admitted as proof of any prior conviction.

(e) After a finding of guilt and prior to any final sentencing, or an order for supervision, for an offense based upon an arrest for a violation of this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance, individuals shall be required to undergo a professional evaluation to determine if an alcohol, drug, or intoxicating compound abuse problem exists and the extent of the problem. Programs conducting these evaluations shall be licensed by the Department of Human Services. The cost of any professional evaluation shall be

[May 10, 2001]

paid for by the individual required to undergo the professional evaluation.

(f) Every person found guilty of violating this Section, whose operation of a motor vehicle while in violation of this Section proximately caused any incident resulting in an appropriate emergency response, shall be liable for the expense of an emergency response as provided under Section 5-5-3 of the Unified Code of Corrections.

(g) The Secretary of State shall revoke the driving privileges of any person convicted under this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance.

(h) Every person sentenced under subsection (d) of this Section and who receives a term of probation or conditional discharge shall be required to serve a minimum term of either 30 days community service or, beginning July 1, 1993, 48 consecutive hours of imprisonment as a condition of the probation or conditional discharge. This mandatory minimum term of imprisonment or assignment of community service shall not be suspended and shall not be subject to reduction by the court.

(i) The Secretary of State may use ignition interlock device requirements when granting driving relief to individuals who have been arrested for a second or subsequent offense of this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance. The Secretary shall establish by rule and regulation the procedures for use of the interlock system.

(j) In addition to any other penalties and liabilities, a person who is found guilty of or pleads guilty to violating this Section, including any person placed on court supervision for violating this Section, shall be fined \$100, payable to the circuit clerk, who shall distribute the money to the law enforcement agency that made the arrest. In the event that more than one agency is responsible for the arrest, the \$100 shall be shared equally. Any moneys received by a law enforcement agency under this subsection (j) shall be used to purchase law enforcement equipment that will assist in the prevention of alcohol related criminal violence throughout the State. This shall include, but is not limited to, in-car video cameras, radar and laser speed detection devices, and alcohol breath testers. Any moneys received by the Department of State Police under this subsection (j) shall be deposited into the State Police DUI Fund and shall be used to purchase law enforcement equipment that will assist in the prevention of alcohol related criminal violence throughout the State. (Source: P.A. 90-43, eff. 7-2-97; 90-400, eff. 8-15-97; 90-611, eff. 1-1-99; 90-655, eff. 7-30-98; 90-738, eff. 1-1-99; 90-779, eff. 1-1-99; 91-126, eff. 7-16-99; 91-357, eff. 7-29-99; 91-692, eff. 4-13-00; 91-822, eff. 6-13-00.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law."

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was returned to the order of third reading.

On motion of Senator Roskam, House Bill No. 2300 was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Roskam offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 1

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 2300 as follows:
on page 6, by replacing lines 3 and 4 with the following:

[May 10, 2001]

"twice been convicted in any state or federal court of an offense that contains the same elements as an offense now classified in Illinois as a Class 2 or greater Class felony ~~of--any--Class--2--or greater-Class-felonies-in-Illinois~~ and such charges are separately".

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was returned to the order of third reading.

On motion of Senator Munoz, House Bill No. 2315 was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Munoz offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 1

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 2315 as follows:
on page 1, by inserting between lines 3 and 4 the following:
"Section 2. The Firearm Owners Identification Card Act is amended by adding Section 3.2 as follows:

(430 ILCS 65/3.2 new)

Sec. 3.2. List of prohibited projectiles; notice to dealers. Prior to January 1, 2002, the Department of State Police shall list on the Department's World Wide Web site all firearm projectiles that are prohibited under Sections 24-2.1, 24-2.2, and 24-3.2 of the Criminal Code of 1961, together with a statement setting forth the sentence that may be imposed for violating those Sections. The Department of State Police shall, prior to January 1, 2002, send a list of all firearm projectiles that are prohibited under Sections 24-2.1, 24-2.2, and 24-3.2 of the Criminal Code of 1961 to each federally licensed firearm dealer in Illinois registered with the Department."; and

on page 2, line 10, by replacing "fire-stabilized" with "fin-stabilized"; and

on page 2, line 11, by replacing "sold" with "solid"; and

on page 6, below line 9, by adding the following:

"Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect on January 1, 2002."

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was returned to the order of third reading.

READING BILLS FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Burzynski, House Bill No. 2492 having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: Yeas 55; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Bomke
Bowles
Burzynski
Clayborne

[May 10, 2001]

Cronin
Cullerton
DeLeo
del Valle
Demuzio
Dillard
Donahue
Dudycz
Geo-Karis
Halvorson
Hawkinson
Hendon
Jacobs
Jones, W.
Karpiel
Klemm
Lauzen
Link
Luechtefeld
Madigan, L.
Madigan, R.
Mahar
Molaro
Munoz
Myers
Noland
Obama
O'Daniel
Parker
Peterson
Petka
Radogno
Rauschenberger
Ronen
Roskam
Shadid
Shaw
Sieben
Silverstein
Smith
Sullivan
Syverson
Trotter
Viverito
Walsh, L.
Walsh, T.
Watson
Weaver
Welch
Woolard
Mr. President

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence in the Senate Amendment adopted thereto.

On motion of Senator Luechtefeld, House Bill No. 2528 having been

[May 10, 2001]

printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: Yeas 54; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Bomke
Bowles
Burzynski
Clayborne
Cronin
Cullerton
DeLeo
del Valle
Demuzio
Dillard
Donahue
Dudycz
Geo-Karis
Halvorson
Hawkinson
Hendon
Jacobs
Jones, W.
Karpel
Klemm
Lauzen
Link
Luechtefeld
Madigan, L.
Madigan, R.
Mahar
Molaro
Munoz
Myers
Noland
Obama
O'Daniel
Parker
Peterson
Petka
Radogno
Rauschenberger
Ronen
Roskam
Shadid
Shaw
Sieben
Silverstein
Smith
Sullivan
Syverson
Viverito
Walsh, L.
Walsh, T.
Watson
Weaver
Welch

[May 10, 2001]

Woolard
Mr. President

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence in the Senate Amendment adopted thereto.

On motion of Senator Burzynski, House Bill No. 2534 having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: Yeas 55; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Bomke
Bowles
Burzynski
Clayborne
Cronin
Cullerton
DeLeo
del Valle
Demuzio
Dillard
Donahue
Dudycz
Geo-Karis
Halvorson
Hawkinson
Hendon
Jacobs
Jones, W.
Karpziel
Klemm
Lauzen
Link
Luechtefeld
Madigan, L.
Madigan, R.
Mahar
Molaro
Munoz
Myers
Noland
Obama
O'Daniel
Parker
Peterson
Petka
Radogno
Rauschenberger
Ronen
Roskam
Shadid
Shaw

[May 10, 2001]

Sieben
 Silverstein
 Smith
 Sullivan
 Syverson
 Trotter
 Viverito
 Walsh, L.
 Walsh, T.
 Watson
 Weaver
 Welch
 Woolard
 Mr. President

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Sullivan, House Bill No. 2539 having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: Yeas 55; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Bomke
 Bowles
 Burzynski
 Clayborne
 Cronin
 Cullerton
 DeLeo
 del Valle
 Demuzio
 Dillard
 Donahue
 Dudycz
 Geo-Karis
 Halvorson
 Hawkinson
 Hendon
 Jacobs
 Jones, W.
 Karpel
 Klemm
 Lauzen
 Link
 Luechtefeld
 Madigan, L.
 Madigan, R.
 Mahar
 Molaro
 Munoz
 Myers
 Noland

[May 10, 2001]

Obama
 O'Daniel
 Parker
 Peterson
 Petka
 Radogno
 Rauschenberger
 Ronen
 Roskam
 Shadid
 Shaw
 Sieben
 Silverstein
 Smith
 Sullivan
 Syverson
 Trotter
 Viverito
 Walsh, L.
 Walsh, T.
 Watson
 Weaver
 Welch
 Woolard
 Mr. President

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Sieben, House Bill No. 2552 having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: Yeas 55; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Bomke
 Bowles
 Burzynski
 Clayborne
 Cronin
 Cullerton
 DeLeo
 del Valle
 Demuzio
 Dillard
 Donahue
 Dudycz
 Geo-Karis
 Halvorson
 Hawkinson
 Hendon
 Jacobs
 Jones, W.
 Karpel

[May 10, 2001]

Klemm
 Lauzen
 Link
 Luechtefeld
 Madigan, L.
 Madigan, R.
 Mahar
 Molaro
 Munoz
 Myers
 Noland
 Obama
 O'Daniel
 Parker
 Peterson
 Petka
 Radogno
 Rauschenberger
 Ronen
 Roskam
 Shadid
 Shaw
 Sieben
 Silverstein
 Smith
 Sullivan
 Syverson
 Trotter
 Viverito
 Walsh, L.
 Walsh, T.
 Watson
 Weaver
 Welch
 Woolard
 Mr. President

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Philip, House Bill No. 2563 having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: Yeas 55; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Bomke
 Bowles
 Burzynski
 Clayborne
 Cronin
 Cullerton
 DeLeo
 del Valle

[May 10, 2001]

Demuzio
 Dillard
 Donahue
 Dudycz
 Geo-Karis
 Halvorson
 Hawkinson
 Hendon
 Jacobs
 Jones, W.
 Karpziel
 Klemm
 Lauzen
 Link
 Luechtefeld
 Madigan, L.
 Madigan, R.
 Mahar
 Molaro
 Munoz
 Myers
 Noland
 Obama
 O'Daniel
 Parker
 Peterson
 Petka
 Radogno
 Rauschenberger
 Ronen
 Roskam
 Shadid
 Shaw
 Sieben
 Silverstein
 Smith
 Sullivan
 Syverson
 Trotter
 Viverito
 Walsh, L.
 Walsh, T.
 Watson
 Weaver
 Welch
 Woolard
 Mr. President

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Noland, House Bill No. 2566 having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: Yeas 55; Nays None.

[May 10, 2001]

The following voted in the affirmative:

Bomke
Bowles
Burzynski
Clayborne
Cronin
Cullerton
DeLeo
del Valle
Demuzio
Dillard
Donahue
Dudyycz
Geo-Karis
Halvorson
Hawkinson
Hendon
Jacobs
Jones, W.
Karpel
Klemm
Lauzen
Link
Luechtefeld
Madigan, L.
Madigan, R.
Mahar
Molaro
Munoz
Myers
Noland
Obama
O'Daniel
Parker
Peterson
Petka
Radogno
Rauschenberger
Ronen
Roskam
Shadid
Shaw
Sieben
Silverstein
Smith
Sullivan
Syverson
Trotter
Viverito
Walsh, L.
Walsh, T.
Watson
Weaver
Welch
Woolard
Mr. President

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not

[May 10, 2001]

adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Geo-Karis, House Bill No. 3002 having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: Yeas 54; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Bomke
Bowles
Burzynski
Clayborne
Cullerton
DeLeo
del Valle
Demuzio
Dillard
Donahue
Dudycz
Geo-Karis
Halvorson
Hawkinson
Hendon
Jacobs
Jones, W.
Karpel
Klemm
Lauzen
Link
Luechtefeld
Madigan, L.
Madigan, R.
Mahar
Molaro
Munoz
Myers
Noland
Obama
O'Daniel
Parker
Peterson
Petka
Radogno
Rauschenberger
Ronen
Roskam
Shadid
Shaw
Sieben
Silverstein
Smith
Sullivan
Syverson
Trotter
Viverito

[May 10, 2001]

Walsh, L.
Walsh, T.
Watson
Weaver
Welch
Woolard
Mr. President

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Syverson, House Bill No. 3003 having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: Yeas 55; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Bomke
Bowles
Burzynski
Clayborne
Cronin
Cullerton
DeLeo
del Valle
Demuzio
Dillard
Donahue
Dudycz
Geo-Karis
Halvorson
Hawkinson
Hendon
Jacobs
Jones, W.
Karpiel
Klemm
Lauzen
Link
Luechtefeld
Madigan, L.
Madigan, R.
Mahar
Molaro
Munoz
Myers
Noland
Obama
O'Daniel
Parker
Peterson
Petka
Radogno
Rauschenberger

[May 10, 2001]

Ronen
 Roskam
 Shadid
 Shaw
 Sieben
 Silverstein
 Smith
 Sullivan
 Syverson
 Trotter
 Viverito
 Walsh, L.
 Walsh, T.
 Watson
 Weaver
 Welch
 Woolard
 Mr. President

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence in the Senate Amendment adopted thereto.

On motion of Senator R. Madigan, House Bill No. 3004 having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: Yeas 54; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Bomke
 Bowles
 Burzynski
 Clayborne
 Cronin
 Cullerton
 DeLeo
 del Valle
 Demuzio
 Dillard
 Donahue
 Dudycz
 Geo-Karis
 Halvorson
 Hawkinson
 Hendon
 Jacobs
 Jones, W.
 Karpel
 Klemm
 Lauzen
 Link
 Luechtefeld
 Madigan, L.
 Madigan, R.

[May 10, 2001]

Mahar
 Molaro
 Munoz
 Myers
 Noland
 Obama
 O'Daniel
 Parker
 Peterson
 Petka
 Radogno
 Rauschenberger
 Ronen
 Roskam
 Shadid
 Shaw
 Sieben
 Silverstein
 Smith
 Sullivan
 Syverson
 Trotter
 Viverito
 Walsh, L.
 Walsh, T.
 Watson
 Weaver
 Welch
 Woolard

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Donahue, House Bill No. 3071 having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: Yeas 55; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Bomke
 Bowles
 Burzynski
 Clayborne
 Cronin
 Cullerton
 DeLeo
 del Valle
 Demuzio
 Dillard
 Donahue
 Dudycz
 Geo-Karis
 Halvorson
 Hawkinson

[May 10, 2001]

Hendon
 Jacobs
 Jones, W.
 Karpel
 Klemm
 Lauzen
 Link
 Luechtefeld
 Madigan, L.
 Madigan, R.
 Mahar
 Molaro
 Munoz
 Myers
 Noland
 Obama
 O'Daniel
 Parker
 Peterson
 Petka
 Radogno
 Rauschenberger
 Ronen
 Roskam
 Shadid
 Shaw
 Sieben
 Silverstein
 Smith
 Sullivan
 Syverson
 Trotter
 Viverito
 Walsh, L.
 Walsh, T.
 Watson
 Weaver
 Welch
 Woolard
 Mr. President

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

HOUSE BILL RECALLED

On motion of Senator Donahue, House Bill No. 3145 was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Donahue offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 1

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 3145 on page 1, in line 7 by replacing "reimbursement" with "allowance"; and on page 1, by replacing lines 17 through 28 with the following:
"an allowance for food and lodging equal to the amount per day

[May 10, 2001]

permitted to be deducted for such expenses under the Internal Revenue Code, plus a mileage allowance at the rate in effect under regulations promulgated pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 5707(b)(2) for the number of highway miles necessarily and conveniently traveled, for every-20-miles-necessary-travel-in going to the seat of government to give his or her vote and returning to his or her residence and otherwise performing the official duties of an elector, to-be computed-by-the-most-usual-route,-the-sum-of-\$3,- to be paid on the warrant of the State Comptroller, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, and any person appointed by the electors assembled to fill a vacancy shall also receive the allowances compensation provided for electors".

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was returned to the order of third reading.

READING BILLS FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Sieben, House Bill No. 3204 having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: Yeas 55; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Bomke
Bowles
Burzynski
Clayborne
Cronin
Cullerton
DeLeo
del Valle
Demuzio
Dillard
Donahue
Dudycz
Geo-Karis
Halvorson
Hawkinson
Hendon
Jacobs
Jones, W.
Karpel
Klemm
Lauzen
Link
Luechtefeld
Madigan, L.
Madigan, R.
Mahar
Molaro
Munoz
Myers
Noland

[May 10, 2001]

Obama
 O'Daniel
 Parker
 Peterson
 Petka
 Radogno
 Rauschenberger
 Ronen
 Roskam
 Shadid
 Shaw
 Sieben
 Silverstein
 Smith
 Sullivan
 Syverson
 Trotter
 Viverito
 Walsh, L.
 Walsh, T.
 Watson
 Weaver
 Welch
 Woolard
 Mr. President

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence in the Senate Amendment adopted thereto.

On motion of Senator T. Walsh, House Bill No. 3209 having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: Yeas 55; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Bomke
 Bowles
 Burzynski
 Clayborne
 Cronin
 Cullerton
 DeLeo
 del Valle
 Demuzio
 Dillard
 Donahue
 Dudycz
 Geo-Karis
 Halvorson
 Hawkinson
 Hendon
 Jacobs
 Jones, W.

[May 10, 2001]

Karpel
 Klemm
 Lauzen
 Link
 Luechtefeld
 Madigan, L.
 Madigan, R.
 Mahar
 Molaro
 Munoz
 Myers
 Noland
 Obama
 O'Daniel
 Parker
 Peterson
 Petka
 Radogno
 Rauschenberger
 Ronen
 Roskam
 Shadid
 Shaw
 Sieben
 Silverstein
 Smith
 Sullivan
 Syverson
 Trotter
 Viverito
 Walsh, L.
 Walsh, T.
 Watson
 Weaver
 Welch
 Woolard
 Mr. President

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Peterson, House Bill No. 3214 having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: Yeas 53; Nays 2.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Bomke
 Bowles
 Burzynski
 Clayborne
 Cronin
 Cullerton
 DeLeo

[May 10, 2001]

del Valle
Dillard
Donahue
Dudycz
Geo-Karis
Halvorson
Hawkinson
Hendon
Jacobs
Jones, W.
Karpziel
Klemm
Lauzen
Link
Luechtefeld
Madigan, L.
Madigan, R.
Mahar
Molaro
Munoz
Myers
Noland
Obama
O'Daniel
Parker
Peterson
Petka
Radogno
Rauschenberger
Ronen
Roskam
Shadid
Shaw
Sieben
Silverstein
Smith
Sullivan
Syverson
Trotter
Viverito
Walsh, L.
Walsh, T.
Watson
Weaver
Woolard
Mr. President

The following voted in the negative:

Demuzio
Welch

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence in the Senate Amendment adopted thereto.

On motion of Senator Noland, House Bill No. 3246 having been
[May 10, 2001]

printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: Yeas 52; Nays 1.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Bomke
Bowles
Burzynski
Clayborne
Cullerton
DeLeo
del Valle
Demuzio
Dillard
Donahue
Dudycz
Geo-Karis
Halvorson
Hawkinson
Hendon
Jacobs
Jones, W.
Karpel
Klemm
Lauzen
Link
Luechtefeld
Madigan, L.
Madigan, R.
Mahar
Molaro
Munoz
Myers
Noland
Obama
O'Daniel
Parker
Peterson
Petka
Radogno
Ronen
Roskam
Shadid
Shaw
Sieben
Silverstein
Smith
Sullivan
Syverson
Trotter
Viverito
Walsh, L.
Walsh, T.
Watson
Weaver
Welch
Woolard

[May 10, 2001]

The following voted in the negative:

Rauschenberger

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Rauschenberger, House Bill No. 3264 having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: Yeas 55; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Bomke
Bowles
Burzynski
Clayborne
Cronin
Cullerton
DeLeo
del Valle
Demuzio
Dillard
Donahue
Dudycz
Geo-Karis
Halvorson
Hawkinson
Hendon
Jacobs
Jones, W.
Karpziel
Klemm
Lauzen
Link
Luechtefeld
Madigan, L.
Madigan, R.
Mahar
Molaro
Munoz
Myers
Noland
Obama
O'Daniel
Parker
Peterson
Petka
Radogno
Rauschenberger
Ronen
Roskam
Shadid
Shaw

[May 10, 2001]

Sieben
Silverstein
Smith
Sullivan
Syverson
Trotter
Viverito
Walsh, L.
Walsh, T.
Watson
Weaver
Welch
Woolard
Mr. President

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

At the hour of 1:06 o'clock p.m., Senator Karpziel presiding.

On motion of Senator Bowles, House Bill No. 3377 having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: Yeas 38; Nays 16; Present 1.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Bomke
Bowles
Burzynski
Clayborne
Cullerton
DeLeo
del Valle
Demuzio
Dillard
Donahue
Geo-Karis
Halvorson
Hendon
Jacobs
Luechtefeld
Madigan, L.
Madigan, R.
Molaro
Munoz
Myers
Noland
Obama
O'Daniel
Radogno
Ronen
Shadid
Shaw
Sieben

[May 10, 2001]

Silverstein
Smith
Trotter
Viverito
Walsh, L.
Walsh, T.
Watson
Weaver
Woolard
Mr. President

The following voted in the negative:

Cronin
Hawkinson
Jones, W.
Klemm
Lauzen
Link
Mahar
O'Malley
Parker
Peterson
Petka
Rauschenberger
Roskam
Sullivan
Syverson
Welch

The following voted present:

Karpiel

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Myers, House Bill No. 27 having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: Yeas 54; Nays 1.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Bomke
Bowles
Burzynski
Clayborne
Cronin
Cullerton
DeLeo
del Valle
Demuzio
Dillard
Donahue

[May 10, 2001]

Dudycz
Geo-Karis
Halvorson
Hawkinson
Hendon
Jacobs
Jones, W.
Karpel
Klemm
Lauzen
Link
Luechtefeld
Madigan, L.
Madigan, R.
Mahar
Molaro
Munoz
Myers
Noland
Obama
O'Daniel
Parker
Peterson
Petka
Radogno
Rauschenberger
Ronen
Roskam
Shadid
Sieben
Silverstein
Smith
Sullivan
Syverson
Trotter
Viverito
Walsh, L.
Walsh, T.
Watson
Weaver
Welch
Woolard
Mr. President

The following voted in the negative:

Shaw

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence in the Senate Amendment adopted thereto.

On motion of Senator Dillard, House Bill No. 126 having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in

[May 10, 2001]

the affirmative by the following vote: Yeas 51; Nays 1; Present 3.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Bomke
Bowles
Burzynski
Clayborne
Cronin
DeLeo
del Valle
Demuzio
Dillard
Donahue
Dudycz
Geo-Karis
Halvorson
Hawkinson
Hendon
Jacobs
Jones, W.
Karpel
Klemm
Lauzen
Link
Luechtefeld
Madigan, L.
Madigan, R.
Mahar
Munoz
Myers
Noland
O'Daniel
O'Malley
Parker
Peterson
Petka
Radogno
Rauschenberger
Roskam
Shadid
Sieben
Silverstein
Smith
Sullivan
Syverson
Trotter
Viverito
Walsh, L.
Walsh, T.
Watson
Weaver
Welch
Woolard
Mr. President

The following voted in the negative:

Molaro

[May 10, 2001]

The following voted present:

Cullerton
Obama
Ronen

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Burzynski, House Bill No. 155 having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: Yeas 52; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Bomke
Bowles
Burzynski
Clayborne
Cullerton
DeLeo
del Valle
Demuzio
Dillard
Dudycz
Geo-Karis
Halvorson
Hawkinson
Hendon
Jacobs
Jones, W.
Karpel
Lauzen
Link
Luechtefeld
Madigan, L.
Madigan, R.
Mahar
Molaro
Munoz
Myers
Noland
Obama
O'Daniel
O'Malley
Parker
Peterson
Petka
Radogno
Rauschenberger
Ronen
Roskam
Shadid
Sieben

[May 10, 2001]

Silverstein
 Smith
 Sullivan
 Syverson
 Trotter
 Viverito
 Walsh, L.
 Walsh, T.
 Watson
 Weaver
 Welch
 Woolard
 Mr. President

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Demuzio, House Bill No. 161 having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: Yeas 56; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Bomke
 Bowles
 Burzynski
 Clayborne
 Cronin
 Cullerton
 DeLeo
 del Valle
 Demuzio
 Dillard
 Donahue
 Dudyycz
 Geo-Karis
 Halvorson
 Hawkinson
 Hendon
 Jacobs
 Jones, W.
 Karpel
 Klemm
 Lauzen
 Link
 Luechtefeld
 Madigan, L.
 Madigan, R.
 Mahar
 Molaro
 Munoz
 Myers
 Noland
 Obama

[May 10, 2001]

O'Daniel
 O'Malley
 Parker
 Peterson
 Petka
 Radogno
 Rauschenberger
 Ronen
 Roskam
 Shadid
 Shaw
 Sieben
 Silverstein
 Smith
 Sullivan
 Syverson
 Trotter
 Viverito
 Walsh, L.
 Walsh, T.
 Watson
 Weaver
 Welch
 Woolard
 Mr. President

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence in the Senate Amendment adopted thereto.

HOUSE BILL RECALLED

On motion of Senator Sieben, House Bill No. 176 was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Sieben offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 2

AMENDMENT NO. 2. Amend House Bill 176 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the Restricted Call Registry Act.

Section 5. Definitions. As used in this Act:

(a) "Residential subscriber" means a person or spouse who has subscribed to residential telephone service from a local exchange company, a guardian of the person or the person's spouse, or an individual who has power of attorney from or an authorized agent of the person or the person's spouse.

(b) "Established business relationship" means the existence of an oral or written arrangement, agreement, contract, or other legal state of affairs between a person or entity and an existing customer under which both parties have a course of conduct or established pattern of activity for commercial or mercantile purposes and for the benefit or profit of both parties. A pattern of activity does not necessarily mean multiple previous contacts. The established business relationship must exist between the existing customer and the person

[May 10, 2001]

or entity directly, and does not extend to any related business entity or other business organization of the person or entity or related to the person or entity or the person or entity's agent including but not limited to a parent corporation, subsidiary partnership, company or other corporation or affiliate.

(c) "Existing customer" means an individual who has either:

(1) entered into a transaction, agreement, contract, or other legal state of affairs between a person or entity and a residential subscriber under which the payment or exchange of consideration for any goods or services has taken place within the preceding 18 months or has been arranged to take place at a future time; or

(2) opened or maintained a debit account, credit card account, or other revolving credit or discount program offered by the person or entity and has not requested the person or entity to close such account or terminate such program.

(d) "Registry" means the Restricted Call Registry established under this Act.

(e) "Telephone solicitation" means any voice communication over a telephone line from a live operator, through the use of an autodialer or autodialer system, as defined in Section 5 of the Automatic Telephone Dialers Act, or by other means for the purpose of encouraging the purchase or rental of, or investment in, property, goods, or services, but does not include communications:

(1) to any residential subscriber with that subscriber's prior express invitation or permission when a voluntary 2-way communication between a person or entity and a residential subscriber has occurred with or without an exchange of consideration;

(2) by or on behalf of any person or entity with whom a residential subscriber has an established business relationship which has not been terminated in writing by either party and which is related to the nature of the established business relationship;

(3) by or on behalf of any person or entity with whom a residential subscriber is an existing customer, unless the customer has stated to the person or entity or the person or entity's agent that he or she no longer wishes to receive the telemarketing sales calls of the person or entity, or unless the nature of the call is unrelated to the established business relationship with the existing customer;

(4) by or on behalf of an entity organized under Section 501(c)(3), 501(c)(4), or 501(c)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code, while the entity is engaged in fundraising to support the charitable or not-for-profit purpose for which the entity was established;

(5) by or on behalf of a person licensed by the State of Illinois to carry out a trade, occupation, or profession who either:

(A) is setting or attempting to set a face to face appointment for actions relating to that licensed trade, occupation, or profession within this State; or

(B) is encouraging or attempting to encourage the purchase or rental of, or investment in, property, goods, or services, which cannot be completed, and for which payment or authorization of payment is not required, until after a written or electronic agreement is signed by the residential subscriber; or

(6) until July 1, 2005, by or on behalf of any entity over which the Federal Communications Commission or the Illinois

Commerce Commission has regulatory authority to the extent that, subject to that authority, the entity is required to maintain a license, permit, or certificate to sell or provide telecommunications service, as defined in Section 13-203 of the Public Utilities Act, while the entity is engaged in telephone solicitation for inter-exchange telecommunications service, as defined in Section 13-205 of the Public Utilities Act, or local exchange telecommunications service, as defined in Section 13-204 of the Public Utilities Act.

Section 10. Prohibited calls. Beginning July 1, 2002, no person or entity may make or cause to be made any telephone solicitation calls to any residential subscriber more than 45 days after the residential subscriber's telephone number or numbers first appear on the Registry.

Section 15. Complaints. The Illinois Commerce Commission shall receive telephone solicitation complaints from residential subscribers to object to such calls. Complaints shall be taken by any means deemed appropriate by the Illinois Commerce Commission. Complaints against persons or entities that are licensed, certificated, or permitted by a State or federal agency shall be forwarded for investigation by the Illinois Commerce Commission to the appropriate agency if the respective agency has the power to investigate such matters. All other complaints shall be investigated by the Illinois Commerce Commission. The standards for referrals and investigations shall be set forth in rules adopted by the Illinois Commerce Commission.

Section 20. Registry; establishment and maintenance.

(a) The Illinois Commerce Commission shall establish and provide for the operation of a Restricted Call Registry, which shall contain a list of the telephone numbers of residential subscribers who do not wish to receive telephone solicitation calls. The Illinois Commerce Commission may contract with a private vendor to establish and maintain the Registry if the contract requires the vendor to provide the Registry in a printed hard copy format, in an electronic format, and in any other format prescribed by the Illinois Commerce Commission.

(b) No later than January 1, 2002, the Illinois Commerce Commission shall adopt rules consistent with this Act that the Illinois Commerce Commission deems necessary and appropriate to fully implement this Act. The rules shall include, at a minimum, methods by which any person or entity desiring to make telephone solicitation calls may obtain access to the Registry to avoid calling the telephone numbers of residential subscribers included in the Registry.

(c) The fee for obtaining the Registry shall be set forth in rules adopted by the Illinois Commerce Commission. The fee may not exceed \$500 annually. All copies requested in a printed hard copy format shall be assessed a per page fee to be determined by rules adopted by the Illinois Commerce Commission.

(d) The Illinois Commerce Commission shall update the Registry and make information in the Registry available on a quarterly basis in an electronic format and, if deemed appropriate by the Illinois Commerce Commission, in one or more other formats.

(e) If the Federal Communications Commission or Federal Trade Commission establishes a single national database of telephone numbers of subscribers who object to receiving telephone solicitations under Title 47, Section 227(c)(3) of the United States Code, this State shall discontinue the Registry.

(f) Information in the Registry is confidential and shall be afforded reasonable privacy protection except as necessary for

[May 10, 2001]

compliance with Sections 10 and 25 and this Section or in a proceeding or action under Section 35 or 40. The information is not a public record under the Freedom of Information Act.

(g) The Illinois Commerce Commission shall periodically obtain subscription listings of residential subscribers in this State who have arranged to be included in any national do-not-call list and add those names to the Registry.

Section 25. Enrollment.

(a) The Illinois Commerce Commission shall provide notice to residential subscribers of the establishment of the Registry.

(b) The Illinois Commerce Commission shall establish any method deemed appropriate for a residential subscriber to notify the Illinois Commerce Commission that the residential subscriber wishes to be included in the Registry.

(c) There shall be no cost to a residential subscriber for inclusion in the Registry.

(d) A residential subscriber in the Registry shall be deleted from the Registry upon the residential subscriber's written request.

(e) Enrollment in the Registry is effective from the start of the quarter following the date of enrollment for a term of 5 years or until the residential subscriber disconnects or changes his or her telephone number, whichever occurs first. The residential subscriber is responsible for notifying the Illinois Commerce Commission of any changes in his or her telephone number. The Illinois Commerce Commission shall use its best efforts to notify enrolled residential subscribers before the end of the 5-year enrollment term of the option to re-enroll. Residential subscribers who do not re-enroll before the end of the 5-year term shall be removed from the Registry.

Section 30. Public notification. The Illinois Commerce Commission shall work with local exchange telecommunications companies to disseminate to their customers information about the availability of and instructions for requesting educational literature from the Illinois Commerce Commission. The Illinois Commerce Commission may enter into agreements with those companies for the dissemination of the educational literature. Telecommunications companies shall disseminate the educational literature at least once per year in both a message contained in customers' bills and a notice in the information section of all telephone directories distributed to customers. The Illinois Commerce Commission shall include, on its Internet web site, information to customers regarding their right to be included in the Registry and the various methods, including notice to the Illinois Commerce Commission, of being included in the Registry. The Illinois Commerce Commission shall have this literature developed for dissemination to the public no later than March 1, 2002.

Section 35. Violation; relief.

(a) The Illinois Commerce Commission may initiate administrative proceedings in accordance with rules adopted under this Act relating to a knowing and willful violation of Section 10.

(b) If it is determined after a hearing that a person has knowingly and willfully violated one or more provisions of this Section, the Illinois Commerce Commission may assess a fine not to exceed \$2,500 for each violation.

(c) Any proceeding conducted under this Section is subject to the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act.

(d) Nothing in this Section may be construed to restrict any right that any person may have under any other law or at common law.

(e) No action or proceeding may be brought under this Section:

(1) more than one year after the person bringing the action knew or should have known of the occurrence of the alleged

violation; or

(2) more than one year after the termination of any proceeding or action arising out of the same violation or violations by the State of Illinois, whichever is later.

(f) The remedies, duties, prohibition, and penalties in this Act are not exclusive and are in addition to all other causes of action, remedies, and penalties provided by law.

(g) There is created in the State treasury a special fund to be known as the Restricted Call Registry Fund. All fees and fines collected in the administration and enforcement of this Act shall be deposited into the Fund. Moneys in the Fund shall, subject to appropriation, be used by the Illinois Commerce Commission for implementation, administration, and enforcement of this Act.

Section 40. Exemption. A person or entity may not be held liable for violating this Act if:

(1) the person or entity has obtained copies of the Registry and each updated Registry from the Illinois Commerce Commission and has established and implemented written policies and procedures related to the requirements of this Act;

(2) the person or entity has trained its personnel in the requirements of this Act;

(3) the person or entity maintains records demonstrating compliance with subdivisions (1) and (2) of this Section and the requirements of this Act; and

(4) any subsequent telephone solicitation is the result of error.

Section 90. The State Finance Act is amended by adding Section 5.545 as follows:

(30 ILCS 105/5.545 new)

Sec. 5.545. The Restricted Call Registry Fund.

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law."

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was returned to the order of third reading.

READING BILLS FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Luechtefeld, House Bill No. 181 having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: Yeas 56; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Bomke
Bowles
Burzynski
Clayborne
Cronin
Cullerton
DeLeo
del Valle
Demuzio
Dillard

[May 10, 2001]

Donahue
 Dudycz
 Geo-Karis
 Halvorson
 Hawkinson
 Hendon
 Jacobs
 Jones, W.
 Karpziel
 Klemm
 Lauzen
 Link
 Luechtefeld
 Madigan, L.
 Madigan, R.
 Mahar
 Molaro
 Munoz
 Myers
 Noland
 Obama
 O'Daniel
 O'Malley
 Parker
 Peterson
 Petka
 Radogno
 Rauschenberger
 Ronen
 Roskam
 Shadid
 Shaw
 Sieben
 Silverstein
 Smith
 Sullivan
 Syverson
 Trotter
 Viverito
 Walsh, L.
 Walsh, T.
 Watson
 Weaver
 Welch
 Woolard
 Mr. President

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Burzynski, House Bill No. 205 having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: Yeas 56; Nays None.

[May 10, 2001]

The following voted in the affirmative:

Bomke
Bowles
Burzynski
Clayborne
Cronin
Cullerton
DeLeo
del Valle
Demuzio
Dillard
Donahue
Dudyycz
Geo-Karis
Halvorson
Hawkinson
Hendon
Jacobs
Jones, W.
Karpel
Klemm
Lauzen
Link
Luechtefeld
Madigan, L.
Madigan, R.
Mahar
Molaro
Munoz
Myers
Noland
Obama
O'Daniel
O'Malley
Parker
Peterson
Petka
Radogno
Rauschenberger
Ronen
Roskam
Shadid
Shaw
Sieben
Silverstein
Smith
Sullivan
Syverson
Trotter
Viverito
Walsh, L.
Walsh, T.
Watson
Weaver
Welch
Woolard
Mr. President

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority

[May 10, 2001]

of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Ronen, House Bill No. 447 having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: Yeas 55; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Bomke
Bowles
Burzynski
Clayborne
Cronin
Cullerton
DeLeo
del Valle
Demuzio
Dillard
Donahue
Dudycz
Geo-Karis
Halvorson
Hawkinson
Hendon
Jacobs
Jones, W.
Karpel
Klemm
Lauzen
Link
Luechtefeld
Madigan, L.
Madigan, R.
Mahar
Molaro
Munoz
Myers
Noland
Obama
O'Daniel
O'Malley
Parker
Peterson
Petka
Radogno
Rauschenberger
Ronen
Roskam
Shadid
Shaw
Sieben
Silverstein
Smith
Sullivan

[May 10, 2001]

Syverson
Trotter
Viverito
Walsh, L.
Walsh, T.
Watson
Weaver
Welch
Woolard

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Watson, House Bill No. 476 having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: Yeas 56; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Bomke
Bowles
Burzynski
Clayborne
Cronin
Cullerton
DeLeo
del Valle
Demuzio
Dillard
Donahue
Dudycz
Geo-Karis
Halvorson
Hawkinson
Hendon
Jacobs
Jones, W.
Karpel
Klemm
Lauzen
Link
Luechtefeld
Madigan, L.
Madigan, R.
Mahar
Molaro
Munoz
Myers
Noland
Obama
O'Daniel
O'Malley
Parker
Peterson

[May 10, 2001]

Petka
 Radogno
 Rauschenberger
 Ronen
 Roskam
 Shadid
 Shaw
 Sieben
 Silverstein
 Smith
 Sullivan
 Syverson
 Trotter
 Viverito
 Walsh, L.
 Walsh, T.
 Watson
 Weaver
 Welch
 Woolard
 Mr. President

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Donahue, House Bill No. 1696 having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: Yeas 54; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Bomke
 Bowles
 Burzynski
 Clayborne
 Cullerton
 DeLeo
 del Valle
 Demuzio
 Dillard
 Donahue
 Dudycz
 Geo-Karis
 Halvorson
 Hawkinson
 Hendon
 Jacobs
 Jones, W.
 Karpel
 Klemm
 Lauzen
 Link
 Luechtefeld
 Madigan, L.

[May 10, 2001]

Madigan, R.
 Mahar
 Molaro
 Munoz
 Myers
 Noland
 Obama
 O'Daniel
 O'Malley
 Parker
 Peterson
 Petka
 Radogno
 Ronen
 Roskam
 Shadid
 Shaw
 Sieben
 Silverstein
 Smith
 Sullivan
 Syverson
 Trotter
 Viverito
 Walsh, L.
 Walsh, T.
 Watson
 Weaver
 Welch
 Woolard
 Mr. President

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

PRESENTATION OF RESOLUTIONS

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 138

Offered by Senators Demuzio - E. Jones and all Senators:
 Mourns the death of Sharon J. Tarter of Winfield.

The foregoing resolution was referred to the Resolutions Consent Calendar.

Senators L. Madigan - Cronin offered the following Senate Resolution, which was referred to the Committee on Rules:

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 139

WHEREAS, The quality of education of Illinois' children continues to be a high priority of the State; and

WHEREAS, The State of Illinois values the commitment and dedication of the men and women comprising the State's quality teaching and administrative force; and

WHEREAS, Illinois schools are experiencing a shortage of teachers in a wide variety of areas from early childhood through high school with very serious shortages in particular subject areas; and

[May 10, 2001]

WHEREAS, The State Board of Education reports that 2,637 teaching and administrative positions were unfilled in the fall of 2000; and

WHEREAS, Approximately 29,895 teachers and administrators will be eligible to retire by 2003; and

WHEREAS, Many school districts have difficulty recruiting and retaining high-quality teachers and administrators for low-performing schools, for pupils with special needs, and for schools serving rural areas or large populations of pupils from low-income and minority families; and

WHEREAS, Many factors contribute to rising teacher and administrator shortages and attrition rates including labor market forces, compensation, and working conditions in schools throughout the State; therefore, be it

RESOLVED, BY THE SENATE OF THE NINETY-SECOND GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, that the Office of the Governor, the State Board of Education, the Board of Higher Education, the Illinois Community College Board, the Illinois Student Assistance Commission, and the Federation of Independent Illinois Colleges and Universities shall work in concert with the Teachers' Retirement System, the Chicago Public Schools, various business organizations, and major teacher and administrator associations to develop a strategic plan for the State of Illinois to assist school districts in responding to the need for recruiting and retaining high-quality teachers in all geographic regions of the State and throughout all subject areas; and be it further

RESOLVED, That a report shall be filed with the General Assembly by October 15, 2001, recommending actions to be included in the State's FY 2003 budget related to teacher shortages; and be it further

RESOLVED, That a suitable copy of this resolution be delivered to the Office of the Governor, the State Board of Education, the Board of Higher Education, the Illinois Community College Board, the Federation of Independent Illinois Colleges and Universities, the Illinois Student Assistance Commission, and the Teachers' Retirement System.

Senator Parker offered the following Senate Resolution, which was referred to the Committee on Rules:

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 140

WHEREAS, Senate Resolution 41 of the 91st General Assembly created the Mental Health Evaluation and Treatment Task Force to examine the laws of this State to determine whether this State is fulfilling its responsibilities towards its citizens who may need mental health evaluation and treatment; and Senate Resolution 203 of the 91st General Assembly reconvened that Task Force to determine way to improve the treatment of persons with mental illness who are confined in pre-trial detention facilities; and

WHEREAS, The laws of this State should also be examined to determine ways to improve the treatment of persons with mental illness in the juvenile justice system; therefore, be it

RESOLVED, BY THE SENATE OF THE NINETY-SECOND GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, that the members appointed to the Mental Health Evaluation and Treatment Task Force created by Senate Resolution 41 of the 91st General Assembly shall reconvene to examine Illinois laws to determine ways to improve the treatment of persons with mental illness in the juvenile justice system; and be it further

RESOLVED, That for the purpose of examining Illinois laws pursuant to this resolution, the Task Force shall consist of the following additional members: the Director of Corrections or his or

[May 10, 2001]

her designee; the State Appellate Defender of his or her designee; a representative of the Illinois Sheriffs' Association; a representative of the John Howard Association; a representative of the Juvenile Justice Project of the University of Chicago Law School, a representative of the Juvenile Justice Initiative; a representative of the Illinois Public Defenders Association; and a representative of the Clinical Evaluation Services Initiative; and be it further

RESOLVED, That the Task Force shall report its recommendations for the legislature pursuant to this resolution to the Senate no later than January 1, 2002; and be it further

RESOLVED, That a suitable copy of this resolution shall be presented to each member of the Task Force.

MESSAGES FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

A message from the House by

Mr. Rossi, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 15

A bill for AN ACT concerning taxation.

Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 15

Passed the House, as amended, May 10, 2001.

ANTHONY D. ROSSI, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 15

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 15 on page 1, by replacing lines 10 through 12 as follows:

"organization that on December 31, 1926 had its national headquarters in Illinois or that was chartered in Illinois in July 1896, or its subordinate organization or entity, that is exempt under Section 501(c)(8) of".

Under the rules, the foregoing Senate Bill No. 15, with House Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary's Desk.

A message from the House by

Mr. Rossi, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 64

A bill for AN ACT in relation to vehicles.

Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 64

Passed the House, as amended, May 10, 2001.

ANTHONY D. ROSSI, Clerk of the House

[May 10, 2001]

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 64

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 64 as follows:
 on page 1, by deleting lines 4 through 31; and
 on page 2, by deleting lines 1 through 11; and
 on page 2, by replacing line 13 with "changing Sections 11-501 and
 16-104b as follows:" and
 on page 8, below line 5, by inserting the following:
 "(625 ILCS 5/16-104b)

Sec. 16-104b. Amounts for Trauma Center Fund. In counties that have elected not to distribute moneys under the disbursement formulas in Sections 27.5 and 27.6 of the Clerks of Courts Act, the Circuit Clerk of the County, when collecting fees, fines, costs, additional penalties, bail balances assessed or forfeited, and any other amount imposed upon a conviction of or an order of supervision for a violation of laws or ordinances regulating the movement of traffic that amounts to \$55 or more, shall remit \$5 of the total amount collected, less 2 1/2% of the \$5 to help defray the administrative costs incurred by the Clerk, except that upon a conviction or order of supervision for driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs the Clerk shall remit ~~\$105~~ \$30 of the total amount collected (\$5 for a traffic violation that amounts to \$55 or more and an additional fee of ~~\$100~~ \$25 to be collected by the Circuit Clerk for a conviction or order of supervision for driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs), less the 2 1/2%, within 60 days to the State Treasurer to be deposited into the Trauma Center Fund. Of the amounts deposited into the Trauma Center Fund under this Section, 50% shall be disbursed to the Department of Public Health and 50% shall be disbursed to the Department of Public Aid. Not later than March 1 of each year the Circuit Clerk shall submit a report of the amount of funds remitted to the State Treasurer under this Section during the preceding calendar year.

(Source: P.A. 88-667, eff. 9-16-94; 89-105, eff. 1-1-96.)".

Under the rules, the foregoing Senate Bill No. 64, with House Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary's Desk.

A message from the House by

Mr. Rossi, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 213

A bill for AN ACT concerning agriculture.

Together with the following amendments which are attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 213

House Amendment No. 2 to SENATE BILL NO. 213

House Amendment No. 3 to SENATE BILL NO. 213

Passed the House, as amended, May 10, 2001.

ANTHONY D. ROSSI, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 213

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 213 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Illinois Commercial Feed Act of 1961 is amended by adding Section 9.5 as follows:

[May 10, 2001]

(505 ILCS 30/9.5 new)

Sec. 9.5. Inspection of facilities handling protein derived from mammalian tissues.

(a) As used in this Section, the terms "protein derived from mammalian tissues" and "renderer" have the meanings given in 21 CFR Part 589 (Substances Prohibited from Use in Animal Food or Feed).

(b) The Department shall inspect facilities that handle, process, mix, or manufacture any commercial feed or feed ingredient containing protein derived from mammalian tissues, as follows:

(1) In the case of a facility operated by a renderer, at least twice per year, and more often if the Department determines that more frequent inspection is necessary to ensure compliance with this Act or the requirements of federal law.

(2) In the case of a facility not operated by a renderer, at least once per year, and more often if the Department determines that more frequent inspection is necessary to ensure compliance with this Act or the requirements of federal law.

At each such inspection, the Department shall inspect for any violation of State or federal law relating to the handling, processing, mixing, or manufacture of commercial feed or feed ingredients containing protein derived from mammalian tissues and may inspect for any other violation of this Act or the rules adopted under this Act.

(c) A facility that handles, processes, mixes, or manufactures commercial feed or feed ingredients, but does not handle, process, mix, or manufacture any commercial feed or feed ingredient that contains protein derived from mammalian tissues, is exempt from the inspection requirements of this Section if an affidavit is submitted annually to the Department, signed by the owner or chief operating officer of the facility, stating under oath that the facility does not handle, mix, process, mix, or manufacture any commercial feed or feed ingredient that contains protein derived from mammalian tissues. If the affidavit is not submitted, the facility is subject to inspection in the same manner as facilities subject to subsection (b).

If at any time after submitting an affidavit under this subsection a facility handles, processes, mixes, or manufactures any commercial feed or feed ingredient containing protein derived from mammalian tissues, the owner or chief operating officer of the facility must so notify the Department within 7 days, and the facility shall thereafter be subject to the inspection requirements of subsection (b).

(d) Except as otherwise authorized or required by State or federal law, the inspection requirements imposed by this Section terminate 3 years after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly.

(e) The Department shall adopt any rules necessary to implement this Section.

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law."

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO SENATE BILL 213

AMENDMENT NO. 2. Amend Senate Bill 213, AS AMENDED, with reference to the page and line numbers of House Amendment No. 1, on page 1, in line 13, before "that", by inserting "of persons subject to licensure under Section 4 of this Act".

AMENDMENT NO. 3 TO SENATE BILL 213

AMENDMENT NO. 3. Amend Senate Bill 213, AS AMENDED, by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

[May 10, 2001]

"Section 5. The Illinois Commercial Feed Act of 1961 is amended by adding Section 9.5 as follows:

(505 ILCS 30/9.5 new)

Sec. 9.5. Inspection of facilities processing protein derived from mammalian tissues.

(a) As used in this Section, the terms "protein derived from mammalian tissues" and "renderer" have the meanings given in 21 CFR Part 589 (Substances Prohibited from Use in Animal Food or Feed).

(b) The Department shall inspect facilities of persons subject to licensure under Section 4 of this Act that process, mix, or manufacture any commercial feed or feed ingredient containing protein derived from mammalian tissues, as follows:

(1) In the case of a facility operated by a renderer, at least twice per year, and more often if the Department determines that more frequent inspection is necessary to ensure compliance with this Act or the requirements of federal law.

(2) In the case of a facility not operated by a renderer, at least once per year, and more often if the Department determines that more frequent inspection is necessary to ensure compliance with this Act or the requirements of federal law.

At each such inspection, the Department shall inspect for any violation of State or federal law relating to the processing, mixing, or manufacture of commercial feed or feed ingredients containing protein derived from mammalian tissues and may inspect for any other violation of this Act or the rules adopted under this Act.

(c) A facility that processes, mixes, or manufactures commercial feed or feed ingredients, but does not process, mix, or manufacture any commercial feed or feed ingredient that contains protein derived from mammalian tissues, is exempt from the inspection requirements of this Section if an affidavit is submitted annually to the Department, signed by the owner or chief operating officer of the facility, stating under oath that the facility does not process, mix, or manufacture any commercial feed or feed ingredient that contains protein derived from mammalian tissues. If the affidavit is not submitted, the facility is subject to inspection in the same manner as facilities subject to subsection (b).

If at any time after submitting an affidavit under this subsection a facility processes, mixes, or manufactures any commercial feed or feed ingredient containing protein derived from mammalian tissues, the owner or chief operating officer of the facility must so notify the Department within 7 days, and the facility shall thereafter be subject to the inspection requirements of subsection (b).

(d) Except as otherwise authorized or required by State or federal law, the inspection requirements imposed by this Section terminate 3 years after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly.

(e) The Department shall adopt any rules necessary to implement this Section.

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law."

Under the rules, the foregoing Senate Bill No. 213, with House Amendments numbered 1, 2 and 3, was referred to the Secretary's Desk.

A message from the House by

Mr. Rossi, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

[May 10, 2001]

SENATE BILL NO. 265

A bill for AN ACT concerning criminal law.

Together with the following amendments which are attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 265
House Amendment No. 2 to SENATE BILL NO. 265

Passed the House, as amended, May 10, 2001.

ANTHONY D. ROSSI, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 265

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 265 as follows:
on page 1, by inserting after line 18 the following:

"Section 10. The Illinois Controlled Substances Act is amended by adding Section 407.3 as follows:
(720 ILCS 570/ 407.3 new)

Sec. 407.3. Presence of a person under 18 during illegal delivery of controlled, counterfeit, or look-alike substance. A person 18 years of age or over who violates Section 401, 404, or 405 of this Act and who during the commission of the offense knowingly causes a person under 18 years of age to witness the commission of the offense is guilty of a Class 1 felony."

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO SENATE BILL 265

AMENDMENT NO. 2. Amend Senate Bill 265, AS AMENDED, with reference to the page and line numbers of House Amendment No. 1, on page 1, lines 7 and 11, by changing "18" wherever it appears to "13".

Under the rules, the foregoing Senate Bill No. 265, with House Amendments numbered 1 and 2, was referred to the Secretary's Desk.

A message from the House by

Mr. Rossi, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 333

A bill for AN ACT concerning insurance.

Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 333

Passed the House, as amended, May 10, 2001.

ANTHONY D. ROSSI, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 333

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 333 on page 2, line 10, by changing "entity" to "entity, other than a financial institution as defined in Section 1402 of this Code,"; and

on page 2 by replacing lines 15, 16, and 17 with the following:

"or by providing such information to others, without, separate from the general agency"; and

on page 2 by deleting lines 24 through 28; and

on page 4 by inserting immediately below line 10 the following:

"(e) Nothing in this Section prevents a financial institution,

[May 10, 2001]

as defined in Section 1402 of this Code, from obtaining from the insured, the insurer, or the registered firm the expiration dates of an insurance policy placed on collateral or otherwise used as security in connection with a loan made or serviced by the financial institution when the financial institution requires the expiration dates for evidence of insurance.

(f) For purposes of this Section, "financial institution" does not include an insurance company, registered firm, managing general agent, surplus lines broker, wholesale broker, group self-funded insurance fund, or third-party administrator."; and on page 4, line 11, by changing "(e)" to "(g)"; and on page 4, line 13, by changing "(f)" to "(h)".

Under the rules, the foregoing Senate Bill No. 333, with House Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary's Desk.

A message from the House by
Mr. Rossi, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 401

A bill for AN ACT to amend certain Acts in relation to mentally retarded persons.

Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 401

Passed the House, as amended, May 10, 2001.

ANTHONY D. ROSSI, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 401

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 401 as follows:

on page 24, line 22, by adding "and by adding Section 102-23" after "115-10"; and

on page 24, by inserting between lines 22 and 23 the following:

"(725 ILCS 5/102-23 new)

Sec. 102-23. Moderately mentally retarded person" means a person whose intelligence quotient is between 41 and 55 and who does not suffer from significant mental illness to the extent that the person's ability to exercise rational judgment is impaired."; and

on page 24, by replacing line 25 with the following:

"moderately, severely, or profoundly mentally retarded person victim."; and

on page 24, by replacing line 31 with the following:

"the age of 18 years or a moderately, severely, or profoundly mentally"; and

on page 25, by replacing line 5 with the following:

"child victim or the moderately, severely, or profoundly mentally"; and

on page 25, by replacing line 7 with the following:

"or moderately, severely, or profoundly mentally retarded person"; and

on page 25, by replacing lines 9 and 10 with the following:

"or moderately, severely, or profoundly mentally retarded person cannot reasonably communicate or that the child or moderately, severely, or"; and

[May 10, 2001]

on page 25, by replacing line 13 with the following:
 "moderately, severely, or profoundly mentally retarded person to suffer"; and
 on page 25, by replacing line 16 with the following:
 "defendant, and the judge may question the child or moderately, severely,"; and
 on page 25, by replacing lines 21 and 22 with the following:
 "the child or moderately, severely, or profoundly mentally retarded person when the child or moderately, severely, or profoundly mentally retarded"; and
 on page 25, by replacing line 31 with the following:
 "the child or moderately, severely, or profoundly mentally retarded"; and
 on page 25, by replacing line 34 with the following:
 "or guardian of the child or moderately, severely, or profoundly"; and
 on page 26, by replacing line 2 with the following:
 "(e) During the child's or moderately, severely, or profoundly"; and
 on page 26, by replacing line 8 with the following:
 "the persons in the room where the child or moderately, severely, or"; and
 on page 26, by replacing lines 26 and 27 with the following:
 "person who was a moderately, an--institutionalized severely, or profoundly mentally retarded person as defined in this Code and in Section 2-10.1 of the"; and
 on page 27, by replacing line 19 with the following:
 "(2) The child or moderately, institutionalized severely, or"; and
 on page 28, by replacing line 3 with the following:
 "intellectual capabilities of the moderately, institutionalized severely,".

Under the rules, the foregoing Senate Bill No. 401, with House Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary's Desk.

A message from the House by
 Mr. Rossi, Clerk:
 Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 643

A bill for AN ACT concerning criminal identification information.

Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 643

Passed the House, as amended, May 10, 2001.

ANTHONY D. ROSSI, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 643

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 643 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Criminal Identification Act is amended by changing Section 3.1 as follows:

(20 ILCS 2630/3.1) (from Ch. 38, par. 206-3.1)

Sec. 3.1. Conviction records.

[May 10, 2001]

(a) The Department may furnish, pursuant to positive identification, records of convictions to the Department of Professional Regulation for the purpose of meeting registration or licensure requirements under The Private Detective, Private Alarm, and Private Security Act of 1983.

(b) The Department may furnish, pursuant to positive identification, records of convictions to policing bodies of this State for the purpose of assisting local liquor control commissioners in carrying out their duty to refuse to issue licenses to persons specified in paragraphs (4), (5) and (6) of Section 6-2 of The Liquor Control Act of 1934.

(c) The Department shall charge an application fee, based on actual costs, for the dissemination of records pursuant to this Section. Fees received for the dissemination of records pursuant to this Section shall be deposited in the State Police Services Fund. The Department is empowered to establish this fee and to prescribe the form and manner for requesting and furnishing conviction information pursuant to this Section.

(d) Any dissemination of any information obtained pursuant to this Section to any person not specifically authorized hereby to receive or use it for the purpose for which it was disseminated shall constitute a violation of Section 7.
(Source: P.A. 85-1440.)".

Under the rules, the foregoing Senate Bill No. 643, with House Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary's Desk.

A message from the House by

Mr. Rossi, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 750

A bill for AN ACT in relation to public health.

Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 750

Passed the House, as amended, May 10, 2001.

ANTHONY D. ROSSI, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 750

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 750 on page 1, by replacing line 13 with the following:

"food or food product inspected as required by law, or any food preparation from a source approved by the Department of Agriculture, whether raw or"; and

on page 4, after line 13, by inserting the following:

"Section 20. Federal law. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to exempt halal food from any provisions of the federal Humane Methods of Slaughter Act of 1978 that may be applicable."; and

on page 6, line 2, after "registered", by inserting ", with the Director,"; and

on page 6, line 4, after "Food", by inserting "_"; and

on page 6, by deleting line 5.

Under the rules, the foregoing Senate Bill No. 750, with House
[May 10, 2001]

Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary's Desk.

A message from the House by
Mr. Rossi, Clerk:
Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 797

A bill for AN ACT concerning prizes and gifts.

Together with the following amendments which are attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 797
House Amendment No. 2 to SENATE BILL NO. 797

Passed the House, as amended, May 10, 2001.

ANTHONY D. ROSSI, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 797

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 797 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the Prizes and Gifts Act.

Section 5. Legislative intent. The General Assembly finds that deceptive promotional advertising of prizes is a matter vitally affecting the public interest in this State.

Section 10. Definitions. As used in this Act:

"Catalog seller" means an entity (and its subsidiaries) or a person at least 50% of whose annual revenues are derived from the sale of products sold in connection with the distribution of catalogs of at least 24 pages, which contain written descriptions or illustrations and sale prices for each item of merchandise and which are distributed in more than one state with a total annual distribution of at least 250,000.

"Person" means a corporation, partnership, limited liability company, sole proprietorship, or natural person.

"Prize" means a gift, award, or other item or service of value that is offered or awarded to a participant in a real or purported contest, competition, sweepstakes, scheme, plan, or other selection process that involves an element of chance.

"Retail value" of a prize means:

(1) a price at which the sponsor can substantiate that a substantial quantity of the item or service offered as a prize has been sold to the public; or

(2) if the sponsor is unable to satisfy the requirement in subdivision (1), no more than 3 times the amount the sponsor paid for the prize in a bona fide purchase from an unaffiliated seller.

"Sponsor" means a person on whose behalf a promotion is conducted to promote or advertise goods, services, or property of that person. "Sponsor" includes a person who conducts a promotion on behalf of another sponsor.

Section 15. Application of Act. Except as otherwise provided in this Act, this Act applies only to a written promotional offer that is:

(1) made to a person in this State;

(2) used to induce or invite a person to come to this State to claim a prize, attend a sales presentation, meet a promoter,

[May 10, 2001]

sponsor, salesperson, or agent, or conduct any business in this State; or

(3) used to induce or invite a person to contact by any means a promoter, sponsor, salesperson, or agent in this State. Section 20. No payment required.

(a) No sponsor may require a person in this State to pay the sponsor money as a condition of awarding the person a prize, or as a condition of allowing the person to receive, use, compete for, or obtain information about a prize.

(b) A sponsor shall not represent that a person has won or unconditionally will be the winner of a prize or use language that may lead a person to believe he or she has won a prize, unless all of the following conditions are met:

- (1) the person is given the prize without obligation;
- (2) the person is notified at no expense to him or her within 15 days of winning the prize; and
- (3) the representation is not false, deceptive, or misleading.

Section 25. Disclosures required. A written promotional prize offer must contain each of the following in a clear and conspicuous statement at the onset of the offer:

- (1) the true name or names of the sponsor and the address of the sponsor's actual principal place of business;
- (2) the retail value of each prize the person receiving the notice has been selected to receive or may be eligible to receive;
- (3) a disclosure that no purchase is necessary to enter such written promotional offer;
- (4) a disclosure that a purchase will not improve the person's chances of winning with an entry;
- (5) a statement of the person's odds of receiving each prize identified in the notice;
- (6) any requirement that the person pay the actual shipping or handling fees or any other charges to obtain or use a prize, including the nature and amount of the charges;
- (7) if receipt of the prize is subject to a restriction, a description of the restriction;
- (8) any limitations on eligibility; and
- (9) if a sponsor represents that the person is a "finalist", has been "specially selected", is in "first place", or is otherwise among a limited group of persons with an enhanced likelihood of receiving a prize, the written prize notice must contain a statement of the maximum number of persons in the group or purported group with this enhanced likelihood of receiving a prize.

Section 30. Prize award required. A sponsor who represents that a person has been awarded a prize shall, not later than 30 days after making the representation, provide the person with:

- (1) the prize;
- (2) a voucher, certificate, or other document giving the person the prize; or
- (3) the retail value of the prize, as stated in the written prize notice, in the form of cash, a money order, or a certified check.

Section 32. Advertising media exempt. Nothing in this Act creates liability for acts by the publisher, owner, agent, or employee of a newspaper, periodical, radio station, television station, cable television system, or other advertising medium arising out of the publication or dissemination of a solicitation, notice, or promotion governed by this Section unless the publisher, owner agent,

or employee had knowledge that the solicitation, notice, or promotion violated the requirements of this Section, or had a financial interest in the solicitation, notice, or promotion.

Section 35. Exemptions. This Act does not apply to solicitations or representations in connection with:

(1) the sale or purchase of books, recordings, video cassettes, periodicals, and similar goods through a membership group or club that is regulated by the Federal Trade Commission under Code of Federal Regulations, Title 16, part 425.1, concerning the use of negative option plans by sellers in commerce;

(2) the sale or purchase of goods ordered through a contractual plan or arrangement such as a continuity plan, subscription arrangement, or a single sale or purchase series arrangement under which the seller ships goods to a consumer who has consented in advance to receive the goods and after the receipt of the goods is given the opportunity to examine the goods and to receive a full refund of charges for the goods upon return of the goods in an undamaged condition;

(3) sales by a catalog seller;

(4) the State lottery created and regulated under the Illinois Lottery Law;

(5) the sale or purchase of membership camping contracts in accordance with the Illinois Membership Campground Act; or

(6) the sale or purchase of time-shares created and regulated under the Illinois Real Estate Time-Share Act.

Section 40. Violations.

(a) Nothing in this Act may be construed to permit an activity otherwise prohibited by law.

(b) Enforcement by consumer. A consumer who suffers loss by reason of any intentional violation of any provision of this Act may bring a civil action to enforce that provision. A consumer who is successful in such an action shall recover the greater of \$500 or twice the amount of the pecuniary loss, reasonable attorney's fees, and court costs incurred by bringing such action.

(c) Enforcement by Attorney General or State's Attorney. Violation of any of the provisions of this Act is an unlawful practice under the Consumer Fraud and Deceptive Business Practices Act. All remedies, penalties, and authority granted to the Attorney General or State's Attorney by that Act shall be available to him or her for the enforcement of this Act.

Section 90. Severability. If any provision of this Act or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of the Act which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application and to this end the provisions of this Act are severable."

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO SENATE BILL 797

AMENDMENT NO. 2. Amend Senate Bill 797, AS AMENDED, with reference to page and line numbers of House Amendment No. 1 on page 3, line 1, by replacing "use" with "represent that"; and on page 3, line 2, by deleting "language that may lead a person to believe".

Under the rules, the foregoing Senate Bill No. 797, with House Amendments numbered 1 and 2, was referred to the Secretary's Desk.

A message from the House by
Mr. Rossi, Clerk:

[May 10, 2001]

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 950

A bill for AN ACT concerning child support.

Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 950

Passed the House, as amended, May 10, 2001.

ANTHONY D. ROSSI, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 950

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 950 on page 2, lines 13 and 14 by changing "upon becoming law" to "on July 1, 2002".

Under the rules, the foregoing Senate Bill No. 950, with House Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary's Desk.

A message from the House by

Mr. Rossi, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 965

A bill for AN ACT concerning wages.

Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 965

Passed the House, as amended, May 10, 2001.

ANTHONY D. ROSSI, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 965

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 965 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Prevailing Wage Act is amended by changing Section 9 as follows:

(820 ILCS 130/9) (from Ch. 48, par. 39s-9)

Sec. 9. To effectuate the purpose and policy of this Act each public body shall, during the month of June of each calendar year, investigate and ascertain the prevailing rate of wages as defined in this Act and publicly post or keep available for inspection by any interested party in the main office of such public body its determination of such prevailing rate of wage and shall promptly file a certified copy thereof in the office of the Secretary of State at Springfield.

The Department of Labor shall during the month of June of each calendar year, investigate and ascertain the prevailing rate of wages for each county in the State. If a public body does not investigate and ascertain the prevailing rate of wages during the month of June as required by the previous paragraph, then the prevailing rate of wages for that public body shall be the rate as determined by the Department under this paragraph for the county in which such public

[May 10, 2001]

body is located.

Where the Department of Labor ascertains the prevailing rate of wages, it is the duty of the Department of Labor within 30 days after receiving a notice from the public body authorizing the proposed work, to conduct an investigation to ascertain the prevailing rate of wages as defined in this Act and such investigation shall be conducted in the locality in which the work is to be performed. The Department of Labor shall send a certified copy of its findings to the public body authorizing the work and keep a record of its findings available for inspection by any interested party in the office of the Department of Labor at Springfield.

The public body except for the Department of Transportation with respect to highway contracts shall within 30 days after filing with the Secretary of State, or the Department of Labor shall within 30 days after filing with such public body, publish in a newspaper of general circulation within the area that the determination is effective, a notice of its determination and shall promptly mail a copy of its determination to any employer, and to any association of employers and to any person or association of employees who have filed their names and addresses, requesting copies of any determination stating the particular rates and the particular class of workers whose wages will be affected by such rates.

At any time within 15 days after a certified copy of the determination has been published as herein provided, any person affected thereby may object in writing to the determination or such part thereof as they may deem objectionable by filing a written notice with the public body or Department of Labor, whichever has made such determination, stating the specified grounds of the objection. It shall thereafter be the duty of the public body or Department of Labor to set a date for a hearing on the objection after giving written notice to the objectors at least 10 days before the date of the hearing and said notice shall state the time and place of such hearing. Such hearing by a public body shall be held within 20 days after the objection is filed, and shall not be postponed or reset for a later date except upon the consent, in writing, of all the objectors and the public body. If such hearing is not held by the public body within the time herein specified, the Department of Labor may, upon request of the objectors, conduct the hearing on behalf of the public body.

The public body or Department of Labor, whichever has made such determination, is authorized in its discretion to hear each written objection filed separately or consolidate for hearing any one or more written objections filed with them. At such hearing the public body or Department of Labor shall introduce in evidence the investigation it instituted which formed the basis of its determination, and the public body or Department of Labor, or any interested objectors may thereafter introduce such evidence as is material to the issue. Thereafter, the public body or Department of Labor, must rule upon the written objection and make such final determination as it believes the evidence warrants, and promptly file a certified copy of its final determination with such public body and the Secretary of State, and serve a copy by personal service or registered mail on all parties to the proceedings. The final determination by a public body shall be rendered within 10 days after the conclusion of the hearing.

If proceedings to review judicially the final determination of the public body or Department of Labor are not instituted as hereafter provided, such determination shall be final and binding.

The provisions of the Administrative Review Law, and all amendments and modifications thereof, and the rules adopted pursuant thereto, shall apply to and govern all proceedings for the judicial

[May 10, 2001]

review of final administrative decisions of any public body or the Department of Labor hereunder. The term "administrative decision" is defined as in Section 3-101 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

Appeals from all final orders and judgments entered by the court in review of the final administrative decision of the public body or Department of Labor, may be taken by any party to the action.

Any proceeding in any court affecting a determination of the Department of Labor or public body shall have priority in hearing and determination over all other civil proceedings pending in said court, except election contests.

In all reviews or appeals under this Act, it shall be the duty of the Attorney General to represent the Department of Labor, and defend its determination. The Attorney General shall not represent any public body, except the State, in any such review or appeal.

Contractors and subcontractors covered by this Act shall post, at a location on the project site of the public works that is easily accessible to their employees engaged on the project, the prevailing wage rates for each craft or type of worker or mechanic needed to execute the contract or project or work to be performed. A failure to post a prevailing wage rate as required by this Section is a violation of this Act.

(Source: P.A. 83-201.)".

Under the rules, the foregoing Senate Bill No. 965, with House Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary's Desk.

A message from the House by

Mr. Rossi, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 1135

A bill for AN ACT concerning taxes.

Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 1135

Passed the House, as amended, May 10, 2001.

ANTHONY D. ROSSI, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 1135

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 1135 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by adding Section 214 as follows:

(35 ILCS 5/214 new)

Sec. 214. Tax credit for affordable housing donations."

Under the rules, the foregoing Senate Bill No. 1135, with House Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary's Desk.

A message from the House by

Mr. Rossi, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of bills of the following titles, to-wit:

[May 10, 2001]

SENATE BILL NO 31
A bill for AN ACT concerning sanitary districts.
SENATE BILL NO 52
A bill for AN ACT concerning taxation.
SENATE BILL NO 329
A bill for AN ACT concerning education.
SENATE BILL NO 608
A bill for AN ACT in relation to public aid.
SENATE BILL NO 823
A bill for AN ACT in relation to driving under the influence of alcohol and drugs.

Passed the House, May 10, 2001.

ANTHONY D. ROSSI, Clerk of the House

A message from the House by
Mr. Rossi, Clerk:
Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of bills of the following titles, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO 153
A bill for AN ACT to amend the Kaskaskia River Watershed and Basin Act by changing Section 1.
SENATE BILL NO 172
A bill for AN ACT concerning vehicles.
SENATE BILL NO 726
A bill for AN ACT in relation to conservation.
SENATE BILL NO 853
A bill for AN ACT concerning taxes.
SENATE BILL NO 875
A bill for AN ACT concerning Assistant Adjutants General.
SENATE BILL NO 1180
A bill for AN ACT concerning environmental protection.
SENATE BILL NO 1506
A bill for AN ACT concerning sanitary sewers.

Passed the House, May 10, 2001.

ANTHONY D. ROSSI, Clerk of the House

LEGISLATIVE MEASURES FILED

The following floor amendments to the House Bills listed below have been filed with the Secretary, and referred to the Committee on Rules:

Senate Amendment No. 2 to House Bill 215
Senate Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 2058

JOINT ACTION MOTIONS FILED

The following Joint Action Motions to the Senate Bills listed below have been filed with the Secretary and referred to the Committee on Rules:

Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 969
Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 1065
Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 1117

[May 10, 2001]

At the hour of 1:55 o'clock p.m., on motion of Senator DeLeo, the Senate stood adjourned until Friday, May 11, 2001 at 8:30 o'clock a.m.

[May 10, 2001]